

**Part 2: Development Studies Research and Training
Institutions in the Commonwealth**

Section 1: Details of Selected Institutions

Institution	DEVELOPMENT STUDIES CENTRE Development Studies Centre, Australian National University, PO Box 4, Canberra, ACT 2600, Australia Telephone: 49 4699, Cables: NATNUNIV CANBERRA, Telex: SOPAC AA 62694
Objectives	Established in 1975 to provide a focus for the Australian National University in Canberra in relation to development issues and the Third World. It is a Centre of the University, attached to the Research School of Pacific Studies. The Centre has 4 main functions: <u>Research</u>: to conduct and facilitate research in development studies both within the University and outside and to disseminate the results; <u>Communication</u>: to promote the interchange of ideas on development issues by fostering international contacts in the development field through seminars and conferences; <u>Training</u>: to upgrade the skills of mid-career professionals and promising young academics from developing countries; <u>Advisory</u>: to make those requiring advisory services more aware of the special knowledge and skills of the staff in Australian universities, to provide consultancy services to governments and international agencies, and to act as a source of information for those seeking such services from outside the universities.
Description	The Centre has some 12 academic staff backed up by an equal number of administrative and other support staff. It is financially supported by the Australian National University but also receives substantial assistance from outside sources. In particular the Australian Government, through the Australian Development Assistance Bureau, helps to finance conferences and co-sponsors the Masters training programmes, many of whose students are funded by Colombo Plan scholarships. The Centre's work is directed by an Executive Committee which represents a wide range of academic disciplines and draws part of its membership from outside the University. It meets quarterly to consider new policy initiatives under the chairmanship of the ANU Vice-Chancellor. Short and medium term visitors are encouraged and facilities are available for academics or officials working on development problems. Advisory and consultancy work is carried out by a number of staff with specialised knowledge and skills relating to

development problems.

Research	Research interests of the staff tend to concentrate on Asia and the Pacific, but also extend to tropical Africa. Underdevelopment within Australia is also studied, with research into problems of Australian aborigines. Other research areas include: population and development in South east Asia; small-scale rural and commercial credit; agricultural development planning; problems of socio-economic change and development in tribal and peasant societies in Malaysia; demography of tropical Africa especially Ghana; female labour force participation; marriage and nuptiality in Indonesia; economic development of Burma under socialism; agricultural marketing and price policy in developing countries; and migration patterns in Papua New Guinea.
Publications	The publications programme of the Centre is designed to disseminate quickly to a wide audience results of scholarly research on development issues that might not otherwise find a publisher. A bibliography of published works of the ANU staff and students' theses on development is published annually. Additionally the Centre publishes: <u>Monograph series</u> , varying in length between 50,000 to 150,000 words; <u>Occasional Paper series</u> , which run between 5,000 and 25,000 words; <u>Special series</u> from the two teaching programmes. A list of the Centre's publications is available on application. Recent Monograph titles include 'Prestige and Profits: The Development of Entrepreneurial Abilities in Taiwan 1880-1972', and 'The Political Economy of Political Development: A Case Study of Regional Development in the Philippines before Martial Law'.
Teaching and training	The main training programmes are 2 Masters courses, one in Agricultural Economics and the other in Demography (see under course listings in Part One). Both courses attract students from many parts of the world, especially Asia, the Pacific, Africa and the Caribbean. A few outstanding theses are published by the Centre, which also publishes thesis abstracts. Various short term courses are arranged from time to time, often in conjunction with the Australian Development Assistance Bureau.

Institution	BANGLADESH ACADEMY FOR RURAL DEVELOPMENT Bangladesh Academy for Rural Development, Kotbari, Comilla, Bangladesh Telephone: 6102, 6428, 5106, Cables: BARD COMILLA
Objectives	The Academy conducts research, job training, orientation training, observation programmes, seminars, conferences, workshops, guided research field work and special programmes in all aspects of rural development.
Description	Founded in 1959, the Academy comes under the management of the Ministry of Social Welfare. The staff consists of some 40 academics and trainers, as well as 295 research and administrative staff. The library contains 41,000 volumes and has audio-visual services. A separate documentation unit contains some 25,000 additional documents on different aspects of rural development, originating at national and international level. It is a depository library for UN publications, and government documents are also available. The Academy is basically a training institution offering training to a wide range of official and non-official clientele associated with rural development and rural administration. Courses are designed according to the specific job requirements and needs of various agencies and government departments. In keeping with its responsibilities for training staff in all aspects of rural development, the Academy has an annual training capacity of 3000-3500 trainees, normally in 130-150 groups of 30-40 trainees per year. The languages of instruction are English and Bengali, and participation from other Commonwealth countries

is welcomed. Residential accommodation is available for most course participants. Specialist consultancy services are available in the areas of rural development and co-operative management.

- Research** Research is carried out in similar areas to those listed below under teaching and training, wherever this can be fitted into teaching programme commitments. The Academy is interested in collaborative research activities with other institutions whose interests are in rural development.
- Publications** Recent publications include 'A New Rural Co-operative System for Comilla', 'Involvement of the Rural Poor in Development', 'Women's Development Programme', 'Health and Nutrition Survey in a Comilla Village', 'Rural Education and Youth Programme in Comilla' and 'Small Farmers and Landless Labourers Redevelopment Project'.
- Teaching and training** Training is directed towards government officials at all levels from senior administrators to field workers, non-government officials, voluntary leaders, social workers, co-operative workers, public leaders, teachers, students and farmers. Briefing sessions are also conducted for academics, administrators, and planners. The duration of training courses vary by type: pre-service (4-24 weeks), in-service (2-3 weeks), orientation and observation (1-2 weeks). The range of training topics is extensive, and includes planning and development; sociology, social psychology and communication; agricultural extension, irrigation, mechanisation, and fisheries and livestock; rural economics; business management; rural administration, local government and institutions; co-operatives (history and development, principles, general legal and management aspects, accounts and audits, credit); rural education and youth programmes; family planning, health, nutrition and women's programmes; community development and organisation; research and evaluation.

* * * * *

- Institution** BANGLADESH INSTITUTE OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES
- Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies, Adamjee Court, Motijheel Commercial Area, Dacca 2, Bangladesh
Telephone: 256187, Cables: BIDECON
- Objectives** To function as an agency for undertaking and promoting study, research and dissemination of knowledge in the field of development economics, demography and other social sciences related to planning for national development and social welfare; to collect information, conduct investigations and undertake research projects for purposes of assistance, planning, and formulation of policy, and implementation of plans and policies; to provide facilities for training in economics, demography and other social sciences; and to provide information and offer advice on modern research techniques and methodology in economics, demography and other social sciences.
- Description** The Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies was founded in 1957. It has some 60 full-time professional staff, as follows: Chairman, 3 research directors, 3 senior research economists, 2 senior research demographers, 10 research economists, 4 research demographers, 18 staff economists, 9 staff demographers, 4 assistant staff economists, 1 research assistant, 1 statistical assistant, 1 statistical officer/programmer, and 5 visiting scholars. The Institute is managed by the Ministry of Planning. The library has 80,000 volumes including books, journals, documents and a microfilm reader. The Institute is interested in joint research, development of training programme course materials, exchange of staff, and is willing to accept foreign participants on the various training courses.

Research	Research is undertaken in the areas of agriculture, agricultural marketing, industry, food consumption, manpower planning, employment, rural development, demography, saving and national income analysis. There is special emphasis on agricultural research. Recent topics include Rural wages; Aspects of the jute industry in Bangladesh in the context of the world jute economy; Evaluation of deep tubewell irrigation in Bangladesh; and a study of the Bangladesh textile industry.
Publications	The journal <u>Bangladesh Development Studies</u> is published quarterly, as well as various research reports and research monographs.
Teaching and training	Although predominantly a research organisation, the Institute also undertakes the training of officials of various ministries, development agencies, public sector corporations, banks and other government institutions, to improve their capability of formulation, appraisal, implementation and evaluation of various projects and understanding of economic and planning problems. This training takes place through a series of specialist project analysis courses, including Agriculture (8 weeks), Transport (5 weeks) and Industry (8 weeks). Courses on the techniques of demographic analysis and national income and project evaluation have also been conducted.

Institution **CENTRE FOR DEVELOPMENT STUDIES**

Centre for Development Studies, University College of Swansea,
Singleton Park, Swansea SA2 8PP, Wales
Telephone: (0792) 25678, Telex: 48358

Objectives The Centre was established in 1976 to continue and expand the development training that had been undertaken at University College, Swansea since 1952, providing postgraduate training for planners and administrators from countries throughout the world.

Description The Centre consists of a Director and 14 full-time teaching and research staff. It is part of the Faculty of Economic and Social Studies and is particularly concerned with the social aspects of development policy and planning, social service management, and regional planning in less developed countries. The principal source of core funding is the British Overseas Development Administration and the University of Wales, supplemented by commissioned research, teaching and consultancy fees. The College library has 400,000 volumes, 100,000 periodicals and 60,000 pamphlets. There are special facilities for using rare books, micro-cards and micro-films. Computer facilities include an ICL 1904S system and a PDP-11/34. An annual Visiting Fellowship is funded from the Centre's own resources, primarily intended for distinguished academics from overseas on sabbatical leave. Full support facilities are available. Consultancy specialisations include rural development, urbanisation, petty production, deviance and legal process, social planning, management of social services, employment policy, population and health planning, and regional development. The Centre has undertaken assignments for ILO and WHO and encourages consultancy activities of staff members. Overseas assignments have included regional planning in Ecuador, children's services in Jamaica, aid and trade policy, health services in the Philippines and training in social planning for Latin American students.

Research Research interests include rural primary health care services in Ghana, community development, urbanisation, employment policy, housing policy, urban and regional planning, social work administration, small scale production, politics of planning, agricultural marketing, rural settlement policy, appropriate technology, pastoral nomadism, population and health policies, and social services management. Members have worked in Pakistan,

Tunisia, India, Iran, Kenya, Tanzania, Ghana, Nigeria, Senegal, Colombia, Uganda, Bangladesh, Malawi, Ecuador, Lesotho, Mexico, Malaysia, Sri Lanka, and Zambia.

Publications The Centre publishes Occasional Papers and a Monographs Series. Recent titles include 'Meeting the Basic Health Needs of Rural Malawi', 'Regional Planning and the Transition to Socialism', 'Adult Literacy in National Development', 'Rural Poverty in Africa', and 'Development, Imperialism and some Misconceptions'. Exchange agreements for the publications of institutions working in similar fields are welcomed.

Teaching and training The Centre has approximately 20 research students working on M Sc and PhD theses, and admits around 120 students each year to the various development diploma and M Sc courses (see listings in Part One). Additionally the Centre is prepared to offer its teaching experience abroad and has a policy of releasing staff to assist in the design, preparation, implementation and evaluation of higher level training courses in developing countries. The Centre has also developed a large scale planning simulation known as Ruritania, which is designed to illustrate the procedures and problems of drafting a plan document at national or district level.

* * * * *

Institution DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION GROUP

Development Administration Group, Institute of Local Government Studies, University of Birmingham, PO Box 363, Birmingham B15 2TT, England
Telephone: (021) 472 1301, Cables: INLOGOV,
Telex: SPACEPHYS BIRMINGHAM 338938

Objectives The Development Administration Group forms part of the Institute of Local Government Studies at the University of Birmingham. It is primarily concerned with the management of rural and urban development and of systems of local administration in Third World countries. Its principal objective is to help promote the executive capacities of public agencies responsible for selecting and implementing development policies and programmes at local and regional level. A major activity of the Group in achieving this objective is the provision of a comprehensive range of consultancy services to governments and international agencies, and research assistance and teaching support to academic institutions.

Description The Group was set up in recognition of the growing need for training in administration and management and the search for means to meet the growing complexity of government and development work. It is an interdisciplinary group with specialisations in various branches of development administration, local government, management, finance and personnel, and also in the economics and sociology of development. The Group consists of a Director, 17 Fellows and lecturers, and 3 administrative and support staff. The Group has conducted a wide range of consultancy assignments in countries such as Bangladesh, Botswana, Kenya, Malaysia, Sierra Leone, Sudan and Zambia, in areas like urban low income housing, rural water supplies, health administration, local government, and public enterprises. There is access to a library of some 60,000 items relating to planning, housing, recreation and leisure, employment, local government, management studies, overseas administration and development studies. The Group is largely financed by fee income from its various courses, the major sponsor being the British Overseas Development Administration. Other sponsors have included the Commonwealth Secretariat, the World Bank, UNDP and OECD.

Research	The Group has two main inter-related concerns: the management of development programmes of a local rather than national character, and the operation of local administrative systems. Current research interests include comparative local government, area programme planning, monitoring and evaluation, management of squatter upgrading schemes, comparative regional finance, centre-local government financial relationships, programme performance budgetting, local employment and small business promotion, popular participation in decision making, delivery of urban and rural services, and water supply management and tariff development.
Publications	The Group publishes <u>Occasional Papers</u> and <u>Reports</u> and recent publications include 'Small Scale Industry Promotion in Khartoum', 'A Strategy to Achieve the Objectives of Primary Health Care in Lesotho', and 'The Brazilian National Housing Bank - Establishment and Adaptation'.
Teaching and training	The Group is involved in 3 taught graduate programmes: a diploma and Masters degree in Development Administration, and a diploma in Development Finance (see listings in Part One). These taught courses, and the Group's research interests and in-country teaching and training activities in developing countries which are designed to relate closely to the main teaching programme, are focused on the study of the processes and institutions which promote corporate formulation and implementation of policy within and between public agencies. Individual Study Fellowships are arranged on the basis of individual need and request for 2 types of people: senior administrators with a highly specialised interest in a relevant field of activity, and senior staff of universities, institutes and other training bodies. Programmes can include a combination of individual reading research, participation in seminars, attachments to public authorities in Britain and personal discussion with staff members.

* * * * *

Institution	INSTITUTE OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES Institute of Development Studies, University of Sussex, Falmer, Brighton BN1 9RE, Sussex, England Telephone: (0273) 606261, Cables: DEVELOPMENT BRIGHTON, Telex: 877159 RR HOVE IDS
Objectives	The Institute was established in 1966, to be a national centre concerned with Third World development and with the relationships between rich and poor countries. The aim of IDS teaching and research is to identify and study development problems, particularly those relating to poverty, employment and income distribution within Third World countries and to the unequal relationships, economic, political and cultural, between the Third World and the rest of the world economy. IDS aims to communicate the results of its work in ways that have an impact on policy making.
Description	The Institute staff comprise a Director, 22 Fellows, 12 Research Fellows, 4 Research Officers, and 69 administrative, library and secretarial staff. Financial support derives mainly from the British Overseas Development Administration, and partly from commissioned research, course fees and research grants from various funding bodies. The IDS library is a national centre of documentation on Third World development and is an official depository for UN publications. The collection exceeds 100,000 non-serial titles and can be used by scholars by arrangement. There is a programme for Visiting Fellows and Visitors aimed at scholars from overseas and the UK working in the Institute's priority areas. Accommodation is available in one of the Institute's 26 study bedrooms. Computer, video, microfiche and other visual aid facilities are also available.
Research	The IDS emphasis on problem-orientation gives an interdisciplinary character to its research, which is organised into 4 problem area groups: human resources, international relations, planning and government, and

rural development. Additionally 4 priority areas have been identified for future work: the international recession and the emerging world economy of the 1980s; Britain/EEC and the Third World - interactions and policy; the crisis of development policy - national strategies in the new context; rural development and poverty - mechanisms, institutions and policy. Specific projects have included work in the following areas: African pay structures in a transnational context; the impact of seasonality and techniques of rapid rural appraisal; irrigation and rural technologies; a 7-country study of national decision-making for primary health care; North-South issues and British policy; manpower and employment planning in Papua New Guinea; basic needs mission to Zambia; a study of exports of manufactures by transnational corporations from India; work on primary health care in Mozambique and national health policy in Zimbabwe; and the role of women in development.

- Publications** Apart from books, Research Reports and Technical Assistance Reports, IDS also publishes a quarterly Bulletin (recent issues have covered Southern Africa, and Dependency), an occasional Digest series (Technology and Education have been the focus of 2 recent editions), and a biennial Research Register, listing current research on development being carried out in the UK. Much of the Institute's output is published through Discussion Papers and a Reprints series covers earlier out of print titles.
- Teaching and training** In collaboration with the Graduate School in Arts and Social Studies of the University of Sussex, IDS forms one of the largest centres for graduate studies in development in Europe. The 2-year interdisciplinary M Phil (Development Studies) course has an annual intake of around 22 students, mostly from the Third World (see listing in Part One). Additionally, some 100 doctoral students are registered in various of the University's Graduate Divisions, carrying out development research supervised by IDS members. The Institute also has a series of 4 to 6 week Study Seminars aimed at senior administrators, researchers and teachers from developing countries, and interested participants from developed countries working on development problems.

* * * * *

- Institution** OVERSEAS DEVELOPMENT GROUP
- Overseas Development Group, School of Development Studies,
University of East Anglia, Norwich NR4 7TJ, England
Telephone: (0603) 56161, Cables: UEANOR NORWICH, Telex: 97154
- Objectives** The foundation of the Overseas Development Group in 1967 was the first formal step in the establishment of the University's special interests in the problems of developing countries. These interests have been extended by the formation of the School of Development Studies, which was established in 1973 and is staffed by members of the Group. The main purposes of the Group are to integrate teaching and research with participation in development work overseas and to facilitate the application of different disciplines in the study of development problems.
- Description** Members of the Group spend about two-thirds of their time in teaching and research at the University and one-third in outside assignments, normally overseas, which they undertake as part of their career responsibilities. The School is financed through the University, and ODG obtains additional revenue from commissioned research and consultancy fees. All teaching staff in the School are also members of ODG, and the School consists of 1 Dean, 2 Professors, 1 Reader, 6 Senior Lecturers and 20 lecturers. Applications for Visiting Fellowships for any period are welcomed. Some financial assistance may be available, as well as an office and the use of other School and University facilities.

On-campus accommodation is not generally available for visitors. The University library contains over 400,000 volumes and subscribes to 2400 periodicals. A wide range of UN reports and documents is maintained. There is access to 2 ICL 1903T computers and 2 Digico Micro 16 computers. ODG members undertake extensive consultancy assignments, including advice, planning and programming, training, and technical assistance for governments, international agencies and other development organisations.

- Research** Recently completed work includes regional plans in Malaysia, Saudi Arabia, and Tanzania, a study of patterns of poverty in developing countries of Africa and Asia, and research on effects of highway development in Nepal. Research has been conducted in over 30 countries, including Botswana, the Caribbean, India, Kenya, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Peru, Papua New Guinea, Sri Lanka, Tanzania and Zambia. Other research interests are focused on processes of change in developing societies: economic and social development; policies, planning and implementation; interactions between man and the physical environment; rural development; natural resource use; and population and manpower.
- Publications** There are 5 series of publications: Discussion Papers, preliminary writings on topics which might be treated more definitively at a later date; Reprints, papers published by members elsewhere; Monographs, research results and in-depth studies; Occasional Papers, somewhat longer than Discussion Papers; and Manuals and Reports, training and teaching manuals, reports for international institutions. Recent publications have included 'Crisis: the Third World Today', 'Nepal in Crisis: Growth and Stagnation at the Periphery', 'Economics for Eastern Africa', 'Readings in Development Economics and Policy', and 'Dependent Industrialisation in Latin America'.
- Teaching and training** The School offers a BA Honours Degree in Development Studies, a Graduate Diploma in Economics, an MA in Development Economics and an MA in Rural Development (see listings in Part One). Research degrees leading to M Phil and PhD may also be taken. There is an annual intake of around 90 undergraduate and 50 postgraduate students.

* * * * *

- Institution** **OVERSEAS DEVELOPMENT INSTITUTE**
- Overseas Development Institute, 10-11 Percy Street,
London W1P 0JB, England
Telephone: (01) 580 7683, Cables: PICODI LONDON W1
- Objectives** The functions of the Institute are: to provide a centre for research in development issues and problems, and to conduct studies of its own; to be a forum for the exchange of views and information among those, in Britain and abroad, who are directly concerned with overseas development in business, in government, and in other organisations; and to keep the gravity of development issues and problems before the public and the responsible authorities.
- Description** The Institute was set up in 1960 as an independent, non-government body aiming to promote wise action in the field of overseas development. It is financed by official grants and private donations from British and international sources. Its policies are determined by its Council. The staff comprises a Director, 12 Research Staff, 3 Research Associates, 2 Overseas Research Fellows, and 13 administrative and support staff. The library contains 12,000 books and pamphlets dealing with all aspects of development. 200 periodicals are received regularly, and from these is compiled a Periodicals Reference Bulletin every other month, listing articles relevant to aid and development. The Institute administers a Fellowship Scheme and an Overseas Research Fellowship Scheme funded by the UK Overseas Development Administration. Within the Institute there is an Agricultural Administration Unit, which is primarily concerned

with work on the organisation and management of small farmers and pastoral programmes in developing countries.

Research	The Institute's research is focused in 5 broad areas. First, Agricultural Administration, consisting of policy-oriented research, the provision of specialist advice, and the regular dissemination of information. Recent work has included irrigation management in Egypt, India, Indonesia and the Philippines; assistance with the preparation of the Benue State Agricultural Development Plan; a 7-country study of agricultural delivery systems in Asia; a study of co-operation in rural communities; a review of livestock sector projects in sub-Saharan Africa; and government marketing and food policies in India. In the second field of International Economic Relations, work has involved an analysis of EEC policies and actions which have an impact on the Third World; an assessment of EEC trade, aid and Stabex policies; work on Rich Country Interests in Third World Development; and a project on the reform of the international economic system. The third area, Aid, includes an analysis of British aid policy, a project on aid to the Cameroons and a publication on Food Aid and the Developing World. Trade and Adjustment is the fourth research area, focusing on trade between developed and developing countries and issues of liberalisation and restriction. The final area of research is Economic Management, with a major study examining the extent, causes and consequences of disequilibria in developing countries and the role of domestic and IMF stabilisation policies.
Publications	The Institute publishes a twice-yearly journal, <u>ODI Review</u> , and a series of <u>Briefing Papers</u> providing analysis and background material on current development problems and events. Recent issues of the latter have covered Lomé II, the Brandt Commission, OPEC Aid, and the IMF and the Third World.
Teaching and training	Although ODI staff occasionally undertake short-term teaching assignments in Universities, the Institute does not enrol any students and has no formal teaching programme.

* * * * *

Institution	PROJECT PLANNING CENTRE FOR DEVELOPING COUNTRIES Project Planning Centre, University of Bradford, West Yorkshire BD7 1DP, England Telephone: (0274) 33466, Telex: 51309 UNIBFD G
Objectives	The Centre was established in 1969 with the aim of focusing attention on project planning and evaluation methods, particularly in developing countries. The Centre seeks to improve planning and appraisal procedures by teaching, research and participation in projects overseas.
Description	The Centre is part of the Postgraduate School of Studies in Planning and is funded through the University. It is staffed by a Director, 20 research and teaching staff and 10 support staff. Past projects have been financed by the British Overseas Development Administration, the Ford Foundation, OECD, FAO, and the World Bank. The Centre is heavily involved in short course and other teaching, and there is also a pool of experienced staff for overseas assignments. Staff are allowed up to 2 months per year for consultancy work, and such assignments usually involve conducting training courses overseas, advising on planning procedures, assisting with the development of training institutions and their programmes, and evaluating and monitoring procedures and projects in a wide variety of contexts. Topics have included advice on health planning, evaluation study of grain storage projects, international development financing advice, and appraisal and monitoring of waste water projects in various countries. The library has some 8000 volumes with access to the University's library and computer facilities.

Research	The research programme reflects the interests of staff members and post-graduate students and covers a variety of development subjects. A study of the revised UNIDO method for the economic and social analysis of projects has been completed for Pakistan. There are 2 externally sponsored research programmes: one on the development and publication of teaching materials useful for project planning and analysis, and the other on the relative economic efficiency of road and rail transport under different conditions in developing countries.
Publications	The Centre publishes a <u>Newsletter</u> and <u>Occasional Papers</u> , copies of which are available from the Centre's librarian.
Teaching and training	In addition to an M Sc degree in National Development and Project Planning, the Centre runs a wide range of annual Project Planning courses. 6 3-month courses are held each year on different aspects of planning, including rural development, development banking, tourism, infrastructure projects, agro-industrial projects, and education and training projects (see listings in Part One). The Centre also conducts ad hoc courses of 1-12 weeks duration at the request of a government or other institution. Collaborative programmes of this kind have been held with training institutions in Pakistan, Nigeria, Jamaica, Tanzania, the Gambia, Nepal and Indonesia.

Institution	CENTRE FOR DEVELOPING-AREA STUDIES Centre for Developing-Area Studies, McGill University, 815 Sherbrooke Street West, Montréal H3A 2K6, Canada Telephone: (514) 392 5321
Objectives	The primary goal of the Centre is to promote research on the structures and processes of development in Third World countries. By means of seminars and publications the Centre serves as a forum for interdisciplinary discussion and research not only in Canada but throughout the world.
Description	The Centre was established in 1963, and consists of 15 Research Fellows, 3 Research Associates, 3 full-time administrative and clerical staff, and a Director, the latter being a joint appointment with one of the McGill University departments. The Director develops activities and programmes in consultation with an Executive Committee which meets once a month. Long-range planning and general suggestions are provided by a broadly representative Advisory Council composed of interested McGill professors. Core funding comes from the Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, and specific research project funds are sought from organisations such as the Canadian International Development Agency and the Canadian Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council. Although the Centre does not have sufficient funds to provide visiting fellowships, applications are welcomed from overseas academics working on development topics who wish to avail themselves of office space and other facilities. There is a full programme of organised and ad hoc seminars on various aspects of development. The Centre has a Documentation Centre containing bibliographical material, newsletters, journals, serial publications and books.
Research	Themes for research are promoted by means of seminars, often by visiting scholars, and projects are interdisciplinary, generally bringing together scholars from other Canadian universities. The focus of recent projects has included energy monopolies in Quebec, Brazil and Portugal, a series of seminars on labour and labour history, a seminar series on Brazil, and a study dealing with the impact of development on the Amazon.
Publications	The Centre publishes a series of <u>Working Papers</u> , an <u>Occasional Monograph</u> series, a series of books published by Wilfrid Laurier University Press on <u>Development Perspectives</u> , and a regular journal entitled <u>Labour, Capital</u>

and Society. Examples of recent Working Papers are 'Dependence and Health in Latin America' and 'Dependency Theory and the Capitalist/Socialist Process'

Teaching and training Whilst encouraging teaching and general interest in development issues, the Centre does not award degrees or admit students, who are enrolled in departments of the various faculties at McGill University.

* * * * *

Institution INSTITUTE FOR INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATION

Institute for International Co-operation, University of Ottawa,
Ottawa, Ontario K1N 6N5, Ontario, Canada
Telephone: (613) 231 5457

Objectives The aim of the Institute is to undertake training and study programmes, programmes of co-operation, research, publications and documentation in the field of development and international co-operation.

Description Established in 1968 on an academic and administrative unit attached to the office of the Vice-Rector (Academic) of the University of Ottawa, the Institute has a Director, 8 full-time and 7 part-time staff. Core financial support comes from the University, with research project funding made available through the International Development Research Centre (Canada), the Canadian International Development Agency, and the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council of Canada. Professors from various departments of the University participate in the Institute's activities through the International Development Studies Group. Visiting research fellowships can be arranged and support facilities are available, including accommodation. There is a Documentation Service which provides access to publications of the United Nations and its specialised agencies, as well as those of the European Economic Community and the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. There is also a collection in economics and administration of around 36,000 books. The Institute has connections through terminals to various computers, including an IBM 360, IBM 370 and a Mini PDP 11.

Research The Institute's Research Division has the function of initiating and stimulating work in the fields of applied and fundamental research, and also of supporting and reinforcing the teaching programme and other activities. Research projects are centred on specific themes related to Africa and Latin America which favour comparative analysis. These tend to be in 4 main areas: integrated rural development, development administration, regional planning, and economic analysis. The Institute is keen to collaborate in joint research with multi-disciplinary teams from the natural and social sciences, and staff exchanges, particularly in the areas mentioned above and also education, urban planning, public policies, and science and technology.

Publications A Newsletter is published each month, and a series of Working Papers is issued regularly. The Research Division also publishes a large number of conference proceedings, selected bibliographies, working papers and teaching materials. In addition to publishing the results of its research an Annual Bulletin contains a report of the Institute's activities.

Teaching and training The Institute offers a graduate programme of studies in International Development, which is an interdisciplinary, bilingual programme with a two-fold goal: to provide people who have administrative responsibilities with the opportunity of devoting a year to an in-depth study of a major problem in development, and to give students wishing to work in this field the opportunity of acquiring essential knowledge for more specialised higher studies. The programme combines a theoretical analysis of development problems with a practical approach to the day-to-day problems faced by those administering bilateral and multilateral assistance programmes.

(See appropriate listing in Part One). The Institute also organises for senior public servants from developing countries an annual seminar in public management which deals each year with a specific topic.

* * * * *

Institution **NORTH-SOUTH INSTITUTE**

North-South Institute,
185 Rideau Street, Ottawa K1N 5X8, Ontario, Canada
Telephone: (613) 235 4352

Objectives To promote and encourage, among Canadians and others, a greater understanding of the problems and opportunities in the field of world development, and in pursuit of this object: to conduct policy-relevant research of high quality on important issues in the field of world development, and to monitor Canadian programmes and performance, both public and private, in the field of international co-operation; to stimulate other institutions and individuals in Canada to conduct collaborative research in such problems, and to provide a non-government centre through which groups and individuals can exchange views and information on world development issues; to offer an independent voice, on the basis of the above research, drawing attention to important current and expected issues, and giving specific advice to policy makers on a regular basis; and to take other necessary steps to keep the urgent importance of world development issues before the Canadian public and policy makers.

Description The Institute was established in 1976 as a non-profit corporation to carry out professional, policy-relevant research on North-South issues of relations between industrialised and developing countries. It concentrates research particularly on Canada's record in the full range of relationships - trade, investment, technology, aid, migration, and political and cultural connections - with developing countries. The results of this research are made available through publications and seminars to policy makers, interested groups and the general public to help generate greater understanding and informed discussion of development questions. The Institute is independent and non-partisan, and co-operates with a wide range of Canadian groups working in related activities, as well as with multilateral organisations and overseas groups. Financial support has been received from the Canadian International Development Agency and the International Development Research Centre.

Research An important part of the Institute's core research programme has been the regular monitoring and reporting on Canada's official and unofficial performance in different aspects of relations with developing countries. Recent major research projects have included work on imports of manufactured goods from the Third World, and Canada's trade and industrial policies.

Publications The Institute has two main series of publications. The first, Canada North-South, consists of reports monitoring Canada's performance in Third World affairs. The second, North-South Papers, is designed to stimulate discussion on important policy issues. Apart from these 2 series, the Institute also publishes separate volumes reporting on its major research projects. Further details are available in the annual Publications List.

Teaching and training Although the Institute organises and participates in development-related national and international seminars and conferences, it has no formal teaching or training programme.

Institution	CENTRE FOR DEVELOPMENT STUDIES Centre for Development Studies, University of Cape Coast. University Post Office Box 01, Cape Coast, Ghana Telephone: 2440-9, Cables: UNIVERSITY CAPE COAST
Objectives	The Centre was founded in 1967 to act as a focal point for development studies teaching, research and consultancy in Ghana.
Description	It is divided into 5 main sections: Agricultural Development, Regional Development, Rural Development, Alternative Technologies, and Socio-economic Aspects of Educational Development. The full-time professional staff consists of a Director, a consultant, and 21 research associates and fellows. Staff from the Centre service some of the courses at the University's School of Agriculture and in the Faculty of Education. The library contains some 500 reference volumes, with access to the University's library of 115,000 volumes; there is also a microfilm/fiche reader and printer. The Centre provides official consultancy services to government ministries and foreign agencies where requests fall within the Centre's research focus. These have included the evaluation of an extension programme in the Somanya and Bolgatanga districts of Ghana for the Ghana Ministry of Agriculture, and base-line survey work for a rural integrated development programme sponsored by the government and WHO. The Centre is willing to undertake joint research in its stated fields, particularly in rural development and alternative technologies studies.
Research	Research work has mainly been centred on the following issues: regional development, alternative technology studies, rural development, socio-economic aspects of educational development, and agricultural development, including crop studies and policy evaluation studies.
Teaching and training	Staff teach farm management, agricultural marketing, and economic development in the Faculty of Agriculture, and research methodology in the Faculty of Education. Also when it is possible to fit additional teaching into the research programme, staff give courses in their particular field of specialisation, including agricultural economics, economic development and research methodology in the social sciences. Periodically the Centre runs short-term (2-3 weeks) courses for district councillors.
Institution	INSTITUTE OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES Institute of Development Studies, University of Guyana, PO Box 841, Georgetown, Guyana Telephone: 69201-9, Cables: UNIGUY
Description	The Institute was established in 1975 as part of the Faculty of Social Sciences. Its research is multidisciplinary and the Institute is integrated into the activities of the Social Sciences Faculty. It also works in co-operation and consultation with relevant Departments of the other University Faculties. Fundamental research is the main activity, although it is also prepared to provide teaching, advisory, or technical services to the University and the wider community. The Faculty's professional staff, including those of the Institute include a Dean, 26 full-time and 6 part-time teaching and research staff. The University library has 120,000 items of book and non-book material, and a collection of over 4000 periodical titles. The library is a partial depository for UN publications and has an important Caribbean research collection.
Research	Two major recent research activities are a Caribbean Technology Policy Studies Project, and a Caribbean Public Enterprises Project, both under-

taken in collaboration with the University of the West Indies' Institute of Social and Economic Research. The technology project involves researchers from the social and physical sciences at the Turkeyen (Guyana), St Augustine (Trinidad), Cave Hill (Barbados) and Mona (Jamaica) campuses. The results of this research project are expected to have an important impact on the formulation of a technology policy for the Caribbean Economic Community. The public enterprise project is organised along the lines of the technology research and is looking at ways in which government intervention can improve the role of public enterprises as an important medium for efficient and egalitarian development. The Institute also sponsors research in a number of other key areas, including economics and dependence, international trade and underdevelopment, distribution of income and levels of living, rural development, bauxite and alumina, colonial political economy, monetary studies, co-operatives, and worker participation and control.

Teaching and training Institute staff participate in the Faculty teaching programme, which offers a Bachelor of Social Science degree, Diplomas in Accounting, Public Administration, Social Work and Public Communication, and a Master of Social Science in Economics Programme, which includes courses on Development Economics, Labour Economics, Public Policy and Planning Techniques, Industrial Economics, and Quantitative Methods.

Institution GOKHALE INSTITUTE OF POLITICS AND ECONOMICS

Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economics,
Pune 4, India 411004
Telephone: 54287, Cables: GOKHALINST

Objectives The Institute was originally established to undertake study of and research into the various economic and political problems of India. The major focus of study in recent years has been in the area of economics with a significant orientation towards empirical research. The Institute is also concerned with the training of workers for study and research. As such the Institution functions more or less as the Department of Economics of the University of Poona and runs postgraduate and some undergraduate programmes in economics, mathematics and statistics.

Description The Institute was founded in 1930 and since 1949 has operated as a constituent institution of the University of Poona. Research staff consists of 7 Professors, 11 Readers, 13 lecturers and some 10 research assistants and associates. The Institute is financed mainly by the University Grants Commission, the Government of Maharashtra, the Union Ministries of Food and Agriculture, and Health, and the Planning Commission. Long term project funding comes from these institutions as well as from the Indian Council of Social Science Research and the Reserve Bank of India. The library holds some 200,000 volumes and receives more than 600 periodicals. Most of its material is on economics. Computer facilities are available in the form of a DCM micro-processor on the Institute's own premises and access to the University's ICL 1904/S system. The Institute is recognised as a Centre for data processing. Consultancy work is accepted from government, semi-government and non-profit making organisations only. Hostel and residential accommodation is available for some students and staff members

Research The research work of the Institute fits broadly into the following heads: Agricultural Economics, Regional Development, Urban Studies, Sociology, Industrial Labour, Industrial Studies, Studies into the Structure of Indian Industry, Demography, Education, All-India Surveys, Economic Policy and Planning, Monetary Economics, Finance and Foreign Trade, Economic History and the Study of East European Economies. Work in some of these subjects is carried out by research centres which operate within the

Institute. Some of the work is on long term projects involving substantial survey and bibliographical work such as the National Sample Survey, and an index of Agrarian Legislation in India. Recent and current research projects are numerous and include studies of Terms of Trade in Agriculture, Management of Irrigation Water, Fertility Determinants, Cost of Capital to Indian Industries, Centre-State Financial Relations and Growth Cycles in the Indian Economy.

Publications The main publication of the Institute is the quarterly *Artha Viynana*. Amongst recent works published are 'Economic Benefits of Rural Electrification in Maharashtra: A Study of Electrification of Villages in Four Districts' by Ashok K Mitra and S W Muranjan, 'An Annotated Bibliography on the Economic History of India: (1500 to 1947) Vol IV-B', and 'Problems of Indian Minorities' by A J Dastar (Kale Memorial Lectures).

Teaching and training The Institute is seeking autonomous college status, although at the moment it functions as part of the University of Poona. The Institute teaches MA classes in Economics, Mathematics and Statistics, runs a 1-year M Phil programme in the same subject area, and supervises a number of PhD scholars.

* * * * *

Institution INSTITUTE OF ECONOMIC GROWTH

Institute of Economic Growth, University of Delhi,
University Enclave, Delhi 7, India 110007

Objectives The purpose of the Institute is to bring the resources of social science to bear upon the solution of problems connected with social and economic development in South and Southeast Asia.

Description The Institute was set up in 1967, initially as a specialist library and documentation centre. Staff of the Institute teach on various courses offered by the University of Delhi, as well as pursuing their own research interests. Amongst other activities the Institute organises a series of biennial regional training courses in the sociology of development.

Research The work of the Institute is divided between different Centres and Sections. These include the Asian Studies Centre, the Demographic Research Centre, the Investment Planning and Project Evaluation Section, the Planning and Development Section and the Agricultural Economics Section. Each of these regularly publishes titles in a series of studies.

Publications The Institute publishes an annual *Asian Social Science Bibliography* and *Occasional Papers*. There are regular publications in, for instance, *Studies in Asian Social Development* and *Contributions to Indian Sociology*. Recent titles have included 'Reflections on Economic Development and Social Change: Essays in Honour of V K R V Rao', edited by C H Hamunantha Rao and P C Joshi, and 'Institutional Credit, Uncertainty and the Adoption of HYV Technology' by K Subbarao.

* * * * *

Institution JAWAHARLAL NEHRU UNIVERSITY

Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Mehrauli Road,
New Delhi, India 110057
Cables: JAYENU

Objectives	The University is divided into separate schools of interdisciplinary research and training. Degree courses are described in Part One. The schools concerned most directly with development studies are the School of International Studies and the School of Social Sciences. The University aims to provide an interdisciplinary basis for research and training and has identified and is concentrating upon some major academic programmes which are also of relevance to national progress and development.
Description	The University was established in 1966. The School of International Studies is comprised of 7 Centres of Study each concerned with different geographical areas or aspects of international relations. The centres vary in the number of research staff. The School of Social Sciences is divided into 8 centres including Centres of Economic Studies and Planning, Political Studies, Regional Development and Science Policy. The University library holds some 250,000 titles and receives some 5000 periodicals. Holdings in International Affairs are particularly extensive. A limited number of research fellowships and scholarships are available.
Research	There is a wide range of research interests as reflected by the large number of research staff in each of the centres. Research interests in the Centre for Economic Studies and Planning, for instance, include world trade and finance relationships, contemporary Indian economic institutions and problems and problems of planning in socialist and mixed economies. Interests in the Centre of Studies in Science Policy, include problems of development and utilisation of technology, assessment of technology and the sociology of scientists and scientific institutions. The Centre for Development Studies at Trivandrum is a part of the University.
Teaching and training	Some of the MA and M Phil programmes run by the University are described in Part One. A large number of Ph D programmes are also available.

* * * * *

Institution	MADRAS INSTITUTE OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES Madras Institute of Development Studies, 79 Second Main Road, Ghandi Nagar, Adyar, Madras, India 600020 Telephone: 412589, Cables: INSDEV
Objectives	The objective of the Institute is to undertake studies and research relevant to development problems. Emphasis is given to the agro-rural situation in Tamil Nadu and the problems of economically and socially backward sections of the population throughout the country. The Institute conducts seminars and conferences on development problems and programmes in the State, fosters inter-university co-operation and interdisciplinary research and brings out relevant publications.
Description	The Institute was founded in 1971 and reconstituted as a National Institute in 1977. Since then expansion has been rapid. Excluding visitors and research students there are 8 full-time members of the academic staff supported by 13 administrative and library staff. Visitors play an important role in the operation and work of the Institute. The library specialises in material relevant to the development of Tamil Nadu. The Institute is jointly financed by the State government and the Indian Council of Social Science Research.
Research.	On-going research projects include involvement of the Institute in a national study of the Dynamics of Rural Transformation co-ordinated by C T Kurien, and the development of an Area Studies Bibliography sponsored by the Indian Social Science Documentation Centre. The Institute is also conducting a regular evaluation of the National Adult Education Programme and monitors research in Southern India for its annual Census of Social Science Research. Other studies in the Institute concern Patterns of Internal Marketing in Tamil Nadu (as part of a wider study of Rural Change,

Migration and Urbanisation), Women's Employment in Tamil Nadu, the Food Economy of Tamil Nadu, and studies of selected sectors of the Tamil Nadu economy.

Publications The main publication is the monthly MIDS Bulletin. Research findings are regularly published in Working papers and the Institute's Data and Digest Series. Recent non-serial publications include 'Paddy and Rice Marketing in Northern Tamil Nadu' by B Harris, 'Educational Profile of Jobs in Tamil Nadu' by V J Ravishankar and K A Zachariah and 'Economics of Sugarcane Cultivation in Tamil Nadu' by M Srinivasan.

Teaching and training A small number of M Phil and PhD students undertake their research at the Institute and participate in seminar and research programmes.

* * * * *

Institution NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

National Institute of Rural Development,
Rajendranagar, Hyderabad, India, 500030
Telephone: 48001, Cables: GRAVIK HYDERABAD

Objectives The Institute was founded in 1958 and previously known as the National Institute of Community Development. It aims to undertake and assist in the organisation of training and study courses, conferences, seminars and lectures; to aid, promote and co-ordinate research projects; to analyse and propose solutions for specific problems encountered in the planning and implementation of rural development programmes; to prepare, print and publish papers, periodicals and books; and to collaborate with other institutions in India and abroad with similar interests and objectives.

Description The Institute conducts a wide range of training and research activities in rural development. There is a Director-General and around 50 research and support staff, and departments of agricultural extension, communication, cultural anthropology, economics, integrated rural development, political science and public administration, psychology, sociology, training, cartography, documentation, information and publication, and statistics. The library contains some 27,000 volumes, 370 periodicals, 2000 government documents, and a good collection on rural government in India. A microfiche reader and microfilm printer are available, as are accommodation facilities for non-nationals.

Research The research programmes of the Institute aim at identifying problem areas in rural development and evaluating development efforts and their impact. This facilitates a vital input in the training programmes. Research also provides guidelines to policy-makers and administrators for improving existing programmes and formulating new ones. Programmes have included development administration and management, Panchayati Raj, extension and communication, research methodology, training, agricultural economics and land reforms, regional planning and integrated rural development, cultural anthropology and tribal development, and health, population and family welfare. Consultancy assignments are undertaken for central and state governments, as well as national and international organisations. Work has included an agro-economic survey of Nagarjunasagar and Pochampad for the the World Bank; adult education in relation to agricultural development for UNESCO; development of small farmers for FAO; and policy choices for the small farmer for ODI and Reading University.

Publications The Institute publishes biannually Behavioural Sciences and Community Development, and Community Development and Panchayati Raj quarterly.

Teaching and training Training programmes are tailored to meet the needs of people's representatives, senior officials and academics involved in formulating, implementing and analysing rural development programmes. Seminars, workshops and

conferences are held on issues of topical importance. Courses and seminars cover such issues as rural social work, communication for rural development, land records, rural credit, training methods, village adoption schemes, agrarian structure and productivity, environmental management, project implementation, monitoring and evaluation, applied nutrition programmes, land systems and measures of reform, management of rural development, agricultural extension, agricultural development administration, population education, integrated rural development, and human resource development in rural areas.

Institution	UNITED NATIONS ASIAN AND PACIFIC DEVELOPMENT CENTRE Asian and Pacific Development Centre, Pesiaran Duta, PO Box 2224, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia Telephone: 03-948088, Cables: APDEGEN
Objectives	The Centre was established in order to provide a practical response to the development problems faced by countries in the region and to assist them, through the study and analysis of development options, in formulating appropriate development strategies, policies and programmes. An important aim is to help member countries enhance the innovative quality of their development planning within both governmental and non-governmental organisations. The emphasis is on social dimensions of development and on providing a regional focus for material studies of development issues.
Description	The Centre was founded in 1980 under the aegis of the United Nations' Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific. The Centre emerged through the restructuring and integration of 4 previous regional centres for research and training: The Asian and Pacific Development Institute, The Asian and Pacific Development Administration Centre, The Social Welfare and Development Centre for Asia and the Pacific, and the Asian and Pacific Centre for Women and Development. The newly-created Centre offers advisory services to governments and development institutions, identifies needs for technical and economic co-operation between countries in the region, and provides assistance in the field of development planning and management.
Research	The APDC organises research studies at regional and national level in the areas of energy planning and management, food security, mobilisation of human resources for development, and the integration of women in development. The focus of research is determined by its practical relevance to member countries and the extent to which the work can complement that already undertaken in other institutions.
Teaching and training	Training programmes fall into three categories: Development Project Appraisal, Implementation and Evaluation; Management of Public Enterprises; and Special Problems of Development Planning. These courses are offered to senior level government officials who are nominated by their countries. The courses are aimed at increasing the awareness of officials to recent developments in planning and their operational feasibility. Training is conducted through seminars and conferences.

Institution	NIGERIAN INSTITUTE OF SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC RESEARCH Nigerian Institute of Social and Economic Research, Private Mail Bag 5, University of Ibadan, Ibadan, Nigeria Telephone: 400550, Cables: NISER IBADAN
-------------	---

Objectives	The functions of the Institute are threefold: to provide consultancy services to the Federal and State Governments, their agencies and other organisations in the field of economic and social development; to conduct research into the economic and social problems of the country and to organise conferences and seminars in the field of economic and social development of the country; and to co-operate with Nigerian Universities, research institutes and other organisations in the mobilisation of the country's research potential for the task of national development, because dissemination of research findings for the use of policy makers at all levels.
Description	The Institute was established in 1950 as the West African Institute for Social and Economic Research. The Nigerian Institute was created in 1960 and in 1977 was decreed an autonomous Institute. There are about 100 senior staff, and 140 support staff. The Institute is financed by the Ministry of Planning though other agencies make grants for specific purposes. The library holds over 21,500 volumes and maintains a collection of government publications and newspapers. Consultance services for the federal government operate through the Consultancy Services Unit. These services form the main activity of the Institute.
Research	There are currently 5 research divisions: Agriculture and Rural Development, Business and Industrial Consultancy, Economic Planning and Development, Physical Planning and Development, and Social Planning and Development. The Institute as a whole has been carrying out a major project of assessing the resources of the 19 member states of the Federation. Other projects have included the replanning of the transportation system of Ogun State, Urban Redevelopment and Slum Upgrading, Land Use Policy, a study of Traditional Medicine and numerous industrial project appraisals. Future projects will be increasingly policy orientated and many will be short-term in nature designed to meet the immediate needs of policy makers.
Publications	Recent publications include 'Developing Countries and the New Economic Order' by A M Osoba, 'Planning with the People' by A O Sanda, 'Land Tenure and Agricultural Development in Nigeria' by A A Owosekun, 'A Guide to Tropical Environmental Health and Environmental Engineering' by P A Oluwanda.
Teaching and training	The Institute runs occasional training programmes, seminars, short term courses and workshops. Training facilities are currently being expanded into diploma and certificate courses primarily for public and private sector senior executives. Courses will be in National Development, Project Evaluation, Appraisal and Implementation of Agricultural and Industrial Projects, Social and Welfare Issues, and Sectoral Planning.

Institution	INSTITUTE OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN STUDIES Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, Heng Mui Keng Terrace, Pasir Panjong, Singapore 0511 Telephone: 7758111, Cables: ISEAS
Objectives	The Institute was established as an autonomous regional research centre for scholars and other specialists concerned with Southeast Asia. The main research interest of the Institute is on problems of development, modernisation and political and social change in Southeast Asia.
Description	The Institute has a staff of 12 research fellows, 11 research staff and 9 administrators as well as visiting fellows and research associates. The main source of finance is an annual grant from the Singapore Government, though donations and research support from other institutions and foundations are also important. The library holds some 35,000 titles and takes 2500 periodicals; there is a large holding of microfilms. A number of

research fellowships are available. The recently formal ASEAN Economic Research Unit is part of the Institute

Research The Institute has long-standing research interests in the area of maritime issues and resources, and in the problems of regional co-operation. Research fellowships can fall into two programmes of study, the first concerned with modern Southeast Asia in general, and the second with population research. The work of the ASEAN Economic Research Unit focuses on external and internal dimensions and dynamics of the ASEAN economies. The research programmes of the Unit fall into three areas: Intra-ASEAN economic co-operation; the external relations of ASEAN; and problems of food, commodities and energy.

Publications The major serial publications of the Institute are: Contemporary South East Asia, South East Asia Ethnicity and Development: Newsletter, and the annual South East Asian Affairs. The Institute also publishes an Occasional Paper Series, Field Report Series, and Research Notes and Discussion Paper Series. Recent book titles include 'Military Rule in Burma since 1962: a Kaleidoscope of Views' by F K Lehman, 'The News from Southeast Asia: The Sociology of Newsmaking' by R Tiffen, and 'Political Thinking of the Indonesian Chinese 1900-77: A Sourcebook' by L Surgadinata.

Institution AGRARIAN RESEARCH AND TRAINING INSTITUTE

Agrarian Research and Training Institute,
114 Wijerama Mawatha, Colombo 7, Sri Lanka
Telephone: 96981, 96437, Cables: AGRATI COLOMBO

Objectives The role of the Institute is to undertake research and provide training at various levels to those concerned with programmes of agricultural development and agrarian re-organisation.

Description The Institute was founded in 1972 in association with UNDP and FAO, but is now an autonomous national body. It receives support from the Swedish aid agency, SAREC, amongst others. The Ministry of Agriculture and Lands is the Institute's managing agency. It is divided internally into various different departments, including Agricultural Extension and Communications, Co-operatives and Credit, Land Economics, Land Settlement, Land Tenure, Marketing, Production Economics, Rural Sociology and Statistics.

Research The Institute has a wide range of socio-agricultural research projects, and there are possibilities of research training attachments.

Teaching and training In association with the Colombo campus of the University of Sri Lanka, the Institute runs courses on land settlement and development. It also provides field-level training for farmers and rural workers.

* * * * *

Institution MARGA INSTITUTE

The Marga Institute, Sri Lanka Centre for Development Studies,
61 Isipathana Mawatha, Colombo 5, Sri Lanka
Telephone: 85186, Cables: MARGA

Objectives The Institute's main activity is a critical, non-partisan enquiry into the development issues of Sri Lanka, and the publication of studies which could be of value to policy makers in Sri Lanka. The Institute's orientation and approach is towards those social processes which will

consciously combine economic growth with social equity. The emphasis of research is on the development priorities of Sri Lanka. The Institute also participates in programmes of development research in the Asian region as a whole. Importance is given to the dissemination of research findings to appropriate government agencies and other institutions.

Description	The Institute was founded in 1972. There is a core staff of around 120, and additional staff on an assignment basis. The Institute is self-financing with income from a trust fund and from project earnings. The library holds approximately 15,000 titles and reports and over 350 periodical titles. There is a special section on Sri Lanka and a micro-fiche reader is available. Both internal and external seminars are held on a variety of topics with participants drawn from a wide spectrum of society. The Institute undertakes collaborative studies with foreign research organisations as well as projects sponsored or funded by the United Nations and other international organisations.
Research	Work in the Institute is distributed amongst 8 divisions: Micro-Level Socio-Economic Studies, Social Development and Human Resources Studies, Law and Development, Science and Technology, International Studies, Socio-Economic Surveys and Statistical, Implementation Projects and Studies, and Administration and Finance. Amongst current or recent projects are a study of small scale fisheries development, discrimination in the employment of women in Sri Lanka, the media and development, the assimilation and diffusion of imported technology, the negotiation of transnational contracts, religious institutions at the village level and a classification of herbal medicines. The Institute has also been carrying out a project translating books into the Sinhala language.
Publications	The <u>Marga Journal</u> , published quarterly, is devoted to discussion of issues in developing countries generally and Sri Lanka in particular. Recent works in English include 'Religiousness in Sri Lanka', 'A Statistical Survey of Elections 1911-77' and 'Collective Identities, Nationalism and Protest in Modern Sri Lanka'.

Institution	INSTITUTE OF DEVELOPMENT STUDIES Institute of Development Studies, University of Dar es Salaam, PO Box 35169, Dar es Salaam, Tanzania Telephone 53543, 53545, 53547
Objectives	The primary purpose of the Institute is to instruct undergraduates in the problems of Tanzanian and East African development. It was established in 1973.
Description	The Institute forms part of the University and conducts teaching in most of its Faculties. It is staffed by a Director, 2 Associate Directors, 1 Professor, 3 Senior Lecturers, 6 Lecturers, 5 Assistant Lecturers and 8 Tutorial Assistants. A Board of the Institute is responsible for formulating general policy, and a Committee advises and assists the Director on matters relating to administration and current programmes. The Institute is funded through the University and also through income derived from commissioned research and consultancy fees. The University library contains over 190,000 volumes and 8000 regular serial publications. There is a special section on East Africa comprising official and non-official publications, manuscripts, tapes and microfilms. It is the national depository for publications of major international organisations, including the UN and its various agencies. The University has a Computing Centre and non-nationals are considered by the Institute for Research Associate status on a self-funding basis, provided that detailed research proposals are submitted at least 4 months prior to the visit. The Institute offers consultancy services to government, parastatal and inter-

national organisations

- Research Research focuses on development related issues, and especially on the problems of socialist construction in Tanzania. An interdisciplinary approach is pursued and research is undertaken in collaboration with other relevant organisations, both nationally and internationally.
- Publications The Institute publishes its own series of Discussion Papers.
- Teaching and training As well as teaching courses in other Faculties of the University, the Institute also runs its own Development Studies programme (see listing in Part One). Additionally a doctoral programme was begun in 1981 and there are currently 3 students registered for supervision by Institute staff.