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LIAISON COMMITTEE

Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan

ELEVENTH

ANNUAL REPORT

1970-71

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COMMONWEALTH
SCHOLARSHIP AND FELLOWSHIP
PLAN

ELEVENTH
ANNUAL REPORT
FOR THE PERIOD ENDING
31 MARCH 1971

Prepared by
THE ASSOCIATION OF COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITIES
for the
COMMONWEALTH EDUCATION LIAISON COMMITTEE

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CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Introduction	1
Administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan	3
Summary of the working of the Plan in the Commonwealth countries:	
Australia	5
Barbados	6
Botswana	6
Britain	6
Colonial and Dependent Territories	10
Canada	18
Ceylon	18
Cyprus	19
Fiji	20
Gambia	20
Ghana	21
Guyana	21
India	21
Jamaica	22
Kenya	23
Lesotho	23
Malawi	23
Malaysia	24
Malta	25
Mauritius	25
Nauru	26
New Zealand	26
Nigeria	27
Pakistan	27
Rhodesia	27
Sierra Leone	27
Singapore	28
Swaziland	28
Tanzania	28
Tonga	28

	<u>Page</u>
Trinidad and Tobago	29
Uganda	29
Western Samoa	30
Zambia	31
Appendix	
I. List of Commonwealth Scholarship agencies.....	35
II. Commonwealth Scholarship emoluments	41
III. Register of Commonwealth Scholars who have taken up awards during the period under report	43
IV. Commonwealth Visiting Fellowships and other senior awards under the Plan.....	55
V. Statistical tables analysing Commonwealth Scholarship competitions	71

INTRODUCTION

This Report covers the operation of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan during the period 1 April 1970 to 31 March 1971 in all participating countries.

The Report has been prepared by the Association of Commonwealth Universities for publication by the Commonwealth Education Liaison Committee. It has been compiled, like earlier Reports, from information provided by the Commonwealth Scholarship agencies, and consists of statements commenting on the working of the Plan in their respective countries and of Appendices giving details and statistics relating to certain aspects of the Plan. At the beginning (following this introduction), there is a general section entitled "Administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan" which discusses the overall working of the Plan.

* * * * *

The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan was drawn up at the first Commonwealth Education Conference held at Oxford in 1959. The general basis of the Plan is that those Commonwealth Governments which are able to do so should institute Commonwealth Scholarships and Fellowships to be held by men and women from other Commonwealth countries at universities and other institutions of higher learning in the awarding country. The scheme's progress has been reviewed at successive Commonwealth Education Conferences at New Delhi in 1962, Ottawa in 1964, Lagos in 1968 and Canberra in February 1971.

Definitions set out in the first Annual Report and confirmed by the New Delhi, Ottawa and Lagos Conferences for use in reports and statistics are given below. Two definitions were added in the third Annual Report to the original list and a few verbal changes have also been made:

institution of awards: when a country has by a government decision made financial provisions etc. for Scholarships or Fellowships under the Plan for study by citizens of other Commonwealth countries in its own country it is said to have instituted awards;

awarding country: a country which has instituted awards is known as an awarding country;

submission of nominations: when a country has forwarded a shortlist of recommended candidates from its own country for final consideration in an awarding country it is said to have nominated them;

nominating country: any country invited to submit nominations;

award offered: is an award which has actually been offered by the awarding country to a specific candidate nominated by another country. This phrase does not apply to the invitation to another country by an awarding country to submit nominations;

award accepted: is an award which has been accepted by the candidate to whom it was offered, whether yet taken up or not;

award taken up: is an award which has been utilised to the extent that the Scholar has actually commenced study under the Plan in the awarding country;

awards made available: when an awarding country has instituted a fixed number of awards it makes a proportion of them available each year for new selections;

set of awards: when an awarding country makes available a group of awards tenable from a date common to the group as a whole the awards are known as a set of awards and may be referred to by the name of the awarding country and the calendar year in which they are tenable. Thus awards tenable in Australia from March 1972, are referred to as Australia 1972.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIP AND FELLOWSHIP PLAN

The compilation of the Eleventh Annual Report for the period 1 April 1970 to 31 March 1971 has been hampered by the failure of some participating countries to submit their contributions by the dates requested. Publication was delayed in the hope that reports would eventually be received from all countries, but since this has not happened the report appears in an incomplete form. The Report of the Working Party on the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan published in the Fifth Commonwealth Education Conference Report (pp 3.6-3.7) expresses concern at the difficulties experienced in the compilation of successive reports and stresses the importance of prompt replies by agencies to requests for contributions. It is hoped that with the co-operation of all Scholarship agencies, the Twelfth Annual Report for the year ending 31 March 1972, on which work will have already begun by the time the present report appears, will be published punctually and in a complete form.

The Fifth Commonwealth Education Conference held at Canberra in February 1971 provided another opportunity for an examination of the day-to-day working of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan and this was undertaken by a Working Party appointed by Committee A. Its report, referred to above, indicates that the administration of the Plan has proceeded with reasonable efficiency, but stresses, for the guidance of scholarship agencies, the importance of observing the agreed timetable for inviting and submitting nominations and for informing candidates of the outcome of their applications. It was agreed that the "Administrative Handbook on the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan", (prepared by the Association of Commonwealth Universities and first issued after the Fourth Commonwealth Education Conference), should be revised, so as to embody the changes in practice adopted at the Fifth Conference, and distributed to all authorities engaged in the administration of the Plan.

The Working Party also made recommendations concerning the proposal for a "Ten Year Review" to assess the value of the scheme during the period 1960-70 and to provide a basis for any modifications shown to be necessary in making it as relevant as possible to current requirements. The Conference endorsed the Working Party's proposal and requested the Commonwealth Education Liaison Committee to sponsor the review. At the time of publication of the present report all nominating agencies will have been asked to review the effectiveness and value of the Plan from the point of view of their country for the first decade of its operation. It is of the greatest importance that comprehensive replies to the questionnaire drawn up at the Conference be submitted by the date requested in order that the review may be completed and circulated to all participating countries well before the Sixth Commonwealth Education Conference.

SUMMARY OF THE WORKING OF THE PLAN IN THE COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES

AUSTRALIA

The Department of Education and Science continues to be the agency responsible for the award of Australian Scholarships and the nomination of Australian graduates for awards offered by other Commonwealth countries.

During the period under report, 30 new Scholarships were taken up in Australia, 5 of which were at the undergraduate level. Students studying towards a Ph.D. in Australia were offered awards for three years. Consideration is given to requests for extensions of time beyond three years for this degree in special circumstances. A few awards have been taken up for postdoctoral study, usually for periods of two years.

Three Australian Visiting Professorships were taken up in the year 1970-71. The awards went to Professor H.F. Halliwell, Professor of Chemical Education at the University of East Anglia, who was attached to the University of New South Wales; Professor H.S.M. Coxeter, Professor of Mathematics, University of Toronto, who was attached to the Australian National University; and Professor E.H. Brown, Professor of Geography, University College, London, who arrived in Australia during March 1971 and will be attached to Monash University.

Several distinguished educationists visited Australia during 1970-71 as holders of Australian Visiting Fellowships. These were Sir Alec Clegg, Chief Education Officer, Yorkshire West Riding; Dr. S. Mathai, former Vice-Chancellor of the University of Kerala; Dr. V. Naravane, former Professor of Philosophy, University of Poona; Dr. E.W.H. Briault, Deputy Education Officer of the Inner London Education Authority; Mr. E. Robinson, Deputy Director of the North East London Polytechnic; Dr. R. Wong, Director of Research, Ministry of Education, Singapore; and Professor H. Ford, Head of Department of Mechanical Engineering, Imperial College of Science and Technology, University of London.

Revised editions of the booklet "A Directory of Courses", which gives information on courses available at Australian institutions, and the companion volume "Postgraduate Study at Australian Universities" have been published and are being distributed to nominating agencies and Australian overseas posts. A "Handbook for Holders of an Australian Award" is distributed annually.

Australian graduates continue to show keen interest in the awards offered by other Commonwealth countries. In 1970 Australians took up 33 awards offered by other Commonwealth countries.

BARBADOS

During 1970, the Government of Barbados established a National Scholarships Committee which is now the competent authority for interviewing all applicants and for making the pertinent recommendations to the Minister. This National Scholarships Committee which is representative of the Ministry of Education, the University, the Trade Union and private enterprise, replaced the Scholarships and Bursaries Committee. There is considerable consultation with the other Ministries and the public sector on the needs of the country and how the subject fields in which the Scholarships and Fellowships are taken up can benefit the country.

Awards were made available to Barbados for the first time by the Republic of Cyprus and by the Hong Kong Government for postgraduate study and/or research. The candidate selected for Cyprus had subsequently to withdraw his application and no applications were received for the Hong Kong award. Trinidad and Tobago also offered an award, for postgraduate work in tropical agriculture, at the St. Augustine Campus of the University of the West Indies, and this award was taken up in October 1970.

We would welcome undergraduate awards in certain technical areas, e.g. aircraft engineering, aeronautics, refrigeration and air conditioning, architecture and fields such as dentistry, veterinary science, pharmacy and environmental sanitation. If three month package tours could be structured for senior educationists, they would also be most welcome.

Most Commonwealth Scholars who have taken up awards under the Plan have honoured their obligation to return to Barbados. These Scholars continue to make a valuable contribution to the country's development.

BOTSWANA

No additions or changes have been made in the machinery in Botswana for dealing with the administration of the Plan. All matters are dealt with by the Chief Education Officer, Ministry of Education, P/Bag 5, Gaborone.

BRITAIN

The Commonwealth Scholarship Commission under the Chairmanship of the Rt. Hon. Lord Garner, G.C.M.G., continued as the official agency of the Plan in Britain. Its Secretariat is provided by the Association of Commonwealth Universities of which the Secretary-General, Sir Hugh W. Springer, K.C.M.G., C.B.E. and Senior Assistant Secretary, Mr. E.E. Temple, act as the Commission's Joint Secretaries. (Sir Hugh W. Springer was appointed Secretary-General of the Association in succession to

Dr. J.F. Foster, C.M.G., who retired in 1970).

The Association of Commonwealth Universities continued to organise the selection of recipients of the various categories of awards offered under the Plan by the British Government and to arrange places for successful candidates from overseas at suitable institutions of higher education in Britain. Accommodation and welfare matters concerning award holders and their families are dealt with by the British Council, who also make travel arrangements and pay the emoluments. The Association maintains contact with award holders through its handling of certain questions of academic welfare and through its interests in the progress both of their studies and of their careers.

The group of 242 Scholars welcomed to Britain during the year will, it is hoped, maintain the high standards set by their predecessors. In the first term of the 1970-71 academic session the Commission was pleased to report that a total of 554 Scholars were holding awards, together with 4 Visiting Professors, 6 Senior Medical Fellows, 52 Medical Fellows and 22 Academic Staff Fellows, making a total in all of 638. Senior Medical Fellowships have a tenure of three months, and seven other such Fellowships were held during the year.

New Scholars, arriving in Britain just before the 1970-71 academic session, attended a 'Welcome Programme' organised by the British Council as the Commission hopes that any problems encountered by new arrivals in Britain would be reduced to a minimum both through personal contact with officials and other award holders, and through a brief introduction to the idiosyncracies of British life. Packed into three days were a diversity of experiences which ranged from the formality of a Government reception to the lighter entertainment of popular contemporary theatre. Few Scholars had problems which at this stage they needed to raise with the secretariat.

Following the successful experiment the previous year of holding Regional Conferences in Birmingham and York, two one-day conferences were organised at Bristol (for the South West and South Wales) in November 1970 and at Manchester (for the North West and North Wales) in March 1971. At Bristol for the first time the supervisors of the award holders were invited, and, as this move was welcomed, similar arrangements were made for the Manchester conference. The day in Bristol was divided into a morning of discussion and an afternoon of excursion. The discussion ceased only when time ran out; the excursion was unfortunately marred by rain. With this in mind, the day at Manchester was given over entirely to discussion, thereby providing the fullest opportunity for Scholars and their supervisors to meet Commission members and advisers initially in small groups and finally in a large, single group.

In common with other members of the community award holders have been affected by the present wave of inflation. Along with the emoluments of all students, both home and overseas, supported by British Government funds, the emoluments of the Scholars will be the subject in 1971 of the customary triennial review.

Medical Fellows came to Britain for a year's study from Australia, Ceylon, India, New Zealand, Nigeria, Pakistan and, for the first time, from Kenya and Malaysia. Every month showed a steady rise in the number of men and women holding these Fellowships. It is however unlikely

that the growth rate will be maintained because towards the end of the period under review so many nominations by agencies and medical schools were delayed by the postal strike. No similar trend emerged from the numbers of Senior Medical Fellowships which, as usual, fluctuated over the course of the year. These awards, intended for senior heads of departments in schools of medicine and dentistry, are awarded for periods of three months only. A total of 55 offers of Medical Fellowships and 17 of Senior Medical Fellowships were made, many of them to be taken up in the latter part of 1971 or 1972. It was welcome news to award holders when the stipends of Medical and Senior Medical Fellows were increased from October 1970, a step intended to take account both of the rise in National Health Service salaries and of that in the cost of living. The Medical Scholarships continue to be administered as part of the general Scholarship scheme, and during the year under review 45* Medical Scholarships were offered and accepted, though not all had been taken up by 31 March 1971.

In April 1970 there were 12 Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellows each spending a year of work-related study in Britain, and by October 1970 this number had increased to 22. The first Fellows came from Ceylon, Ghana, India and Nigeria and later the universities of Hong Kong, Pakistan, Singapore and Tanzania were also represented. Five new Fellows were selected to take up their awards in the year 1971-72 but normally the Commission would expect to have offered a larger number of awards at this stage. However this does not reflect any decreasing interest, in the Academic Staff awards scheme for the end of the postal strike brought 20 Fellowship nominations in addition to a number of enquiries. There has also been evidence of more widespread interest in the Academic Staff Scholarship scheme. Two out of the first five Academic Staff Scholars remained in this country to complete Ph.D. studies and in October 1970 they were joined by a further 11 who embarked on studies in preparation for higher degrees. By the end of March 1971 30 Scholarship nominations had been received for awards to be taken up in the next reporting period.

The Tenth Annual Dinner for departing Scholars provided the final opportunity for those award holders who were about to return home to meet Commission members and British Council and Secretariat staff. Although there are some Scholars who fail to honour their undertaking to return home after the expiration of their awards they constitute only a small and relatively unvarying proportion of the total number of recipients of British awards and as such do not seriously prejudice the Plan's fundamental aims.

Of the 216 Scholars whose awards expired during the period 1 April 1970 to 31 March 1971, 38 are recorded as having qualified for doctorates; 20 for master's degrees; 12 for postgraduate diplomas; 7 for bachelor's degrees; 1 for the G.R.S.M. and 23 for higher medical qualifications. It is hoped that results obtained by the remainder will be available in time for publication in the Twelfth Annual Report.

An interim account was given in the Tenth Annual Report of the results obtained by the Scholars whose awards expired during the period 1 April 1969 to 31 March 1970. It is now known that 241 Scholars completed the tenure of their awards during the period, and qualified for the award of 95 doctorates, 49 master's degrees, 9 postgraduate diplomas, 12 first degrees and 26 higher medical qualifications. Five Scholars who undertook

* Most of the 45 took up their awards in October 1970

research not leading to university degrees completed their studies satisfactorily. 27 Scholars still have the opportunity to complete the requirements for degrees or diplomas and 18 either took and failed examinations or have allowed their registration to lapse without completing.

The Commission received invitations from twelve countries to nominate British candidates for their awards. (Unfortunately no news has been received of the East African awards following the dissolution of the University of East Africa). The awards were advertised in the press and at universities throughout Britain and this resulted in the receipt of 274 applications. The claims of short-listed candidates were examined by the Commission's interviewing panels who received much help from the representatives of the High Commissioners of the awarding countries. Eighty-seven candidates, whose interests ranged from the instrumentarium of ancient Gandhara to modern, low-cost Canadian housing development were eventually nominated to the twelve awarding countries.

Regrettably, of the British candidates nominated during the previous reporting period, some were lost to other schemes, perhaps because of the slowness of decision of some awarding countries. However, 23 of the more tenacious finally departed to take up awards in seven awarding countries.

The Commonwealth Visiting Professorships held by the seven distinguished academics mentioned in the last report expired in the course of 1970-71. New Professorships were taken up as follows:-

Professor W.R. Blunden of Australia at the Universities of Birmingham and Bradford

Dr. Leopold Dintenfass of Australia at the University of Strathclyde

Professor G.H.N. Towers of Canada at the University of East Anglia

Professor S.M.A. Zaidi of Pakistan at the University of Bristol

The Fifth Education Conference was held in Canberra from 3 to 17 February 1971 and among the members of the British delegation attending the Conference were Lord Garner, Chairman of the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission, and Mr. E.E. Temple, Joint Secretary. For periods when the Minister for Overseas Development was absent, Lord Garner led the British delegation; and Mr. Temple acted as Rapporteur to the Working Party on the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan.

A principal recommendation of the Working Party, approved at the Conference was that there should be carried out a comprehensive review of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan for the ten year period 1960-70. As a nominating country Britain will be glad to supply the information and analysis requested in relation to candidates from Britain who have held awards in other countries. As a major awarding country Britain is anxious that its awards shall be used to maximum benefit and will therefore be keenly interested in the findings that may result from collation of the separate reviews to be carried out in each nominating country.

BAHAMAS

There has been no change in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in the Bahamas.

Of the two students studying abroad last year, Miss Claire Belgrave has returned home after obtaining a B.A. degree in English from Sir George Williams University; Bro. Joseph Darville is completing his M.A. studies in French at Laval University, Quebec, Canada.

Response to advertisement of the Canadian awards is encouraging and is reflected in the granting of provisional awards to three of the four candidates nominated this year.

BERMUDA

There have been no changes in the administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in Bermuda between 1 April 1970 and 31 March 1971. A Permanent Secretary for Education has now been appointed at the Department of Education, and all enquiries should be addressed to him at P.O. Box 1185, Hamilton, Bermuda.

The Plan is an important adjunct to our own scholarship programme, and the opportunities offered by awarding countries are given regular publicity. Because of our limited size and participation, it is not intended to publish any report on the operation of the Plan.

BRITISH HONDURAS

The administrative machinery for the operation of the Plan remains unchanged. Principally the Plan affords opportunities for postgraduate training but this country has mostly been taking advantage of awards to undergraduate students. Training at the undergraduate level is still our most pressing need.

This country has no universities nor colleges of higher education and therefore cannot institute any awards.

During the reporting period invitations to nominate were received from Australia, Canada, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Malaysia, New Zealand, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom.

Commonwealth Scholars return home and are contributing to the development of the country in their respective fields.

So far, no official report has been written on the operation of the Plan in this country.

BRITISH SOLOMON ISLANDS

No changes in or additions to the administrative machinery for the operation of the Plan have taken place and the address of the Commonwealth Scholarship Agency as at 31 March 1971 remains the same. It is anticipated that it may change in the near future but this has yet to be confirmed. No additions or changes have been introduced into the working of the Plan and simply through the present lack of suitably experienced and qualified candidates no awards have been applied for or granted for professional or technical study, social, rural or adult education or short term visits.

As a potential nominating country the Solomons received invitations to submit nominations for Scholarships from Australia, Canada, Ceylon, Malaysia, New Zealand, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom but it was not possible to make use of the generously offered opportunities. The concept and working of the Plan is entirely satisfactory and the Solomons in the near future will make use where it can of the available awards. If there are other awarding countries who are not requesting the Solomons to submit nominations then the Solomons would welcome inclusion in the future.

Arising from Solomon Islands representation at the Fifth Commonwealth Education Conference at Canberra, the Solomon Islands wishes to receive more information about the whole range of courses available in Commonwealth countries under the Plan and to be generally informed of all matters relating to the Plan including publications.

No official report has been or will be published on the operation of the Plan but the awards are widely advertised in the Solomons by Public Notice.

BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

There have been no changes in this territory in the ways in which candidates are recommended for the award of Scholarships and Fellowships. A Selection Committee interviews applicants and recommends those whose qualifications are satisfactory and who appear to be best able to benefit from awards.

Various countries have invited us to submit nominations but it has been very difficult to find (or to spare, when found) suitable graduates for postgraduate studies. At the undergraduate level the British Virgin Islands' High School will not be able to begin to offer A level courses until September 1971. Our programme at this Comprehensive School has only recently expanded and as yet few pupils have gained O levels of high quality. It has therefore been difficult to nominate well qualified undergraduates who can compete on a world basis for the few undergraduate awards available.

We particularly need to have a few persons well trained in Art, Handicrafts, Physical Education, Music and Speech and Drama - which are

the subject areas for which awards are least likely to be offered and in which we have few people who have received adequate training, yet from the point of view of developing the human resources of the territory, its musical and artistic side and of encouraging full participation in recreational and communal activities, the subject areas listed are now increasingly significant. Awards to study these subjects are likely to be tenable at Colleges of Education whose entry requirements prescribe the A or O levels of which we are still short.

We do not present an official report on the Plan. Reference is made in our Annual Departmental Report to any awards, and efforts are made to make the best use of returned Scholars, but the numbers are still too small for their impact to be significant.

The British Virgin Islands is not an awarding country.

BRUNEI

Brunei is not yet an awarding country. As there is, as yet, no education at tertiary level the need is for scholarships at undergraduate level.

No official report on the operation of the Plan has been published.

GIBRALTAR

Because of its small size and limited resources, Gibraltar is unable, at present, to operate as an awarding country in terms of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan. Nominations for awards offered by other countries were made by the same Agency as in previous years.

In making nominations the Agency has borne in mind the particular need for Gibraltar to expand its medical, educational and engineering services. As Gibraltar is not an awarding country it has not been considered necessary to issue a handbook.

Mr. L.J. Zammit, a Graduate Master, at one of our Grammar Schools, was awarded a Commonwealth Scholarship tenable in the United Kingdom from 1 October 1970 for research in Organic Chemistry for a higher degree.

GILBERT AND ELLICE ISLANDS

The Colony has no facilities for undergraduate study nor is it an awarding country. At its present stage of educational development there is little scope for taking up offers of postgraduate awards.

The initial notification of places made available is dealt with by the Department of Education and correspondence should, therefore, be addressed to the Director of Education Bikenibeu, Tarawa, Gilbert and Ellice Islands. Selection of nominees is carried out through a Scholarship Selection Committee of which the Member for Social Services is Chairman. The Department of Education provides the secretary to the Committee and is responsible for the administrative arrangements for the nomination of candidates.

HONG KONG

During the period under report, there has not been any significant change in the administration of the Plan in Hong Kong.

As a nominating country, Hong Kong continues to receive immense benefit from the Plan. Candidates for Scholarships offered by the Commonwealth countries have been selected principally in accordance with such criteria as academic quality, personality, potentiality of the candidate, the spread of subjects and the usefulness and relevance of proposed research programmes to the needs of the Hong Kong community. The quality of applicants continues to be high. The Hong Kong Education Department has been responsible for the formation of the Selection Committee which represents a good cross-section of both higher and secondary education in Hong Kong together with the representatives of the various Commonwealth awarding countries. The present Chairman of the Committee is the Director of a university School of Education and the Secretary is a Senior Education Officer of the Education Department.

With the rapid growth of the Hong Kong economy and the corresponding expansion programme for higher education, there is an urgent need for highly trained key personnel in all fields of specialization. It is hoped, therefore, that more awards will be made available to Hong Kong candidates by other Commonwealth countries.

As an awarding country, Hong Kong continues to offer Scholarships for postgraduate studies at the two universities. The Hong Kong Education Department also acts as the administrative agency which appoints the Selection Committee and liaises between Committee members and the two universities in matters relating to Hong Kong awards. The present six award-holders are respectively pursuing studies for higher degrees in architecture, Chinese language and literature, modern Chinese and Chinese language, geography, economic geography, law and history.

In this connection, Hong Kong is prepared to make one or two awards in addition to the normal number of two new awards a year should

the quality of applicants warrant it in any particular year.

Extension of tenure of awards beyond two years to enable scholars to qualify for the Ph.D. degree or for other purposes is considered in each case on its own merit. During the period under review, two scholars are on extension for a third year and the request of another Scholar is being favourably considered.

NEW HEBRIDES

The one award under the Plan held by a New Hebridean undergraduate for study at Queensland University, Australia, was extended to cover 1970. A further extension is now being considered as the student has not yet gained a degree.

An award of a short term visit to a senior educationist is being considered for 1971 by the Department of Education and Science, Australia.

As a nominating country we are grateful for assistance being given.

We are not an awarding country.

ST. HELENA

It is regretted that this Colony has at present no students academically eligible for Commonwealth Scholarships or Fellowships although we receive many invitations to submit nominations.

SEYCHELLES

The Colony of Seychelles has not instituted any awards nor is it an awarding country under this Plan.

Seychelles is, however, a nominating country and in 1970/71 received invitations to nominate from a number of Commonwealth countries including Australia, Canada, Ceylon, New Zealand and the United Kingdom.

Awards tenable in Canada were offered in 1970 to two Seychellois students who are presently engaged in studying for Bachelor's Degrees in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering respectively. A third student who was awarded a United Kingdom Scholarship in 1969 will be completing his M.Ed. degree this year.

The majority of nominations for undergraduate studies are catered for by other agencies but, where appropriate, nominations at that

level will continue to be made to awarding countries under the Plan.

The number of Seychellois graduates is increasing and it would appear that the Colony will make greater use of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in the future.

THE WEST INDIES

Leeward Islands

Antigua

No report received.

Montserrat

The operation of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan has continued unchanged during the reporting period.

It would be a useful guide to our Selection Committee if some explanation however brief, could be given in each case where one of our nominees is unsuccessful in the final selection. Judging from the negative results of our nominations over the last few years we can only assume that, in addition to the general rule that Commonwealth Scholarships are not usually approved for undergraduate programmes, there is some level of attainment above minimum entrance requirements which the candidate is expected to reach. Some clarification is necessary.

All Commonwealth Scholars who have returned hold senior positions in the Montserrat Civil Service and have made valuable contributions to the community as a whole.

No official report on the operation of the Plan in Montserrat has been published or is scheduled for publication.

St. Christopher Nevis and Anguilla

There has been no alteration in the machinery for the administration of the Plan, or in the general working of the Plan, for the period 1 April 1970 to 31 March 1971.

Only one application was received, for a Fellowship tenable in Canada. The applicant was accordingly nominated for consideration. No other applications were received.

It would appear that, at present, people in this country are more likely to be needing scholarships at undergraduate level, but most of the offers to this country place the emphasis on scholarships at postgraduate level.

No official report will be published on the operation of the Plan in this State.

Windward Islands

Dominica

There has been no change during the year under review, in the machinery for administration of the Plan, and the Plan has operated in Dominica according to routine.

Scholarships at the undergraduate level remain Dominica's primary need, and during the year one Scholarship at undergraduate level, tenable in the United Kingdom, was taken up while another was awarded by Canada, to be taken up in September 1971. A postgraduate medical Scholarship was also taken up in the United Kingdom.

Commonwealth Scholars invariably accept appointments with the Government, on their return to Dominica. During the year, however, a former Commonwealth Scholar resigned from the Civil Service in favour of employment in commerce. Since university graduates are still comparatively rare in the mercantile community, there was great interest shown in the move. From the outset the person in question has been playing a leading role in the local business community. Another former Commonwealth Scholar resigned to take up an appointment at the University of the West Indies. He will still be in a position, in his new role, to contribute, although indirectly, to the advancement of Dominica. Both these Scholars had served the Government for at least two years.

Grenada

Within our overall educational development programme, the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan contributes inadequately to the fulfilment of our educational needs.

While we have received invitations to nominate from most Commonwealth awarding countries and have nominated candidates on an annual basis for these awards, our overall success rate has been rather disappointing. The United Kingdom has offered us one Scholarship each year since 1964. Other countries however have offered awards as follows: Canada one in 1967; New Zealand one in 1967; India one in 1969. The reason generally given by awarding countries for our failure to obtain awards is the keenness of competition among nominating countries.

The keenness of competition among nominating countries would probably limit our receipt of Scholarships but should not necessarily curtail them because the qualifications of our candidates, in our opinion, are generally of a high and satisfactory standard.

It may be that:-

- (1) too few awards are offered annually by the awarding countries;
- (2) new standards have been set without our knowledge;
- (3) consideration is not given to the number of awards a nominating country has or has not received previously when awards are offered;

- (4) there are shortcomings in our ability to meet the high standards necessary for the offer of awards.

St. Lucia

The Plan has been successful from the point of view of St. Lucia as a nominating country in that, it provides mature students with the opportunity to further their studies in the fields of their choice, relevant to the needs of the country.

At present three students are holders of awards, two tenable in Britain and one in Canada. They are: Patricia A. Ismond, who is pursuing a course in English Literature leading to the degree of M.A., at the University of Kent; Mr. P.C. Kent, who is completing his final year of study in Agricultural Chemistry at Wye College and Mr. Thomas Hinkson (Jr.), who is pursuing a premaster's course leading to the degree of M.A. at the University of Manitoba, Winnipeg.

On the Scholars' return to the State they will be employed as follows: Mr. Thomas Hinkson (Jr.) at St. Mary's College as Tutor and Mr. Kent with the Ministry of Trade and Tourism. Miss Ismond will resume her duties at St. Joseph's Convent as Tutor of English.

St. Vincent

During the period under review the Plan continued to be administered through the Service Commissions Department.

As a result of the Canberra Conference decision to have a representative of the awarding country participate in the selection of candidates, the British Government Deputy Representative was invited to the Public Service Commission meeting which considered applications for Commonwealth Scholarships to the United Kingdom and Canada.

Two nominations were submitted for Commonwealth Scholarships tenable from October 1971: one to Canada for study in agriculture; the other to the United Kingdom for study in education.

Mr. Lennox L. John, Commonwealth Scholar United Kingdom 1968/69, has been appointed Senior Graduate Master, Grammar School.

Mr. F. Wallace Dear, Commonwealth Scholar Canada 1967/69 has been re-designated Director, Planning Unit.

It is understood that Dr. Jeffrey Dellimore, Commonwealth Scholar United Kingdom 1969/71, has returned to the West Indies and is working at the University of the West Indies, Cave Hill, Barbados.

No awards were made to St. Vincent during the period under review. One nomination had been submitted to the United Kingdom for study in architecture.

CANADA

The official agency of the Plan in Canada continued to be the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee for which the Secretariat is provided by the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada.

The Committee is responsible for the selection, university placement and academic supervision of holders of Canadian awards, and for the nomination of Canadian candidates to other awarding countries of the Commonwealth. The Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada continues to be responsible for the financial, travel and other "housekeeping" arrangements involved in the Plan.

During the year under report, no expansion of the existing programme was made. However, after a careful study, by the Committee, of the allowances made under the Plan, the Government of Canada increased the monthly maintenance allowance for undergraduates from \$165.00 to \$185.00 and for graduates from \$180.00 to \$210.00; the marriage allowance was also increased from \$100.00 to \$115.00.

The Committee remains most concerned about the number of nominations which are being submitted after the deadline and about the number of incomplete nominations received. In addition, where a diploma is submitted in lieu of the applicant's actual record of marks obtained and courses undertaken, the final selection and university placement are greatly hindered.

An important part of the Plan continues to be the Fellowship programme under which a full complement of three Research and five Visiting Fellows held awards in Canada during the year under report. These Fellowships have proved to be most successful, both on the part of the Fellow and the Canadian host institution.

This year was marled by a noticeable increase of interest by Canadian students in the opportunities offered under the Plan. The Committee is pleased to report that Canadians are becoming more aware of the opportunities in the newer member countries of the Commonwealth and the number of applications for study in these countries is increasing from year to year.

CEYLON

The Ministry of Education continues to be in charge of administering the Plan in Ceylon.

The Plan has become most popular among Ceylonese students seeking opportunities for postgraduate studies and research abroad. It is found that Government Departments, State Corporation and Universities look forward to availing themselves of the rare facilities under the Plan in order to get their employees trained in fields relevant to their development

programmes. This is particularly so with the Universities which are bound to provide facilities for their lecturers to obtain higher degrees in their respective fields before such lecturers are confirmed in their posts. At the time selections are made, the Ministry of Education has made special endeavour to maintain an equitable distribution of awards with a view to meeting such needs at the national level. An important feature is the consideration given to postgraduate studies and research, especially when facilities for such studies are not locally available. As a result it is very rarely that attention is paid to applications for undergraduate courses for which opportunities are available in the country's own Universities and Technical Institutions.

During the period under review, Ceylon received 13 new awards. Several awards already made earlier were extended to cover a further period of one year. It is a recurrent feature that most Scholarship holders seek an extension for a third year. However, such requests are allowed only after giving due consideration not only to the principles underlying the Plan but also to the immediate requirements of the institutions where the Scholars were originally employed. Exigencies of service have compelled the Ministry of Education to call back Scholars without such extensions being given.

By way of her own contribution to the Plan, Ceylon awarded during this period 3 Scholarships at postgraduate level. The three Scholarships were awarded to nominees from India, Canada and the United Kingdom to follow courses in Ceylon History, Indian Philosophy and Buddhist Civilisation respectively. The total number of Commonwealth Scholars holding awards in Ceylon during the period concerned was 12.

CYPRUS

Cyprus has no institution of University level and therefore is mainly a nominating country under the Plan. As an awarding country it makes available to the other Commonwealth countries five two-year scholarships in forestry, every two years, at the Prodromos Forestry College.

The Scholarship agency continues to be the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The responsible authority for the selection of candidates for nomination continues to be the same, but it has changed its title from Scholarships Selection Board to Scholarship Board, and its address is c/o Ministry of Finance, Nicosia.

Commonwealth Scholarships are given wide publicity in Cyprus and attract a big number of applications, especially those offered by U.K., Canada and Australia.

During the year under review Britain has made four awards to Cypriot candidates but only three were taken up in the fields of Highway Engineering (postgraduate), Electrical Engineering (undergraduate) and Civil Engineering (undergraduate). Canada has also made two awards for postgraduate studies in Physics and Engineering Geology. We have not yet been informed of the results of our nominations for the scholarships of Australia, New Zealand and Ceylon. Two nominations submitted by Cyprus

for 1971 Canadian scholarships have not, unfortunately, been successful. Unsuccessful has also been our nomination for the 1971 Trinidad and Tobago scholarship.

Britain has extended the awards of three undergraduate scholars until July 1972, for the completion of their B.Sc. degree in Electrical, Mechanical and Civil Engineering respectively, and of one postgraduate scholar until October 1971, for the completion of his M.Sc. in Forest Economics.

During the period covered by the report six Commonwealth Scholars completed their studies in Britain and returned to Cyprus. Three of them obtained B.Sc. degrees in Electrical, Agricultural and Chemical Engineering respectively. One of them went to Canada to pursue postgraduate studies, another has been employed by Government and the third by a private firm. The other three were Government officers who completed postgraduate studies in Anaesthetics, Town Planning and Veterinary Medicine, and resumed their duties in the Departments of Medical Services, Town Planning and Housing and Veterinary Services respectively. Furthermore, two Government officers obtained their M.A. in Economics in Canada and returned to their posts in the Planning Bureau and a sixth officer returned from New Zealand where he studied for the Diploma in Child Health. It appears from the above that the Commonwealth scholarships satisfy, to some extent, the needs of the Cyprus Government in providing training for its staff in fields commanding priority under the Government's development plans.

FIJI

Although the administration of the Plan continues to be carried out by the Secretary, Scholarships Selection Committee, the department which it comes under has changed from Localisation and Training Department to the Public Service Department, Government Buildings, Suva, Fiji.

So far six new awards have been taken up. Of these, three were for postgraduate studies and three for undergraduate studies. This does not include awards that were being extended from the year before.

Fiji would like to place on record her gratitude to those countries that have offered her Scholarships at both undergraduate and postgraduate levels.

THE GAMBIA

There have been no changes in the working of the Plan in The Gambia during the reporting period. The increased competence of returning Scholars continues to have positive benefits for the institutions in which they are employed.

GHANA

No report received.

GUYANA

There have been no changes in the procedure established for the administration of the Plan, which continues to attract applicants from both the Government and private sectors.

During the period under review Guyana received three awards - one from Australia to enable the candidate to pursue a course in the Teaching of English as a Second Language, and two from Canada in the fields of English (M.A. degree) and Wave Mechanics.

The holder of a 1968 United Kingdom award successfully completed the D.Phil. degree course in Agricultural Economics, and was granted an extension to carry out post-doctoral research work which followed on his thesis. One 1969 United Kingdom scholar had his award extended beyond the two-year period to obtain a Ph.D. degree in Law.

Guyana is aware of the benefits which accrue from these awards, and every effort will be made to take advantage of future offers.

INDIA

There has been no change in the organisational machinery for the administration of the Plan or for the award of Scholarships and Fellowships to the nationals of other Commonwealth countries. The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan continues to be popular with participating countries and the Ministry of Education & Youth Services, Government of India is, as in previous years, responsible for its administration.

The offers of awards to India for 1971 were received from the Governments of Australia, Canada, Ceylon, East Africa, Ghana, Hong Kong, Jamaica, New Zealand, Nigeria, Trinidad and Tobago and the United Kingdom. As usual, these awards covered a wide range of subjects. The applicants showed a particular interest in Agriculture, Basic Sciences, Engineering and Technology, the Humanities, Medicine and Veterinary Science. Applications were also received for the study of Archaeology, Fine Arts, Linguistics, etc. The awards offered by the Governments of the United Kingdom and Canada continued to be very popular judging by the large number of applications received for them. The Indian offer of 50 awards (45 Scholarships and 5 Fellowships) for 1970/71 was circulated to Commonwealth countries. Nominations were received from the Governments of Australia, Barbados, Canada, Ceylon, Fiji, Guyana, Kenya, Malaysia, Mauritius, Nigeria, Sierra Leone, Trinidad and Tobago, Uganda and the

United Kingdom. The awards utilised covered a wide range of subjects such as Anthropology, Architecture, Economics, Engineering, Fine Arts, Geography, History, Hockey Coaching, Literature, Medicine and Physical Education.

Normally the Scholarships are tenable for a period of two years with provision of extension to a third year. Some Commonwealth countries have granted extensions on the basis of the Scholars' performances in order to enable them to complete their studies.

As most of the Indian Scholars who received the Scholarships were employed i.e., they were sponsored candidates, they rejoined their employers in India after the completion of their studies abroad. A few Scholars on completion of their studies abroad did not wish to return to India as employment opportunities were more favourable in the country to which they had been sent for study. This was particularly noticeable in the case of candidates sent to the United Kingdom and Canada.

Considerable benefit is derived both by the Scholars and their employers from their studies and research abroad. The experience gained abroad in their field of specialization has stood them in good stead in their day to day work.

The University Grants Commission, on a request from the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom agreed to co-ordinate the scheme of Commonwealth Academic Staff Awards from 1969/70 onwards. The co-ordination includes both Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellowships and Commonwealth Academic Staff Scholarships. The University Grants Commission nominates suitably qualified candidates for consideration by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom.

The programme of Commonwealth Academic Staff Awards is considered to be of real value to Indian Academics who wish to spend an academic year in a university in the United Kingdom to pursue their research interests and to participate in the teaching activities of the departments concerned. It also helps to establish worthwhile contacts between the scholars and scientists of Indian Universities and the Universities of the United Kingdom.

JAMAICA

The official agency of the Plan in Jamaica continued to be the Ministry of Education (Post Primary Section).

For the first time since the inception of the Plan, a total of twelve graduates received awards from other countries, including one from Malaysia. Several scholars were granted extensions, usually to complete Ph.D. degree courses.

Though there have been requests for an increase in the number of awards offered by Jamaica, this has not been possible up to now. This year's award was offered to a Pakistani, who was unable to take it up.

Our Scholars have benefited greatly from the Plan, and some now hold positions of responsibility as Lecturers at the University of the West Indies and at the Institute of Technology, as Heads of Government Departments, and in the private sector, especially in the fields of Engineering, Law and Medicine.

KENYA

No report received.

LESOTHO

No report received.

MALAWI

The administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in Malawi remains the responsibility of the Chief Personnel Officer, Office of the President and Cabinet, Personnel Division (Training), P.O. Box 167, Zomba, Malawi.

During the period 1 April 1970 to 31 March 1971 five candidates were nominated for awards tenable in Britain; two to read for Ph.D. degrees in Physical and Organic Chemistry and the other three to read for M.Sc. degrees in Biochemistry.

Malawi feels that the tenure of Commonwealth Scholarships should be extended beyond two years to enable Scholars to qualify for higher degrees. The programme should also include Scholarships at undergraduate level to enable developing countries to send students on professional and specialist courses if training facilities for such courses are not available in the nominating countries.

Short term visits should be included in the operation of the Plan for University Registrars, Vice Chancellors and Senior Lecturers, etc.

The operation of the Plan in Malawi does not for the time being call for the production of a separate official report, but it is hoped that with the increasing number of Scholars, this may become necessary.

Up to now, Malawi has continued to be to a large extent a recipient country due to the limited facilities available at its institutions of higher learning.

MALAYSIA

The administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in Malaysia, known as the Malaysian Liaison Committee is still being handled by the Ministry of Education Malaysia, Federal House, Kuala Lumpur. Its Committee consists of a Chairman, three members and a Secretary. They are:-

Chairman :	Director General, Public Services Department, Malaysia;
Member :	Chief Education Adviser, Malaysia;
Member :	Vice Chancellor, University of Malaya, Kuala Lumpur;
Member :	Vice Chancellor, National University, Kuala Lumpur;
Secretary:	Principal Assistant Secretary, Scholarship & Training Division, Ministry of Education, Malaysia.

The Committee offers awards to candidates from other Commonwealth countries tenable at the Universities in Malaysia. It also selects and nominates candidates from Malaysia for awards tenable in other Commonwealth countries.

Malaysia offers six Scholarships yearly and these awards are for postgraduate studies and research in Administration, Agriculture, Arts, Economics, Education, Engineering or Science.

From 1 April 1970 to 31 March 1971, a total of four Scholarships were held by scholars from other Commonwealth countries. The students are:-

	Name of Student	Country	Course of Study
(1)	David William	Barbados	M.A. (Education)
(2)	Emmanuel Ajayi Olaffin	Nigeria	M.A. (Geography)
(3)	John Edward Bishop	Canada	Ph.D. (Ecology)
(4)	Leonard Edwin Maganga Moogo	Kenya	Master of Education

All are for postgraduate studies at the University of Malaya. Two of these Scholars will be leaving Malaysia in May 1971.

Malaysia is at present still unable to embark on other programmes such as awards for professional and technical courses, for social, rural and adult education and awards for short term visits by senior educationists or administrators. There is also no award at undergraduate level.

Since the inception of the Plan Malaysia has sent not less than 108 Scholars to other Commonwealth countries such as Australia, Britain, Canada, New Zealand, Nigeria and Pakistan for postgraduate training. They have greatly benefited the country in various fields.

MALTA

All aspects of the administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan are still entrusted to the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee which sits under the Chairmanship of the Director of Education.

Since 1 April 1970 six new Scholarships have been awarded to our nominees, one to read for a B.Sc. degree in Biochemistry in the United Kingdom, one to read for a Diploma in Ophthalmology in the United Kingdom, one to undergo postgraduate training in Dermatology in the United Kingdom, one to read for the degree of M.Educ. in Canada, one to read for the Ph.D. degree in Physics in Canada and one to read for the Dip.Educ. in Australia.

A candidate was sent to Australia to read for a B.Sc. degree in Special Mathematics but returned after one month.

Of five Scholars who were holding Scholarships during the current year, one is reading for the B.Sc. degree in Special Zoology in the United Kingdom, one is reading for the B.A. degree in Economics in the United Kingdom, one is reading for the M.R.C.P. in Neurology in the United Kingdom, one is reading for the M.A. degree in Audio Visual Aids in Canada, and one is reading for the B.Sc. degree in Mathematics.

Malta awards one Scholarship under the Plan tenable at the Royal University of Malta to one Scholar from any country in the Commonwealth to enable him to read for a First or a Higher Degree. At present, a candidate from Hong Kong is reading for a degree in Medicine.

The return of Commonwealth Scholars from abroad is not a problem. All Commonwealth Scholars are making valuable contributions in the field of knowledge for which they received training.

The conclusions reached at the Fourth Commonwealth Education Conference in Lagos 1968 are endorsed and observed in the operation of the Plan in Malta especially in regard to work-related awards.

Publicity was given by means of Press releases, over the local Relay System and on Television, to relevant information in the year under review.

It is regretted that Malta did not participate in the Fifth Commonwealth Education Conference in Canberra 1971.

MAURITIUS

There have been no changes in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in Mauritius since 1 April 1970. The selection of candidates for nomination is carried out by an "ad hoc" committee appointed by the Ministry of Education & Cultural Affairs.

The Economic Planning Unit, whose advice is sought in respect of Manpower Planning before the actual processing of applications, helps to gear the award of scholarships to fields of training which meet the requirements of Mauritius. In addition, a representative of the Ministry of Economic Planning & Development is invited to sit on the Commonwealth Selection Committee. Whenever possible, a representative of the donor country is also invited to participate in the work of the local Selection Committee.

During the period under review, Mauritius received 14 awards under the Plan from the Governments of Canada, Cyprus, India, New Zealand, Pakistan and the United Kingdom.

It is noted with gratitude that one Commonwealth Scholar in Australia has been allowed an extension of Scholarship to prepare the Master's or Ph.D. degree.

A report on the operation of the Plan in Mauritius is shortly to be published in the Annual Report of the Ministry of Education & Cultural Affairs for 1970.

NAURU

No report received.

NEW ZEALAND

There have been no new developments in the administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in New Zealand since our last report.

There will be 27 scholars holding Commonwealth Scholarships in New Zealand during the first term of 1971. Of these, one will be in the fifth year, four in the fourth year, five in the third year, ten in the second year and seven in the first year. Eight Scholars completed their courses during the year and returned home, all with the qualifications for which they came to New Zealand. Three further Scholars, whose awards have terminated, are remaining in New Zealand to complete their degrees.

New Zealand has been able to nominate 16 candidates for Scholarships tenable in Australia, Canada, Hong Kong and the United Kingdom and 13 New Zealanders took up study abroad during 1970.

Dr. E.R. Leach, Provost of King's College, Cambridge, and Professor R.H. Samuel, Emeritus Professor of German from Melbourne University, visited New Zealand as Commonwealth Prestige Fellows.

NIGERIA

The Federal Scholarship Board continues to be responsible for the administrative work in connection with Commonwealth Scholarship Awards. There was no change in the machinery set up and the Committee of Vice-Chancellors of Nigerian Universities continues to help in considering the applications for Nigerian awards.

An award was made at the undergraduate level for a degree in Law in addition to awards at Postgraduate level. There were three extensions to enable Scholars to qualify for their Ph.D. degrees. An important development during the period is the great increase in the number of research facilities in Nigerian Universities. It is the belief of this Scholarship agency that efforts should be made to help in the development of the Universities of less-developed member countries of the Commonwealth by creating opportunities for professors of the highly developed Universities to work in some of the new Universities.

PAKISTAN

No report received.

RHODESIA

Owing to the current circumstances it has not been possible to include a report on the working of the Plan in Rhodesia for 1970/71. The numbers of Rhodesian Scholars studying in other countries are included in the statistical tables in Appendix V. A number of nominations of Rhodesian applicants for awards tenable in Britain in the coming year were received through the Overseas Development Administration in London.

SIERRA LEONE

No report received.

SINGAPORE

As in previous years, the administration of the Plan remains the responsibility of the Public Service Commission under the Chairmanship of Dr. Phay Seng Whatt.

During the period under review, 9 new Scholarships were awarded. Of these, 7 were awarded by the United Kingdom, 1 by the Australian and one by the New Zealand Governments.

There were, at the close of the review period, 15 Commonwealth Scholars abroad. 13 have returned to serve in either the public service or the local institutions of higher learning.

SWAZILAND

No report received.

TANZANIA

No report received.

TONGA

The Scholarships Advisory Committee has responsibility for the general administrative arrangements. The Minister of Education is Chairman of this Committee and the Director of Education functions as adviser and executive to it. The Scholarships and Vocational Guidance Officer in the Education Department is Secretary to the Committee and is responsible to the Director for all follow-up action.

Membership of the Committee is broadly based to include a representative of the secondary schools, the Statutory Boards and Government departments. Committee may also co-opt as necessary.

In Tonga applications are not invited for awards under any particular scheme but for fields of study and courses which meet the territory's training requirements. The nominees selected and their chosen fields of study are then allocated to the most suitable and relevant scheme.

The scheme generally works very well for Tonga. It might be indicated however that more liberal consideration could be given to the needs of Tonga for places in first degree courses in medicine and science.

In particular it should be realised that the opportunities for studies in medicine at first degree level are very limited in the Region.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

No changes or additions have taken place in the administration of the Plan in Trinidad and Tobago since April 1970.

During this period two Scholars were granted extensions of tenure of their Commonwealth Scholarships beyond two years to qualify for Ph.D. degrees in Economics and Education.

There has been no activity in the field of Visiting Fellowships or other senior awards.

No official report on the operation of the Plan in this country has been or is expected to be published, neither has a Handbook on the award of the Trinidad and Tobago Commonwealth Scholarships been published. This country offers one annual postgraduate award in Tropical Agriculture tenable at the University of the West Indies.

There is one point related to the operation of the Plan which is causing us some difficulty in certain cases. Some countries make their offer of awards known to us shortly before the closing date specified by them for the submission of nominations. This leaves us very little time to publicise the offers, receive and process applications. In fact, it is often impossible for us to make nominations by the specified closing date in such cases.

It is suggested therefore, that all donor Governments be asked to give as far as possible, at least three (preferably four) months notice of the availability of awards.

UGANDA

The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan has continued to work smoothly. The administrative machinery for the selection of candidates remained the same as in the previous years.

In some cases however, we were not able to send any nominations in response to some member Countries' invitations. This was not because we were not interested in those offers, but it was due to shortage of suitably qualified candidates. All the same, we are very grateful to all those member Countries which have offered to us training facilities under the scheme.

There was a considerable increase in the number of applications received in response to the advertisements, but as in the past, the majority of the applicants were requesting courses of low priority as far as manpower

requirements were concerned, and as such they were not recommended.

In some cases however, the applicants' educational background and practical experience were not good enough for the type of courses they were intending to pursue, while in others, the candidates could not be released by their employers, due to shortage of staff, to enable them to go for further studies.

As in the past a number of member Countries offered to us scholarships for undergraduate courses which are not available locally, but due to lack of candidates with the required or acceptable educational qualifications we have not unfortunately, been able to utilize these offers. Nevertheless, we would like to express our gratitude to those Countries for their co-operation and continuing interest in our development.

Returning scholars have readily been absorbed either in the Civil Service, Parastatal Bodies or in academic posts depending on their academic achievements.

WESTERN SAMOA

The Plan is still being administered by the Staff Training and Scholarship Committee which is responsible for the co-ordination and administration of all training awards offered to the Western Samoan Government.

Western Samoa does not award scholarships to students of other Commonwealth countries. The Fifth Commonwealth Conference provided useful information and contacts from the donor countries in this area of Commonwealth participation.

Undergraduate scholarship awards are still the most urgently required in all fields, but more particularly in secondary school teaching.

Short term visits for senior educationists or officers in other specialised fields would also be most useful.

The difficulties that can arise in connection with returning scholars to their home countries after training overseas, could be minimised by placing our students in countries closer to Western Samoa (e.g. Australia, New Zealand) and through strict application of immigration regulations.

Placing students for university study within a certain geographic region is also helpful when school terms are taken into consideration. Often the closing dates of certain applications occur long before external examination results are available for Western Samoan students.

Western Samoa would welcome the opportunity to suggest areas of study in which fellowships could be made available.

ZAMBIA

There have been no additions or changes in the machinery of the working of the Plan in Zambia between 1 April 1970 and 31 March 1971. The Government has as yet not decided to take on the responsibilities of an awarding country.

With the increased output of graduates from the University of Zambia we hope to make full use of the awards made available under the Plan and it is hoped that the awarding countries will be able to offer more Scholarships to our nominees.

APPENDICES

		Page
I.	List of Commonwealth Scholarship agencies	35
II.	Commonwealth Scholarship emoluments	41
III.	Register of Commonwealth Scholars who have taken up awards during the period under report	43
IV.	Commonwealth Visiting Fellowships and other senior awards under the Plan:	
	1. List of Fellowships, emoluments and conditions of awards	55
	2. Register of Fellows who have taken up awards during the period under report	62
V.	Statistical tables:	
	1. Nominations invited by awarding countries	71
	2. Applications received in the nominating countries for Commonwealth Scholarships	72
	3. Nominations made to the awarding countries	74
	4. Commonwealth Scholarships taken up in the awarding countries	75
	5. Commonwealth Scholarships held in the awarding countries	76
	6. Analysis by age and sex of Scholarships held in the awarding countries:	
	(a) according to awarding country	77
	(b) according to nominating country	78
	7. Analysis by course of Scholarships held in the awarding countries:	
	(a) according to awarding country	79
	(b) according to nominating country	80
	8. Analysis by subject of Scholarships held in the awarding countries:	
	(a) according to awarding country	81
	(b) according to nominating country	82

The appendices have been compiled from information submitted by participating countries. No information has been received from Antigua, Ghana, Kenya, Lesotho, Nauru, Pakistan, Sierra Leone, Swaziland and Tanzania and the appendices are therefore incomplete.

The statistical tables of Appendix V conform closely to the pattern of earlier Reports. Tables 1 - 4 set out the various stages of selection operations. They do not always refer to a single competition for each awarding country since some competitions span two reporting periods. Tables 5 - 8 show the number of Scholars notified to the Association as holding awards during the reporting period analysed by age, sex, course and subject of study. For the purpose of these tables all Scholars are included who were holding awards in the first term of the academic year which began in (or in the case of Australia and New Zealand which began just before) the reporting period, e.g. the 6 scholars shown as holding awards in Hong Kong are those who were on course in the term October to December 1970; the 26 scholars shown as holding awards in New Zealand are those who were on course in the term March to May 1970, and so on.

APPENDIX 1

List of Commonwealth Scholarship Agencies

(Addresses as at 30 June 1971)

A U S T R A L I A	The Secretary, Department of Education & Science, P.O. Box 826, Canberra City, A.C.T., 2601.
B A R B A D O S	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, St. Michael.
B O T S W A N A	Chief Education Officer, Central Bursaries Committee, Ministry of Education, Private Bag 5, Gaborone.
B R I T A I N	The Joint Secretary, Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom, 36 Gordon Square, London WC1H 0PF
Bahamas	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Culture, P.M. Bag 213, Nassau.
Bermuda	The Permanent Secretary for Education, Department of Education, P.O. Box 1185, Hamilton.
British Honduras	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, Housing and Labour, Belmopan.
British Solomon Islands	The Director of Education, Department of Education, Honiara.
British Virgin Islands	Chief Education Officer, Education Department, Tortola.
Brunei	The High Commissioner for Brunei, Office of His Excellency the High Commissioner for Brunei.
Gibraltar	The Chief Education Officer, Department of Education, 277 Main Street.
Gilbert and Ellice Islands	The Resident Commissioner, Gilbert and Ellice Islands Colony, Tarawa, Gilbert Islands, Western Pacific.

Hong Kong	The Director of Education, Education Department, Lee Gardens, Hysan Avenue.
New Hebrides	The Chief Education Officer, British Education Service, Vila Efate, New Hebrides, Western Pacific.
St. Helena	The Education Officer, Education Department, Jamestown, St. Helena, South Atlantic Ocean.
Seychelles	The Director of Education, The Secretariat, Queen's Building, Mahe.
West Indies	
Leeward Islands	
Antigua	The Education Officer, Ministry of Social Services, St. John's.
Montserrat	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Social Services, Plymouth.
St. Christopher - Nevis and Anguilla	The Chief Establishment Officer, Establishment Division, Government Headquarters, P.O. Box 186.
Windward Islands	
Dominica	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Health.
Grenada	The Chief Education Officer, Ministry for Education and Social Affairs, St. George's.
St. Lucia	The Permanent Secretary (Education), Ministry of Education and Health, Castries.
St. Vincent	The Chief Personnel Officer, Service Commissions Department.
C A N A D A	The Secretary, Canadian Common- wealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee, c/o Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada, 151 Slater Street, Ottawa 4, Ontario.

C E Y L O N	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Cultural Affairs, Malay Street, Colombo 2.
C Y P R U S	The Director General, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Nicosia.
F I J I	The Secretary, Scholarships Selection Committee, Public Service Department, Government Buildings, Suva.
T H E G A M B I A	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, Health and Social Welfare, Government of the Gambia, Bathurst.
G H A N A	The Registrar of Scholarships, Scholarships Secretariat, P.O. Box M. 75, Ministry Branch Post Office, Accra.
G U Y A N A	The Permanent Secretary, Public Service Ministry, (Training Division), 65-67 High Street, Kingston, Georgetown.
I N D I A	The Deputy Educational Adviser (ES), Ministry of Education and Social Welfare, Government of India, Shastri Bhavan, Post Box No. 445, New Delhi 1.
J A M A I C A	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, 5 South Race Course, P.O. Box 498, Kingston.
K E N Y A	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box 30040, Nairobi.
L E S O T H O	The Permanent Secretary for Education, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box 47, Maseru.
M A L A W I	The Chief Personnel Officer, Office of the President and Cabinet, Personnel Division (Training), P.O. Box 167, Zomba.
M A L A Y S I A	The Secretary, Malaysian Liaison Committee, Commonwealth Education Scheme, Ministry of Education, Federal House, Kuala Lumpur.
(All States)	

M A L T A	The Director of Education, Education Office, 141 St. Christopher's Street, Valletta, Malta, G.C.
M A U R I T I U S	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Cultural Affairs, Government House, Port Louis.
N A U R U	The Secretary, Department of Health and Education, Nauru, Central Pacific.
N E W Z E A L A N D	The Chairman, Commonwealth Scholarships and Fellowships Committee, University Grants Committee, University House, Cnr. Bowen and Mowbray Streets, P.O. Box 8035, Wellington, C.1.
N I G E R I A	The Permanent Secretary, Federal Ministry of Education, (Scholarships Division), Lagos.
P A K I S T A N	The Deputy Educational Adviser, Ministry of Education and Scientific Research (Education Division), Government of Pakistan, Islamabad.
R H O D E S I A	Room A 305, Ministry of Overseas Development, Eland House, Stag Place, London, S.W.1.
S I E R R A L E O N E	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, New England, Freetown.
S I N G A P O R E	The Secretary, Public Service Commission, Supreme Court Building, Singapore 6.
S W A Z I L A N D	The Permanent Secretary, Prime Minister's Office, Department of Establishments and Training, P.O. Box 170, Mbabane.
T A N Z A N I A	The Principal Secretary, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box 9121, Dar es Salaam.
T O N G A	The British Commissioner and Consul, British Consulate, Nuku'alofa.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	The Chief Personnel Officer, Personnel Department, Training Section, Trinidad House, Port of Spain.
UGANDA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, Crested Towers, P.O. Box 7063, Kampala.
WESTERN SAMOA	The Commonwealth Scholarship Agency for Western Samoa, c/o The Office of the New Zealand High Commission, New Zealand House, Haymarket, London, S.W.1.
ZAMBIA	The Secretary, Bursaries Committee, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box RW 93, Ridgeway, Lusaka.

APPENDIX 11

Commonwealth Scholarship Emoluments

Commonwealth Scholarships are normally intended to cover return fares, fees, an allowance for maintenance and books and certain other expenses. They are usually open only to persons under 35 years of age who are Commonwealth citizens or British protected persons and resident in Commonwealth countries other than the awarding country. They are tenable at a university or other institution of higher learning in the awarding country and are normally awarded for advanced study or research to graduates or holders of an equivalent qualification. Under certain circumstances an award may be made to enable a student to proceed to a first degree or to a graduate who wishes to undertake further undergraduate study. The normal period of tenure is two academic years, but awards may be made for shorter or longer periods. The conditions and emoluments of awards are determined by the various awarding countries and are given in detail in the Tenth Annual Report. (Increased maintenance allowance rates have been announced by Canada and now stand at \$210.00 per month for graduates and \$185.00 for undergraduates).

APPENDIX 111

Register of Commonwealth Scholars who have taken up awards during the period under report

This Register is intended to provide a complete and permanent record for reference purposes of all persons who have held Commonwealth Scholarships in any country. The present list shows those Commonwealth Scholars who have taken up awards in the various awarding countries at any time during the year under report. It does not include the names of Scholars who took up awards before 1 April, 1970 (the beginning of the present reporting period). Table 4 in Appendix V shows in statistical form how the Scholars listed in the Register were distributed in the various Commonwealth countries.

AUSTRALIA

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Allan, R.	Canada	Adelaide	English Literature
Borg, S. (Miss)	Malta	Melbourne	Education
Chant, D.C.	Britain	Australian National University	Statistics
Clarke, C.M. (Mrs.)	Canada	Sydney	English Literature
Clunie, N.M.U.	Fiji	Australian National University	Plant Ecology
Collins, C. (Mrs.)	Britain	Sydney	Pharmacology
Doku, E.V.	Ghana	New England	Agronomy
Ebukali, W.	Uganda	Sydney	Town and Country Planning
Gan, H.T.	Singapore	Melbourne	Business Administration
Hadley, D.J.	Canada	Queensland	Marine Zoology
Johnson, J. (Miss)	Guyana	Sydney	English Language
Larbi, S.O.	Ghana	Sydney	Pharmacology
Lue, G.A.	Jamaica	Sydney	Computer Science
Leavens, B.R.	Canada	Sydney	Town and Country Planning
Martin, R.B.	New Zealand	Queensland	Zoology
Mella, P.N.P.	Tanzania	Sydney	Veterinary Science
Moghal, S.M.	Pakistan	Adelaide	Plant Pathology
Molloy, F.M. (Miss)	Canada	Sydney	Psychology
Mustapha, G.A.	Nigeria	New South Wales	Microwave Engineering
Othman bin Yaacob	Malaysia	New England	Soil Science
Oudit, D.D.	Trinidad	New South Wales	Chemical Engineering
Powell-Davies, P.G.	Britain	Sydney	Philosophy
Prasad, R.	Fiji	Tasmania	Medicine
Rao, H.V.	India	Melbourne	Thermodynamics
Rotter, J.M.	Britain	Sydney	Civil Engineering

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Seckley, F.K.	Ghana	Sydney	Building Science
Siaosi'Aho	Tonga	Monash	Medicine
Taldena, D.L.	Ceylon	New South Wales	Electrical Engineering
Vanmali, A.K.	Fiji	New South Wales	Physics
Weyman-Jones, T.G.	Britain	Melbourne	Economics
Williamson, J.A.	New Zealand	Melbourne	English Literature
Yan, W.T.V. (Dr.)	Hong Kong	Royal Melbourne Hospital	Haemodynamics

BRITAIN

Adebanjo, T.I.	Nigeria	Sheffield	Electrical Engineering
Adekeye, E.O.	Nigeria	London	Dental Surgery
Adewusi, Adebowale	Nigeria	Bristol	Mechanical Engineering
Adomako-Mensah, J.O.	Ghana	Glasgow	Surgery
Ahmed, Mesbahuddin	Pakistan	Kent	Physics
Akbar, M.S.	Pakistan	Aberdeen	Paediatrics
Akingbehin, N.A.	Nigeria	Belfast	Surgery
Allen, Susan (Miss)	Rhodesia	London	Plant Pathology
Allgrove, M.A.L.J.	Jamaica	Manchester	Structural Engineering
Amenumey, D.E.K.	Ghana	Manchester	African History
Animfen, W.O.	Ghana	London	French
Arazm, Dorothy A. (Miss)	Canada	London	Classics
Archer, Esther Y. (Miss)	Barbados	Edinburgh	Paediatrics
Archibald, K.A.E.	St. Kitts	Kent	Animal Production
Ardayfio, Elizabeth A. (Miss)	Ghana	Birmingham	Historical Geography
Aregbesola, Y.A.	Nigeria	Sheffield	Applied Mathematics
Aronson, M.I.	Australia	Oxford	Law
Aust, R.J.	Australia	Sussex	Operational Research
Azizullah	Pakistan	Hull	Zoology
Banda, F.G.M.	Malawi	Sheffield	Organic Chemistry
Bannister, J.V.	Malta	Oxford	Biochemistry
Banting, K.G.	Canada	Oxford	Political Science
Barrett, C.A.	Canada	London	Economics
Basten, John	Australia	Oxford	Law
Battle, K.R.	Canada	Oxford	Politics
Beaglehole, Robert	New Zealand	London	Medicine
Bennett, J.A.	British Honduras	London	Education
Bernard, G.W.	Jamaica	London	Obstetrics and Gynaecology
Bhagwabani, Sundri (Miss)	India	Cardiff	Obstetrics and Gynaecology

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Black, Elizabeth M. (Miss)	Canada	Cambridge	English
Blom, Joost	Canada	Oxford	Law
Boyd, G.A.C.	Dominica	Leeds	Physics and Chemistry
Burkett, Gene	Jamaica	London	Obstetrics and Gynaecology
Burnham, Wendy E. (Miss)	Canada	Cambridge	Mediaeval History
Callaghan, P.T.	New Zealand	Oxford	Physics
Campbell, C.C.	Jamaica	London	History
Chan Wing-Cheung, Jimmy	Hong Kong	London	Science Education
Chaturvedi, D.K.	India	Aberdeen	Veterinary Science
Chen Yu-Shiun	Hong Kong	London	Computer Science
Chia Zse-Han, Paul	Hong Kong	Cardiff	Anaesthetics
Chien Yu, (Miss)	Hong Kong	Liverpool	Anaesthetics
Chinebuah, I.K.	Ghana	London	Phonetics and Linguistics
Ching'Anda, E.F.	Malawi	Cambridge	Agricultural Science
Chitiyo, M.E.	Rhodesia	London	Clinical Pathology
Choudhury, S.A.R.	Pakistan	Bristol	Neuro-pharmacology
+Chow Hing Lun	Hong Kong	Liverpool	Mathematics
Chow Hok-Lim, Frankie	Hong Kong	Oxford	Zoology
Choy Hon Kum	Malaysia	London	Dental Studies
Chu Lun Sang	Hong Kong	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Engineering
Clements, R.H.G.	Ceylon	Reading	Agronomy
Cohen, R.J.	Australia	Manchester	Radio Astronomy
Colebatch, H.K.	Australia	Sussex	Comparative Politics
Coleiro, Joseph	Malta	Edinburgh and London	Ophthalmology
Cotsell, M.A.	Rhodesia	Birmingham	English Literature
Cozier, A.F.	Trinidad	Nottingham	Planning
Cutler, D.J.	Australia	London	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Daoust, Yvette J.H. (Miss)	Canada	London	Comparative Literature
Dhanagare, D.N.	India	Sussex	Sociology
Diebolt, R.D.	Canada	London	Law
Drolet, Jean	Canada	Manchester	Political Science
+Edwards, W.F.	Guyana	Lancaster	Linguistics
Elliott, S.W.	Australia	Cambridge	Pure Mathematics
Fafowora, O.O.	Nigeria	Oxford	History
+Fimbo, G.M.	Tanzania	London	Law
Foong Sim Kang	Malaysia	London	Dental Public Health
Foster, H.R.K.	Canada	Sussex	History of Ideas
Fung Kin Kwong, Alan	Hong Kong	Sheffield	Botany
Gilbert, A.D.	Australia	Oxford	History

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Gairola, V.K.	India	London	Geology
Garnett, Ian	Canada	Edinburgh	Animal Genetics
Ghotra, J.S.	India	London	Inorganic Chemistry
Gilkes, M.A.	Guyana	Kent	English Literature
Gold, A.D.	Canada	London	Law
Gray, R.H.	Australia	London	Medical Demography
Grell, G.A.C.	Dominica	London	Medicine
Gunatilaka, A.A.L.	Ceylon	London	Organic Chemistry
Hanson, R.A.C.	New Zealand	Cambridge	Architecture
Harding, G.L.	Australia	Cambridge	Physics
Harwood, J.F.	Australia	Cambridge	English
Hayhoe, Mary M. (Miss)	Australia	Cambridge	Mathematical Psychology
Haynes, Roslynn D. (Mrs.)	Australia	Leicester	English
Ho Ping Kong	Jamaica	Edinburgh	Medicine
Howell, J.A.S.	Canada	Cambridge	Chemistry
Islam, T.S.	Pakistan	Essex	Economics
Ismond, Patricia A. (Miss)	St. Lucia	Kent	English Literature
Jackson, P.S.	New Zealand	Cambridge	Applied Mathematics
Jain, A.K.	India	Sheffield	Chemistry
Jain, Ashok	India	Bristol	Theoretical Physics
Jain, R.K.	India	Southampton	Aerodynamics
Jain, S.C.	India	Birmingham	Transportation and Traffic Planning
Jayasekera, G.J.B.W.	Ceylon	Liverpool	Surgery
Joarder, O.I.	Pakistan	Aberystwyth	Genetics
+Kandawire, J.A.K.	Malawi	Edinburgh	Sociology of Development
Kavadia, V.S.	India	Rothamsted Experimental Station	Agriculture
Kagi, D.A.	Australia	Southampton	Organic Chemistry
Khan, Ahmad	Pakistan	Leeds	Construction Engineering
Khan, Md. S.N.	Pakistan	Glasgow	Clinical Biochemistry
Khan, M.A.H.	Pakistan	Southampton	Structural Engineering
Khanna, S.K.	India	Newcastle upon Tyne	Agricultural Engineering
Khatoon, Naeema (Miss)	Pakistan	London	Organic Chemistry
Koval, J.J.	Canada	London	Statistics
Krauthammer, C.I.	Canada	Oxford	Political Science
Krishnamurthy, P.	India	Edinburgh	Geology
Kumar, Pushpendra	India	London	Indology
Kumar, Ram	India	London	Applied Mathematics
Kushalapa, K.A.	India	Edinburgh	Forestry

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Kyriacou, Gregory	Cyprus	London	Electronic Engineering
Lakkad, S.C.	India	Leeds	Mechanical Engineering
Lambrou, C.G.	Cyprus	Surrey	Highway Engineering
Langar, P.N.	India	Nottingham	Applied Biochemistry and Nutrition
Lee Kwok Chak, Raymond	Hong Kong	London	Statistics
Leigh, Colin	Canada	Manchester	Organic Chemistry
Leow, Siew Beng	Singapore	Leeds	Exploitation of Materials
Lepage, D.E.	Canada	London	Operational Research and Management Studies
Lim Chiang Peng	Singapore	Aston in Birmingham	Chemistry and Technology of Plastics
Limbanga, G.W.	Malawi	Edinburgh	Veterinary Science
Loh Soo Ann	Singapore	London	Orthodontics
Love, B.V.	New Zealand	Warwick	Pure Mathematics
Loxton, J.H.	Australia	Cambridge	Pure Mathematics
Lutchman, A.C.	Trinidad	Aston in Birmingham	Electrical Engineering
MacDowell, R.O.	Canada	London	Industrial Relations
McNinch, R.J.	Canada	Essex	Comparative Literature
Mahmud, A.I.	Pakistan	Essex	Economics
Manins, P.C.	Australia	Cambridge	Oceanography
Marar, B.C.	Singapore	Liverpool	Orthopaedic Surgery
Marchand, Claude (Miss)	Canada	Nottingham	Advanced Regional Studies
Mashingaidze, E.K.	Rhodesia	York	African History
Mason, G.F.	Grenada	Bristol	Horticultural Science
Mason, J.A.G.	Sierra Leone	Birmingham	Physical Education and Theology
Mathur, R.M.	India	London	Oral Pathology
Matoto, O.A.	Tonga	Durham	Population Studies
Mboge, A.L.B.	Gambia	Aberdeen	History
Mchombo, S.A.	Malawi	London	General Linguistics
Menon, V.J.	India	Cambridge	Physics
Mohan, Surendra	India	Birmingham	Transportation and Traffic Planning
Momoh, C.K.	Nigeria	Cambridge and Sheffield	Neuro- histochemistry
Mossman, Mary J. (Miss)	Canada	London	Law

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Mpande, L.D. +Mtegha, A.D.	Rhodesia Malawi	Manchester Aberystwyth	Government Agricultural Economics
Mugomba, A.T. Subh-o-Mujahid, Ghasy bin	Rhodesia Pakistan	Southampton Cambridge	Politics Economics
Munbodh, Munesh Munetsi, T.R.L.	Mauritius Rhodesia	Nottingham Surrey	Botany and Zoology Mechanical Engineering
Munyoro, N.T.	Rhodesia	Belfast	Obstetrics and Gynaecology
+Nacola, J.C. Nandan, S.P.	Fiji Fiji	Exeter Leeds	English Drama Linguistics and English Language Teaching
Narayan, R.K.J. +Ndegwa, John +Ndyanabangi, C.B. +Ngwira, T.N.K.	India Kenya Uganda Malawi	Aberystwyth London Lancaster Aberystwyth	Plant Genetics Library Studies Linguistics Agricultural Biochemistry
Noakes, J.L.	New Zealand	Oxford	Advanced Mathematics
Noordin, S.H. Norman, N.R. Nwaka, J.E. O'Brien, D.M. Ofosu, J.B. +Ogunsua, A.O. Ojo, E.A. Okoye, K.C.	Malaysia Australia Nigeria Australia Ghana Nigeria Nigeria Nigeria	Aberdeen Cambridge Birmingham Oxford Bath Reading London Newcastle-upon- Tyne	Forestry Economics Radiology English Applied Statistics Food Science Computer Science Radiology
Olumide, A.A. Onadeko, B.O. Ong Ho Sim Oranyeli, C.O.	Nigeria Nigeria Singapore Nigeria	Edinburgh Edinburgh Strathclyde Newcastle-upon- Tyne	Surgery Medicine Civil Engineering Agricultural Biochemistry
Orebamjo, T.O. Ormsby, M.J. Osborne, Anne M. (Miss) Otulana, H.I.	Nigeria New Zealand Trinidad Nigeria	Manchester Oxford Royal Academy of Music Newcastle-upon- Tyne	Botany Philosophy Music Geophysics
Owen, K.W.T. Pant, H.C.	Canada India	York Liverpool	English Veterinary Physiology
Payne, R.L. Perrings, Caroline J. (Miss) Poonia, N.S. Praeger, Cheryl E. (Miss) Prasad, Phoolan	Australia Rhodesia India Australia India	London Cambridge London Oxford Leeds	Control Systems Biochemistry Chemistry Advanced Mathematics Applied Mathematics

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Quoraishi, A.H.Md. A.H.	Pakistan	Manchester	Bacteriology
Rahman, Anisur	Pakistan	U.W.I.S.T.	Electronics
Rahman, Mustafizur	Pakistan	London	Bacteriology
Rajcoomar, B.R.H.S.	Mauritius	East Anglia	Philosophy and Economics
Rampal, V.V.	India	Southampton	Electrical Engineering
Ray, D.I.	Canada	London	Area Studies
Ray, R.K.	India	Birmingham	Physical Metallurgy
Runjunally, S.F.C.	Mauritius	London	Radiology
Sakthikumar, Somasundaran	Ceylon	London	Structural Engineering
Salawu, R.I.	Nigeria	Birmingham	Electronics
Salim, Saleha (Miss)	Malaysia	Hull	Anthropology
Sultan, Arjumand W. (Mrs.)	Pakistan	Nottingham	Biochemistry
Sakwanda, R.C.	Zambia	Birmingham	Economic Planning
Sawford, B.L.	Australia	London	Physical Chemistry
Scharbach, P.N.	Canada	Oxford	Theoretical Physics
Seah Ching Kie	Singapore	London	Computer Science
Sellahewa, Gamiini	Ceylon	London	Soil Mechanics
Shang Huai Min	Singapore	Aston in Birmingham	Production Engineering
Sheftel, I.M.	Zambia	Manchester	Government
+Shivji, T.G.	Tanzania	London	Law
Sichali, A.A.K.	Malawi	St. Andrews	Chemistry
Sidorski, M.S.	Canada	Manchester	French
Singh, M.P.	India	Cambridge	Veterinary Studies
Singh, Purushottam	India	London	Archaeology
Smart, N.C.	Australia	Cambridge	Astrophysics
Soler, Albert	Malta	London	Dermatology
Spence, C.S.	Guyana	Birmingham	Operational Research
Staines, Lynden E. (Miss)	Australia	Edinburgh	Linguistics
Stegmann, G.M.	Rhodesia	Cambridge	History
Stein, A.N.	Canada	Oxford	Chemistry
Subrahmanyam, Goli	India	Manchester	Soil Mechanics
Suhaimi, Ariffin	Malaysia	Reading	Zoology
Sulaiman, A.B.	Nigeria	London	Occupational Medicine
Surana, S.L.	India	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Engineering
+Taiwo, Oladele	Nigeria	Stirling	Nigerian Literature
Tarasoff, D.W.L.	Canada	Oxford	History
Tatar, R.Z.	Cyprus	Southampton	Economics
Taylor, B.M.	Australia	Oxford	Philosophy
Thenabadu, P.N.	Ceylon	Leeds	Medicine

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Theobalds, T.R.	Jamaica	London	Law
Thompson, Dorothy E. (Miss)	New Zealand	London	French
Tripathi, R.S.	India	Bangor	Botany
Tsangaris, Panayiotis	Cyprus	Sheffield	Civil Engineering
Tse Fu-Yuen	Hong Kong	London	Economic Geography
Ullah, M.I.	Pakistan	Cardiff	Anaesthetics
Ushewokunze, C.M.	Rhodesia	London	Law
Usoroh, N.J.	Nigeria	Newcastle-upon- Tyne	Soil Science
Vale, Kaye C. (Miss)	Australia	Oxford	Advanced Mathematics
Vasudevan, Seshachari	India	Liverpool	Surgery
Venkappayya, Devashya	India	Strathclyde	Inorganic Chemistry
Vinaygalingam, Thuraisingam	Ceylon	Birmingham	Information and Systems Engineering
Viswanathan, Krishnaswami	India	Cambridge	Applied Mathematics
Walker, Susan E. (Miss)	Canada	Sussex	English
Wambugu, N.W.	Kenya	Birmingham	Mechanical Engineering
Wani, M.R.	Pakistan	Cambridge	Chemical Engineering
Whitehead, Valerie L. (Miss)	Canada	Edinburgh	Zoology
Wigan, Barbara (Miss)	Australia	York	English
Wijayawardhana, Geekiyana	Ceylon	Liverpool	Medicine
Willox, P.G.	Canada	London	Political Science
Wilson, E.T.	Sierra Leone	London	Ophthalmology
Winstone, Pauline M. (Miss)	New Zealand	London	Mathematics
Wyke, F.A.	Trinidad	Strathclyde	Operational Research
Yearwood, P.J.	Canada	Sussex	History
Yusof, Khairuddin	Malaysia	Aberdeen	Obstetrics and Gynaecology
Zammit, L.J.	Gibraltar	Leeds	Chemistry
Zia Ul Islam	Pakistan	Cambridge	Physics
Zakauallah Khan, Muhammad	Pakistan	Dundee	Applied Mathematics
Zinyowera, Marufu	Rhodesia	Liverpool	Geography

+ Indicates Commonwealth Academic Staff Scholar.

HONG KONG

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Wesley-Smith, Peter	Australia	Hong Kong	Law and History

CANADA

Abeynayake, C. (Miss)	Ceylon	British Columbia	Economics
Ansah, J. A.	Ghana	Waterloo	Highway Engineering
Ansari, J. H.	India	Toronto	Town and Country Planning
Armitage, G. N.	Britain	British Columbia	Zoology
Aslam, T.	Pakistan	New Brunswick	Electrical Engineering
Azad, A. A.	Pakistan	Toronto	Biochemistry
Baqui, A.	Pakistan	Windsor	Electrical Engineering
Calleja, C.	Malta	Alberta	Education
Campbell, C. M.	Britain	Memorial	Marine Biology
Chong Seng, P.	Seychelles	Montreal	Electrical Engineering
Choudhury, A.	Pakistan	McGill	Biochemistry
Cox, P. A.	Britain	Calgary	Geography
David, P. G.	Mauritius	Ottawa	English and French
DeSilva, G. L.	Ceylon	Manitoba	Civil Engineering
Fawusi, M.	Nigeria	Guelph	Horticultural Science
Fernando, W. J.	Ceylon	Waterloo	Mathematics
Good, I. J.	Gambia	Ottawa	Educational Psychiatry
Gupta, R. D.	India	Queen's	Control Systems Engineering
Gupta, Santosh	India	Waterloo	Civil Engineering
Gupta, Satish	India	Saskatchewan	Soil Science and Agricultural Chemistry
Hampson, R. G.	Britain	Toronto	English Literature
Hart, A. L.	New Zealand	British Columbia	Plant Physiology
Heaney, J. B.	Britain	Alberta	English and American Literature
Heath, R. A.	Australia	McMaster	Psychology
Hiles, D. R.	Britain	McGill	Psychology
Hinkson, T. F.	St. Lucia	Manitoba	International Affairs
Hossain, A.	Pakistan	Dalhousie	Biochemistry
Hough, R.	Australia	Toronto	Civil Engineering
John, T. M.	Nigeria	Queen's	Chemical Engineering

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Kamaruzzaman, B.	Malaysia	Guelph	Chemistry
Kant, K.	India	McGill	Mechanical Engineering
Kargbo, M. S.	Sierra Leone	Guelph	Soil Science
Kashi, K. P.	India	Western Ontario	Zoology
Khoo, K. H.	Malaysia	British Columbia	Zoology
Kumar, R. C.	India	Waterloo	Electrical Engineering
Kwong, S. K.	Hong Kong	Toronto	World History
Malleck-Amode, S.	Mauritius	Dalhousie	Economics
Mangisi, S.	Tonga	Carleton	Public Administration
Mangoaela, P. M.	Lesotho	Dalhousie	Law
McColl, G. F.	Britain	Queen's	Psychology
Mill, F. L.	St. Kitts	Western Ontario	Geography
Munasinghe, P.	Ceylon	McGill	Electrical Engineering
Namaliu, R. L.	Papua and New Guinea	Victoria	History
Narasimham, S. V.	India	Queen's	Civil Engineering
Nhwani, L. B.	Tanzania	Memorial	Marine Biology
Ohiorhenuan, J.	Nigeria	McMaster	Industrial Planning
Olumu, M. J.	Nigeria	Alberta	Animal Science
O'Neal, R. S.	British Virgin Islands	McGill	Linguistics
Ong, K. T.	Singapore	Toronto	Mathematics, Statistics
Payne, J.	Barbados	Montreal	Literature
Petrou, P. C.	Cyprus	McMaster	Physics
Prakash, B.	India	Toronto	Political Economy
Rai, K. P.	India	Guelph	Agricultural Engineering
Rao, D. L. N.	India	Alberta	Civil Engineering
Rao, P. J.	India	McGill	Civil Engineering
Rao, T. S.	India	Waterloo	Electrical Engineering
Rao, V. J.	India	Calgary	Structural Engineering
Rungie, C. M.	Australia	Queen's	Business Administration
Sampson, M. (Miss)	Antigua	Laval	French
Sarwar-E-Alam, Md.	Pakistan	Queen's	Biochemistry
Savu, A.	Fiji	Guelph	Agricultural Economy
Siddique, K.	Pakistan	Dalhousie	English
Seeriram, J. T.	Trinidad	McGill	Economics
Slee, A. (Miss)	Australia	British Columbia	Chemistry
Smith, E. E. (Miss)	British Virgin Islands	Calgary	Commercial Accounting

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Sridharam, A. U.	India	Waterloo	Chemical Engineering
Srivastava, H. S. L.	India	McMaster	Biology
Srivastava, S.	India	McGill	Physics
Subramani	Fiji	New Brunswick	English
Thakur, B.	India	Waterloo	Geography
Vasey, J.	Britain	Queen's	Rock Mechanics
Vella, P. J.	Malta	Toronto	Physics
Wong, K. K. P.	Hong Kong	Queen's	Civil Engineering
Xenophontos, C.	Cyprus	Queen's	Geological Science
Yuen, Yin Shing	Mauritius	New Brunswick	Surveying
Young, S. (Miss)	Sierra Leone	Toronto	French

CEYLON

Bamford, G. M.	Britain	Vidyalankara	Buddhist Civilisation
Matthews, V. B.	Canada	Peradeniya	Indian Philosophy

INDIA

Dassanyake, B. M. (Miss)	Ceylon	Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur	Ancient Indian History
Ferguson, I. R.	Britain	Baroda	Fine Arts
Ganga Prasad, M.	Trinidad	Banaras Hindu	Geography
Govind, V. P. (Dr.)	Fiji	Medical College, Mysore	Medicine
Hill, Paul	Britain	Banaras Hindu	Fine Arts
Jaysooress, R.	Mauritius	V. J. Technical Institute, Bombay	Civil Engineering
Kontagora, M. A. S. B.	Nigeria	Government College of Physical Education, Patiala	Coaching
Kowlessar, Lalman	Trinidad	Jabalpur	History
Luchman, T. R.	Mauritius	Delhi	Economics
Morris, B. A.	Britain	Baroda	Fine Arts
Parasram, R. S.	Trinidad	Medical College, Calcutta	Medicine
Payne, G. K.	Britain	School of Planning and Architecture New Delhi	Vernacular Architecture
Prakash, Satya	Fiji	Elphinstone College, Bombay	Medicine
Rawoon, H. M. (Dr.)	Australia	India Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi	Crop Science

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Seejore, O.P.	Mauritius	Andhra	Marine Engineering
Simmons, V.R. (Miss)	Britain	Mysore	English
Singh, Chanardath	Trinidad	College of Arts, New Delhi	Fine Arts
Suleman, Y.B.	Barbados	Medical College, Surat	Medicine
Tunidau, V.S.M.	Fiji	Lakshmibai College of Physical Education, Gwalior	Physical Education
Wilson, J.M.,	Britain	Utkal	Anthropology

MALAYSIA

Mbogo, L.E.M.	Kenya	Malaya	Education
Oloffin, E.A.	Nigeria	Malaya	Geography

NEW ZEALAND

Allen, R.N.	Australia	Auckland	Plant Pathology
Crook, Patricia (Miss)	Britain	Canterbury	Geomorphology
Harriott, Cecille (Miss)	Jamaica	Victoria	Geography
Herzer, R.H.	Canada	Canterbury	Geology
Miller, E.W.	Canada	Canterbury	Zoology
Santhakumar, A.R.	India	Canterbury	Engineering
Street, Jennifer (Miss)	Britain	Lincoln College	Animal Science

NIGERIA

Kitaka, Masiki	Uganda	Lagos	Law
Spearman, (Miss)	Canada	Ibadan	History
Tan Tong Hin	Malaysia	Ife	Agricultural Economics

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Adigun, Ebenezer	Nigeria	West Indies	Pasture Agronomy
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APPENDIX 1V

Commonwealth Visiting Fellowships and other senior awards under the Plan

Since 1960 five countries (six including the former Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland) have instituted Fellowships or other senior awards under the Plan. Some of these countries have also established awards for short-term visits by senior educationists either as part of their contribution to the various schemes for Commonwealth educational co-operation or in connection with some other educational programme. Some awards of this nature are not considered by the country concerned as coming under the Plan and have therefore been excluded from this Report.

1. LIST OF FELLOWSHIPS, THEIR EMOLUMENTS AND CONDITIONS OF AWARD

The following is a statement of the Fellowships and other senior awards available under the Plan. Apart from the Commonwealth Senior Medical Fellowships, Medical Fellowships and Academic Staff Fellowships offered by Britain, and the Administrative Fellowships offered by New Zealand, these awards are not open to direct application by prospective candidates and are normally made by direct invitation from the awarding country to the person concerned.

AUSTRALIA

Visiting Professorships

Description: The awards will enable a professor from another Commonwealth country to be attached to an Australian university for teaching and research. Three Visiting Professorships are available each year.

Duration: Normally one academic year.

Tenure: Normally at one Australian university.

Value: A grant equal to a first-class return air fare from the Professor's home country to Australia. Other costs are met by the University.

Australian Visiting Fellowships

Description: Persons prominent in various fields of education, including universities, colleges and schools may be invited to accept Australian Visiting Fellowships. During their visits they have opportunities to discuss education problems and advise on methods and techniques associated with their particular educational interest. Up to four invitations may be issued each year.

Duration: Up to three months.

Value: Includes first-class return air fare between the Fellow's own country and Australia, cost of travel within Australia and a maintenance allowance for the period spent in Australia.

BRITAIN

Commonwealth Visiting Professorships

Description: These awards are intended for senior scholars of established reputation and achievement, to enable them to visit Britain for research or original work. Five are normally available each year.

Duration: Normally from October for periods of up to one year. It is not intended to offer awards for periods of only a few weeks.

Tenure: Normally at a single British university, college or other institution, although in special circumstances this condition may be waived.

Value: Normal emoluments include payment of fares at tourist air rates or first class sea rates, and a maintenance allowance. If the Professor is accompanied by his wife her fares also will be paid and the maintenance allowance will be increased. Under appropriate circumstances, the fares of dependent children will be paid and allowances will be paid towards their maintenance. Emoluments are fixed so as to assure a Professor of a total income in Britain roughly equivalent to that enjoyed by a non-medical professor in like circumstances in a university in Britain. They are normally not subject to income tax in Britain.

Commonwealth Senior Medical Fellowships

Description: These awards are intended for senior established medical teachers (normally holders of chairs or heads of departments in their own countries) wishing to acquaint themselves at first-hand with current British practice in their fields of work. About 30 Senior Medical Fellowships are available each year.

Duration: Usually about three months.

Tenure: Normally at a single British university, medical school or other institution for a programme arranged by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom in consultation with the postgraduate medical dean of that institution to meet the requirements of the Senior Medical Fellow.

Value: Fares to Britain and return on the expiry of the Fellowship, plus a personal maintenance allowance at a rate of £6 per day (not subject to British income tax).

BRITAIN - (Contd.)

Selection Procedure: Candidates must obtain nomination to the Commission either from a university or medical school in Britain (usually through the postgraduate medical dean) or from the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in the candidate's own country.

Commonwealth Medical Fellowships

Description: These awards are intended for medical teachers and clinicians who have already obtained a postgraduate qualification but who require an integrated course of study or training to be planned for them in order to increase their value. Research workers, teachers in the basic medical sciences and medical administrators are also eligible. About 90 awards will be made available each year.

Duration: Usually twelve months.

Tenure: Normally at a single British university, medical school or other institution under the guidance of the postgraduate medical dean, for a programme of study devised by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom in consultation with the dean to meet the Fellow's needs.

Value: The Fellowship emoluments (which are not subject to British income tax) include:

- (a) personal maintenance allowance at the rate of £1,250 per annum;
- (b) fares to Britain and return on the expiry of the Fellowship;
- (c) approved laboratory fees;
- (d) a grant for books and apparatus of £30 for each complete year of study;
- (e) a grant for expenses of approved travel within Britain of up to £25 a year;
- (f) an initial clothing grant of £50 for such Fellows coming from tropical countries as are recommended to receive it;
- (g) on certain conditions, for male Fellows accompanied by their families a marriage allowance at the rate of £27 per month and child allowance at the rate of £6, £4, and £3.50 per month respectively for the first, second and third of their children.

Selection Procedure: Candidates must obtain nomination to the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom from one of the following sources:

- (a) a university or medical school in Britain (usually through the postgraduate medical dean);
- (b) a candidate's own university or medical school overseas (usually through the dean); or
- (c) the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in a candidate's own country.

Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellowships

Description: These new awards, whose institution was first announced at the Fourth Commonwealth Education Conference in Lagos, are designed to help universities and comparable institutions in the developing countries of the Commonwealth to build up the numbers and quality of their locally born staff. They are for members of staff in fields other than Medicine and Surgery who already hold established posts or have accepted appointment. Though it is expected that the majority of Fellows will be teachers, other members of staff are not excluded. A Fellow would be expected to hold a doctorate or equivalent postgraduate qualification already but his value to his employing university should be considerably enhanced by a period of further study or training.

Duration: Normally for twelve months.

Tenure: Normally at a single British university or comparable institution for a programme of study or training devised by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom to relate closely to the Fellow's work in his own university.

Value: The Fellowship emoluments (which are not subject to British Income Tax) include:-

- (i) personal maintenance allowance at the rate of £1,250 per annum;
- (ii) fares to Britain and return on the expiration of the Fellowship (the cost of journeys made before receipt of awards will not normally be reimbursed, nor can fares be paid for a Fellow's dependants);
- (iii) approved laboratory fees (where appropriate);
- (iv) a grant for books and apparatus of £30 per year;
- (v) a grant for expenses of approved travel within Britain of up to £25 a year;
- (vi) an initial clothing grant of £50 for such Fellows coming from tropical countries as are recommended to receive it;
- (vii) for male Fellows accompanied by their wives, a marriage allowance at the rate of £27 per month,

and allowances at the rate of £6, £4 and £3.50 per month respectively for the first, second and third of their children under the age of 16 who are with them in Britain. A marriage allowance will not be payable in respect of a wife who holds any scholarship herself or who is in paid employment.

Selection Procedure: Candidates must obtain nominations to the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom from one of the following authorities:-

- (a) the Vice-Chancellor of the university, on whose permanent staff he serves in his own country;
- (b) the Vice-Chancellor of a British university, usually one which has an official link with the university in the candidate's own country on whose permanent staff he serves;
- (c) the Inter-University Council for Higher Education Overseas (for a candidate working in a university associated with the I.U.C.);
- (d) the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in his own country.

In addition, the Commission will be willing to consider nominations originating from the head of an autonomous non-university institution in developing Commonwealth countries.

CANADA

Commonwealth Research Fellowships

Description: These awards are intended to bring to Canada, from universities and research centres of other countries of the Commonwealth, scholars of established reputation whose presence in Canadian universities is expected to be of benefit to themselves and to their countries as well as to their Canadian hosts. A Fellow will be free to do his own study and research, and engage in other activities for the purpose of building up his contacts with his Canadian colleagues during his stay in Canada. He will normally be attached to a single university during the period of his Fellowship, normally one academic year, although his programme might include short visits to other institutions.

Value: A Research Fellow will be provided with air transportation to and from Canada for himself, his wife and dependent children, and a maintenance allowance of \$1,000.00 per month. The Fellowship also covers transportation costs for authorised travel in Canada and approved medical and hospitalization services. A total of two weeks' travel outside Canada may be allowed subject to permission being granted by the Canadian Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee; travel expenses will not be paid but the stipend of \$1,000.00 a month would be continued during travel so authorised.

Commonwealth Visiting Fellowships

Description: These awards are intended to bring to Canada, from other countries of the Commonwealth, persons who are prominent in various fields of education, including universities, colleges, primary and secondary schools and technical institutions. A Visiting Fellow will have the opportunity to discuss educational matters with his Canadian colleagues, to advise and be advised on techniques and problems associated with his particular educational interest. It is intended that his visit to Canada will be of benefit to himself and to his country as well as to his hosts. His programme, normally two to four months, will be flexible but he will remain attached to one particular institution or agency during his stay in Canada.

Value: A Visiting Fellow will be provided with air transportation for his travel to and from Canada, authorised transportation costs within Canada, and a per diem expense allowance of \$30.00 as well as approved medical and hospitalization services while in Canada. As the purpose of the Plan is to encourage inter-Commonwealth exchanges, it is expected that a Visiting Fellow will spend his time in Canada during the period of his award.

INDIA

Short-term visits by Senior Educationists

Description: The Government of India awards these Senior Visiting Fellowships for visits by Senior Educationists (Professors, Senior Administrators or Senior Headmasters) to enable them to study and observe in India any educational field of their choice.

Duration: From three to six months.

Value: Return tourist class air passage. Maintenance allowance at the rate of Rs.100 per day for senior professors and administrators and at the rate of Rs.75 per day for headmasters. Where accommodation is provided by a university or similar institution the allowance will be reduced to Rs.75 and Rs.60 respectively, (local travel costs included); travel in India by bus or first-class rail (or by air if the distance to be travelled exceeds 750 miles); free medical and hospital facilities.

NEW ZEALAND

Prestige Fellowships

Description: The awards are intended to bring to New Zealand each year three or more scholars of eminence to give lectures to senior students and to the public, and to enable them, if they wish, to undertake some research of their own.

Duration: From two months to a year.

Tenure: Fellows will visit each university for approximately a fortnight, but longer visits to particular universities may be arranged.

Value: First class return air fare and \$NZ16 per day.

Administrative Fellowships

Description: Up to three awards are available annually to give administrators, primarily in the field of education, the opportunity to observe systems other than their own. They are intended normally for persons of ages of between 35 and 45 who are expected to occupy a key role in the particular field in the near future.

Duration: Up to one year.

Value: Tourist class air fare and \$NZ10 per day.

Selection Procedure: May be by invitation but the Committee would consider nominations from other Commonwealth countries or even direct applications by candidates.

2. REGISTER OF FELLOWS WHO HAVE TAKEN UP AWARDS DURING THE PERIOD UNDER REPORT

Name	Country	Purpose
AUSTRALIA		
Visiting Professorships		
Professor H.S.M. Coxeter, Professor of Mathematics, University of Toronto.	Canada	Mathematics at the Australian National University
Professor E.H. Brown, Professor of Geography, University College, London.	Britain	Geography at Monash University
Australian Visiting Fellowships		
Sir Alec Clegg, Chief Education Officer, Yorkshire West Riding.	Britain	Discussions on aspects of educational adminis- tration, school inspection and teacher training. Attended Annual Con- ference of Australian College of Education.
Dr. S. Mathai, Former Vice-Chancellor, University of Kerala.	India	Discussions on various aspects of university education, including Indian studies and comparative religion.
Dr. V. Naravane, Former Professor of Philosophy, University of Poona.	India	Discussions on Indian philosophy, religion, art and history.
Dr. E.W.H. Briault, Deputy Education Officer of the Inner London Education Authority.	Britain	Discussion on teacher training, educational technology and educational administration. Attended 19th Assembly of the World Confederation of Organisations of the Teaching Profession (WCOTP).

Name	Country	Purpose
Dr. (Mrs.) R. Wong, Director of Research, Ministry of Education, Singapore.	Singapore	Visits to schools, colleges and universities. Discussion on curriculum development at the school level and teacher education. Attended a National Seminar for Inspectors of Schools.
Professor H. Ford, Head of Department of Mechanical Engineering, University of London.	Britain	Visits to universities, research organisations, discussions on research and teaching in mechanical engineering.
Australian Visiting Consultant		
Mr. E. Robinson, Deputy Director of the North East London Polytechnic.	Britain	Discussions on higher education in colleges of advanced education. Attended Seminar of the Federation of Staff Associations of Australian Colleges of Advanced Education.
BRITAIN		
Visiting Professorships		
Professor W.R. Blunden of the University of New South Wales.	Australia	Research in Traffic Engineering at the Universities of Birmingham and Bradford.
Dr. Leopold Dintenfass of the University of Sydney.	Australia	Research in Bio- engineering at the University of Strathclyde.
Professor G.H.N. Towers of the University of British Columbia.	Canada	Research in Botany at the University of East Anglia.
Professor S.M.A. Zaidi of the University of Peshawar.	Pakistan	Research in Pharmacology at the University of Bristol.

Name	Country	Purpose
Senior Medical Fellowships		
Dr. (Mrs.) M. Chaudhuri, Department of Surgery, Hindu Rao Hospital, Delhi.	India	To study Surgery at the Royal Postgraduate Medical School, London.
Dr. (Miss) S. Ghosh, Head of Paediatric Department, Safdarjung Hospital, Delhi.	India	To study Paediatrics at the University of Bristol.
Brigadier I. Khan, Deputy Director of Medical Services, Rawalpindi.	Pakistan	To study Medical Education at the Royal Army Medical College, London.
Dr. P.K. Krishnankutty, Professor of Clinical Medicine, Stanley Medical College, Madras.	India	To study Medical Education at University College Hospital Medical School, London.
Major General A.K. Marwat, Commandant and Director of Studies, Armed Forces Medical College, Rawalpindi.	Pakistan	To study Medical Education at the Royal Army Medical College, London.
Dr. D.G. Ojha, Principal, S.P. Medical College, Bikaner.	India	To study Medical Education at the University of Bristol.
Dr. S. Ramachander Rao, Professor of Clinical Therapeutics, Osmania Medical College, Hyderabad.	India	To study Therapeutics in Tropical Diseases at the London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine.
Dr. R.S. Thanabalasundaram, Consulting Physician, General Hospital, Colombo.	Ceylon	To study Medical Education at the Royal Free Hospital School of Medicine, London.
Dr. J.C.S. Tonkin, Convenor, Postgraduate Medical Committee, University of Auckland.	New Zealand	To study Orthodontics at the Institute of Dental Surgery, London.

Name	Country	Purpose
Dr. M.C. Vaidya, Associate Professor of Anatomy, All India Institute of Medical Sciences, New Delhi.	India	To study Anatomy at the University of Oxford.
Dr. H.T. Vira Reddi, Professor of Surgery, Madras Medical College.	India	To study Vascular Surgery at St. Thomas's Hospital Medical College, London.
Professor N.N. Wig, Department of Psychiatry, Institute of Postgraduate Medical Education and Research, Chandigarh.	India	To study Psychiatry at the University of Edinburgh.

Medical Fellowships

Ahuja, O.P.	(India)	Laverty, C.R.A.	(Australia)
Angra, S.K.	(India)	McEvoy, J.D.S.	(Australia)
Archampong, E.Q.	(Ghana)	MacKinnon, A.M.	(Australia)
Baptist, N.G.	(Ceylon)	Mankodi, R.C.	(India)
Bhat, Miss K.M.B.L.	(India)	Misra, R.C.	(India)
Bhuyan, B.K.	(India)	Morahan, R.J.	(Australia)
Bothra, V.C.	(India)	Nema, H.V.	(India)
Butler, K.A.	(Trinidad)	Paul, William	(Canada)
Chandra, Heeresh,	(India)	Presswalla, F.B.	(India)
Dave, K.S.	(India)	Rahman, Miss Safia	(Pakistan)
Devadiga, K.V.	(India)	Rajesekhar, H.B.	(India)
Gahlaut, Y.V.S.	(India)	Rasul, Golam	(Pakistan)
Ghany, I.M.	(Trinidad)	Ratra, Miss C.K.	(India)
Gopal Rao, U.K.	(India)	Sanwal, B.L.	(India)
Grainger, Keith	(Australia)	Seneviratne, K.N.	(Ceylon)
Gupta, M.C.	(India)	Shaligram, S.V.	(India)
Gupta, Mrs. Saroj	(India)	Sharma, J.N.	(India)
Gupta, Miss Saroj	(India)	Simon, G.T.	(India)
Haq, S.M.	(Malaysia)	Singer, Albert	(Australia)
Hafiz, S.A.	(Pakistan)	Singh, Devendra	(India)
Hjorth, H.J.	(Australia)	Singh, Meharban	(India)
Irani, Miss S.F.	(India)	Tyagi, S.P.	(India)

Johri, S.K.	(India)	Vembar, Shunmugam	(India)
Jorsling, McD. P.	(Trinidad)	Venkatadri, P.C.	(India)
Kaul, Mrs. Phool	(India)	Venugopal, Padmanabha	(India)
Kumar, Ramesh	(India)	Woodforde, J.M.	(Australia)

Academic Staff Fellowships

Name	University	Field of Study
Agarwal, M.K.	Sardar Patel, India	Solid State Physics
Ajaebu, H.I.	Ibadan, Nigeria	Human Geography
Ang Koh-Ping	Nanyang, Singapore	Agricultural Geography
Anku, S.E.	Kumasi, Ghana	Painting
Ashraf, M.	Panjab, Pakistan	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Aw Beng Teck	Nanyang, Singapore	Aromatic Substitution
Chiu Tze Nang	Hong Kong	Quantitative Geography
Duorah, H.L.	Gauhati, India	Nuclear Astro- physics
Das Gupta, S.	Jadavpur, India	Control Engineering
Kessar, S.V.	Panjab, India	Organic Chemistry
Khubchandani, L.M.	Poona, India	Linguistics
Konar, R.N.	Delhi, India	Plant Morphogenesis
Kunaratnam, K.	Ceylon, Colombo	Geophysics
Mathur, P.C.	Delhi, India	Semi conductor Technology
Ndaalio, G.	Dar es Salaam, Tanzania	Polymerization
Peiris, K.R.S.	Ceylon, Colombo	Architecture
Pereira, Wellawattege P.D. Mrs.	Ceylon, Colombo	Chemical Kinetics
Rao, P.R.	Banaras Hindu, India	Physical Metallurgy
Rastogi, G.D.	Gorakhpur, India	Social Psychology
Shrivastava, P.L.	Bhagalpur, India	Solid State Physics
Singh, S.P.	Kurukshetra, India	Solid State Physics
Singh, V.	Indian School of International Studies	S.E. Asian Studies

Name	Country	Purpose
CANADA		
Commonwealth Research Fellowships		
Dr. John Dewey, Lecturer, Department of Geology, Cambridge.	Britain	To play a leading part at the Memorial University of Newfoundland in Phase I of a planned study of the Anatomy of the Appalachian Mobile Belt in the Notre Dame Bay region of Northern Newfoundland.
Professor Eldred Jones, Professor and Head, Department of English, Fourah Bay College.	Sierra Leone	To make a considerable and important contribution to the Graduate Common- wealth Literature Course at the University of Toronto, a large part of which concentrates on African Studies.
Dr. William H. Oliver, Professor and Head, Department of History, Massey University.	New Zealand	To contribute to the Commonwealth Literature and History programmes at the University of Alberta; to participate in seminars, and give public addresses and readings.
Commonwealth Visiting Fellowships		
Dr. Raphael Braude, Head, Pig Husbandry Dept., National Institute for Research in Dairying, Shinfield, Reading.	Britain	To familiarize himself with pig production in Canada at the levels of research, extension and industry at the Department of Animal Science, University of British Columbia.

Name	Country	Purpose
Mr. William Gray, Adviser, Primary Education, Corporation of Glasgow Education Department.	Britain	To work closely at the Sudbury Board of Education with the Superintendent of Planning, Development and Curriculum who is also responsible for innovation in programme with our elementary school consultants, and through addresses, workshops, seminars, visitations and appearances on radio and television to be a force for progress and change in our elementary schools and to have direct con- tact with the Board, the community, Laurentian University, and the Teachers' Colleges.
Dr. A. Frederick Madden, Reader in Commonwealth Government, Nuffield College, Oxford.	Britain	To give the benefit of his experience and contacts to the Institute of Commonwealth and Comparative Studies, Queen's University, and thus assist in expanding the programme; give a few lectures, and be available for seminar work in both political studies and history.
Mr. Yusto N. Okal, Head, Equatorial Publishers Limited.	Kenya	To meet with teachers, textbook publishers and officers and staff of teachers' organizations at the Ontario Teachers' Federation.
Professor Robert Steel, Professor of Geography and Dean of Arts, University of Liverpool.	Britain	To participate in and to contribute to the work which is developing at Carleton University in Geography, particularly in support of African studies within the Department of Geography and in the School of

Name	Country	Purpose
		International Affairs: and to assist in identifying useful areas of investigation.
INDIA		
Short-term visits by Senior Educationists		
Professor A.A. Kwapong Vice-Chancellor, University of Ghana, Legon.	Ghana	To study and observe the educational system in India.
NEW ZEALAND		
Prestige Fellowships		
		Subject
Professor H.L.A. Hart, Professor of Jurisprudence, University of Oxford.	Britain	Jurisprudence
Dr. E.R. Leach, Provost, King's College, University of Cambridge.	Britain	Social Anthropology
Dr. J.R. McWilliam, C.S.I.R.O., Canberra.	Australia	Genetics
Professor R.H. Samuel, Emeritus Professor of German, University of Melbourne.	Australia	German

APPENDIX V

Statistical Tables analysing the Commonwealth Scholarship Competitions

TABLE 1

Nominations invited by awarding countries.

The Table shows the number (where notified) of nominations invited by the awarding countries during the reporting period. Invitations to nominate are recorded irrespective of whether subsequent competitions in the nominating countries fell outside the period.

		AWARDING COUNTRIES															TOTAL	
		Australia 1972	Britain 1971	Hong Kong 1971	Canada 1971	Ceylon 1971	Cyprus	Ghana 1971	India 1971	Jamaica 1971	Malaysia 1971	Malta	New Zealand ¹ 1972	Nigeria 1971	Pakistan 1971	Sierra Leone 1971		Trinidad and Tobago 1971
NOMINATING COUNTRIES	Australia	-	45	2	20	6			2	2	2	3	2					84
	Barbados	1	4		2	6			1									18
	Botswana	1	1		1	6			1									17
	Britain	10	1	2	36	6			8	2	2			5				74
	Bahamas		2		4	6												14
	Bermuda	1	2		2	6												13
	British Honduras	1	2		2	6												13
	British Solomon Is.	2	1		1	6												13
	British Virgin Is.		1		1	6												9
	Brunei		1		1	6					2							13
	Gibraltar		2		2	6												12
	Gilbert & Ellice Is.		1		1	6												13
	Hong Kong		12	-	14	6			1	2	2							41
	New Hebrides		1		1	6												11
	St. Helena	1	1		1	6												12
	Seychelles	1	1		1	6												10
	(Antigua)		2		2	6												10
	(Montserrat)		1		1	6			1									4
	(St. Kitts - Nevis)		2		2	6												10
	(Dominica)	1	2		2	6												12
	(Grenada)	1	2		2	6			1									12
	(St. Lucia)	1	2		2	6												11
	(St. Vincent)	1	2		2	6												11
	Canada		65	2	2	6			6	2	2							94
	Ceylon		10	2	2	12	6			2	2			4				35
	Cyprus		10		2	2	6			2	2			2				22
	Fiji		1		1	2	6			2	2			2				21
	Gambia		1		1	2	6							2				10
	Ghana		10	2	2	10	6			2	2			2				38
	Guyana		4		4	8	6			2	2			2				16
	India		67	2	2	24	6			2	2			2				111
	Jamaica		4		4	8	6			2	2			2				29
	Kenya		9	2	2	14	6			1	2			2				38
	Lesotho		2		2	4	6							2				16
Malawi		4		4	8	6							2				27	
Malaysia		12		12	14	6			2	2			2				42	
Malta		3		3	6	6							2				17	
Mauritius		5		5	2	6							2				22	
Nauru		2		2	2	6							2				2	
New Zealand	5	15	2	16	6			2	2	2			2				52	
Nigeria	4	45	2	20	6			2	2	2			2				85	
Pakistan	2	33		20	6			2	2	2			2				69	
Sierra Leone	2	8		6	6			1	2	2			2				23	
Singapore	2	10	2	14	6			1	2	2			2				37	
Swaziland	1	1		6	6			1					2				10	
Tanzania	2	9		14	6			2		2			2				37	
Tonga	2	1		2	6								2				13	
Trinidad & Tobago	2	6		10	6			1	2	2			2				33	
Uganda	2	9		12	6			2	2	2			2				39	
Western Samoa	2	2		2	6								2				6	
Zambia	2	4		18	6			1		2			2				35	
TOTAL	93	441	24	*374	258	-	*	53	30	34		77	39	*	*	0	1423	

+ The total of 374 nominations invited for Canada 1971 includes two from the Falkland Islands, two from Papua and New Guinea and four from Zanzibar. Zanzibar was also invited to submit nominations for Trinidad and Tobago 1971.

0 No specific number of nominations invited.

* Figures not notified.

TABLE 2

Applications received in the nominating countries for Commonwealth Scholarships

The table shows the number (where notified) of applications received during the year in the nominating countries for Commonwealth Scholarships tenable overseas.

		AWARDING										
		Australia 1971	Australia 1972	Britain 1971	Hong Kong 1971	Canada 1971	Ceylon 1971	Cyprus	Ghana 1971	India 1971	Jamaica 1971	
NOMINATING COUNTRIES	West Indies Leeward Islands Windward Islands	Australia	-	-	243 (46)	2	86 (16)		5	9 (1)	3	
		Barbados			14 (4)		31 (8)	1		1		
		Botswana			1							
		Britain		52(14)	-	9 (3)	112 (25)	3 (1)		8(4)	21 (8)	6 (3)
		Bahamas					4 (1)					
		Bermuda			1		1					
		British Honduras			9 (2)		6 (2)					
		British Solomon Is.		2	1							
		British Virgin Is.					3 (2)					
		Brunei				13		13				
		Gibraltar				3 (1)						
		Gilbert & Ellice Is.				8 (4)		8 (4)				
		Hong Kong			6 (1)	40 (9)		19 (9)	2			1
		New Hebrides										
		St. Helena										
		Seychelles				2 (2)		2				
		(Antigua										
		(Montserrat				2 (2)		2 (2)				
		(St. Kitts Nevis				1		1				
		(Dominica	2		15 (2)		30 (5)	1			12	
		(Grenada	3		5 (1)		4	1 (1)				
		(St. Lucia			5 (3)		5 (1)					
		(St. Vincent			4		2					
		Canada		44 (7)	480 (97)	8 (3)			2		10 (3)	6 (2)
		Ceylon			155 (26)	20 (4)		75 (9)			64(14)	
		Cyprus		73 (8)	66 (4)			98 (6)	3			
		Fiji	28 (5)		5			5			6 (1)	
		Gambia	11		19							
		Ghana										
		Guyana			33 (4)	3	33 (5)	12 (1)			7 (1)	
		India	(jt) 510 (81)		(jt) 1,732 (84)	(jt) 87 (2)	(jt) 1,732 (84)	(jt) 87 (2)		(jt) 87(2)	-	(jt) 87 (2)
		Jamaica	4 (3)		23 (9)	1 (1)	33 (7)					
		Kenya										
		Lesotho										
		Malawi			6		3					
		Malaysia										
		Malta	8		37	1	11					
		Mauritius	38 (4)		119 (23)	5	72 (14)	6 (1)			32 (2)	
		Nauru										
		New Zealand	6		47 (8)	1	35 (4)					
		Nigeria	41 (1)		473 (10)	1	223 (2)	1		17	20	17
		Pakistan										
Sierra Leone												
Singapore	16 (8)		39 (3)	33 (6)	33 (7)							
Swaziland												
Tanzania												
Tonga		4 (2)	6 (3)		3 (1)							
Trinidad & Tobago			39 (3)		48 (8)	6 (3)			3	13(11)		
Uganda		23	90 (12)	2	57 (5)				3	2		
Western Samoa	3		5		4	4 (2)						
Zambia		9 (1)	8 (2)		17 (3)				14 (3)			
TOTAL		670(102)	213(33)	3,748(364)	173(19)	2,813(230)	129(11)		117(6)	202(33)	135(18)	
Totals carried forward from previous year		970(170)										

* figures not notified

(jt) indicates applications received in joint competitions. The total number of applications received in each joint competition is shown in the vertical column (and is included in the vertical column totals) of each set of awards involved, but is included once only in the horizontal line total and grand total.

() figures in brackets indicate the number of applications from women included in the figures immediately preceding the brackets.

COUNTRIES

Malaysia 1971	Malaysia 1972	Malta	New Zealand 1971	New Zealand 1972	Nigeria 1971	Pakistan 1971	Sierra Leone 1971	Trinidad & Tobago 1971	TOTAL	
			2 (1)	4 (1)	5			1	360 (64)	Australia
								1	50 (13)	Barbados
									1	Botswana
12 (4)				42 (4)	7 (2)	1		1	274 (68)	Britain
									4 (1)	Bahamas
									2	Bermuda
									15 (4)	British Honduras ..
									3	British Solomon Is.
									3 (2)	British Virgin Is.
				13					39	Brunei
									3 (1)	Gibraltar
									16 (8)	Gilbert & Ellice Is.
				2 (1)					70 (20)	Hong Kong
										New Hebrides
										St. Helena
									4 (2)	Seychelles
									*	Antigua
									4 (4)	Montserrat
									1	St. Kitts Nevis .. .
			2 (2)					1	63 (9)	Dominica
									13 (2)	Grenada
									10 (4)	St. Lucia
									9	St. Vincent
2				51(14)	11 (7)	1			615(133)	Canada
13 (3)			51 (8)		65(15)	30(3)			473 (82)	Ceylon
				7				6(1)	253 (19)	Cyprus
3			5					1	53 (6)	Fiji
									30	Gambia
									*	Ghana
3				2					93 (11)	Guyana
			(it) 510 (81)						2,329(157)	India
1			3 (1)		2				67 (21)	Jamaica
									*	Kenya
									*	Lesotho
					1				10	Malawi
									*	Malaysia
			5						62	Malta
			40 (6)			16		6(1)	334 (51)	Mauritius
									*	Nauru
									89 (12)	New Zealand
4			10			10			817 (13)	Nigeria
									*	Pakistan
									*	Sierra Leone
			13 (8)						134 (32)	Singapore
									*	Swaziland
									*	Tanzania
				8 (3)				1	22 (9)	Tonga
			7 (3)						116 (28)	Trinidad & Tobago ..
				10 (2)	3	2			192 (19)	Uganda
									16 (2)	Western Samoa .. .
									51 (9)	Zambia
3 (7)			651(110)	142(25)	94(24)	60(3)		18(2)	6,700(816)	
756(124)			853(139)							

Leeward Islands
 Windward Islands
 West Indies
 NOMINATING COUNTRIES

TABLE 3

Nominations made to the awarding countries.

The Table shows the number (where notified) of nominations submitted by the nominating countries to the awarding countries during the year. Since invitations to nominate and the actual submission of nominations may occur in different reporting years the nominations shown in this table have not necessarily been made in response to the invitations shown in Table 1.

		AWARDING COUNTRIES																	
		Australia 1971	Britain 1971	Hong Kong 1971	Canada 1971	Ceylon	Cyprus 1971	Ghana 1971	India 1971	Jamaica 1971	Malaysia 1971	Malta	New Zealand 1971	Nigeria 1971	Pakistan 1971	Sierra Leone 1970	Trinidad and Tobago 1971	TOTAL	
NOMINATING COUNTRIES	Australia	-	51(9)	2	36(6)				3	2	2		3(1)	3				+ 102(16)	
	Barbados		4		2				1		2		1					10	
	Botswana		1															1	
	Britain	15(3)	-	2	38(9)	2(1)			7(2)	1(1)	2		4(2)	5			1	77(18)	
	Bahamas				4(1)														4(1)
	Bermuda		1																1
	British Honduras				1														1
	British Solomon Is.																		
	British Virgin Is.					3(2)													3(2)
	Brunei			1		2						2							5
	Gibraltar			2(1)															2(1)
	Gilbert & Ellice Is.			2(1)		3(2)													5(3)
	Hong Kong	1	26(6)	-	12(3)	2						2		1					44(9)
	New Hebrides																		
	St. Helena																		
	Seychelles			2(2)		2													4(2)
	(Antigua			1		1													2
	(Montserrat			1(1)		1(1)			1										3(2)
	(St. Kitts - Nevis			1		1													1
	(Dominica			1		3	1												5
	(Grenada			3		2(1)			1										6(1)
	(St. Lucia			1		1													1
	(St. Vincent			1		1													2
	Canada	14(4)	67(14)	1	-	-			2(2)	3(1)			3	4(3)					94(24)
	Ceylon	2	11(2)	2	15	-			4(1)		2		2						38(3)
	Cyprus	1	8		4														13
	Fiji	5	1		2				3		2								15
	Gambia		4(1)																4(1)
	Ghana	3	15(1)	1	10(1)			-		1			3						33(2)
	Guyana	1(1)	7(1)		5								1						15(2)
	India	5	73(6)	2	24(4)	3			-	1	2		3						114(10)
	Jamaica	2(1)	5(2)	1(1)	4				1	-	2		1(1)	2(1)			1		18(6)
	Kenya	1	7(1)	1	2	6			1					2					18(1)
	Lesotho																		
	Malawi	1	6		3						2				1				13
	Malaysia	3	13(2)		14(1)				1	1	-		3	2					37(3)
	Malta	1(1)	5		2														8(1)
	Mauritius	2(1)	5	1	2				3									1	14(1)
	Nauru																		
	New Zealand	6	19(5)	1	20(4)						2		-						48(9)
	Nigeria	2	64(3)	2	21				5	2(1)	2		2	-				2	102(4)
	Pakistan	2	44(7)		17(3)						2		2						67(10)
Rhodesia		19(3)																19(3)	
Sierra Leone	3	6		5														17	
Singapore	3(1)	13	3	12(2)				1				2						33(1)	
Swaziland	2(1)																	3(1)	
Tanzania				3	1						2						1	7	
Tonga	2	1		2														5	
Trinidad & Tobago		6		10(3)	1			1	2(1)	2								22(4)	
Uganda	2	20(1)		13(1)				2		2				2				41(2)	
Western Samoa																			
Zambia	1(1)	2		6							2							11(1)	
TOTAL		80(14)	518(69)	19(1)	307(44)	16(1)		*	38(5)	13(4)	34		33(4)	21(4)	*		9	+1088(146)	

+ Includes 7 submitted by Papua and New Guinea made up of 1 for Britain 1971, 5 for Canada 1971 and 1 for Nigeria 1971

The total of 518 nominations received for Britain 1971 (see column 2) includes 61 for Academic Staff Scholarships

() Figures in brackets indicate the number of women included in the figures immediately preceding the brackets.

* Figures not notified.

TABLE 4

Commonwealth Scholarships taken up in the awarding countries

The Table shows the number (where notified) of Commonwealth Scholars who took up awards in the awarding countries during the year under report. The names of these Scholars are listed alphabetically, under the awarding country in which they took up their awards, in Appendix III, Register of Commonwealth Scholars.

NOMINATING COUNTRIES	AWARDING COUNTRIES													TOTAL			
	Australia	Britain	Hong Kong	Canada	Ceylon	Cyprus	Ghana	India	Jamaica	Malaysia	Malta	New Zealand	Nigeria		Pakistan	Sierra Leone	Trinidad and Tobago
Australia	-	26 (5)	1	+ 5(1)			1					1					+ 34 (6)
Barbados		1 (1)		1			1										3 (1)
Botswana																	
Britain	5(1)	-		8	1		6(1)					2(2)					22 (4)
Bahamas																	1
Bermuda		1															1
British Honduras																	2 (1)
British Solomon Is.				2(1)													2 (1)
British Virgin Is.																	1
Brunei																	1
Gibraltar		1															1
Gilbert & Ellice Is.																	1
Hong Kong	1	10 (1)	-	2													13 (1)
New Hebrides																	1
St. Helena																	1 (1)
Seychelles				1													1 (1)
(Antigua				1(1)													2
(Montserrat				1													2
(St. Kitts Nevis		1		1													1
(Dominica		2															2 (1)
(Grenada		1															2
(St. Lucia		1 (1)		1													2 (1)
(St. Vincent																	
Canaga	5(2)	32 (8)		-	1						2	1(1)					41(11)
Ceylon	1	8		4(1)	-		1(1)										14 (2)
Cyprus		4		2													6
Fiji	3	2		2			3										10
Gambia		1		1													2
Ghana	3	6 (1)		1													10 (1)
Guyana	1(1)	3															4 (1)
India	1	34 (1)		18			-				1						54 (1)
Jamaica	1	6									1(1)						8 (1)
Kenya		2															3
Lesotho				1													1
Malawi		8															8
Malaysia	1	6 (1)		2									1				10 (1)
Malta	1(1)	3		2													6 (1)
Mauritius		3		3			3										9
Nauru																	
New Zealand	2	9 (2)		1													12 (2)
Nigeria	1	20		4			1		1						1		28
Pakistan	1	20 (2)		7													28 (2)
Rhodesia		12 (2)															12 (2)
Sierra Leone		2		2(1)													4 (1)
Singapore	1	7		1													9
Swaziland																	
Tanzania	1	2		1													4
Tonga	1	1		1													3
Trinidad & Tobago	1	4 (1)		1			4										10 (1)
Uganda	1	1										1					3
Western Samoa																	
Zambia		2															2
TOTAL	32(5)	242(26)	1	+76(5)	2	*	20(2)		2		7(3)	3(1)	*	*	1		+386(42)

+ Includes 1 from Papua and New Guinea

* Figures not notified

() Figures in brackets indicate the number of women included in the figures immediately preceding the brackets.

TABLE 5

Commonwealth Scholarships held in the awarding countries: (See note on Page 34)

AWARDING COUNTRIES

NOMINATING COUNTRIES	AWARDING COUNTRIES														TOTAL			
	Australia	Britain	Hong Kong	Canada	Ceylon	Cyprus	East Africa	Ghana	India	Jamaica	Malaysia	Malta	New Zealand	Nigeria		Pakistan	Sierra Leone	Trinidad and Tobago
Australia	-	57(14)	2	+ 14(1)					2				2					+77 (15)
Barbados	1(1)	2(1)		1	2				2		1							9 (2)
Botswana																		
Britain	18(3)	-	2(1)	23(2)	2(1)				11(5)				6(1)	3(2)				65 (15)
Bahamas				2														2
Bermuda		1																1
British Honduras		1		1														2
British Solomon Is.																		
British Virgin Is.				7(5)														7 (5)
Brunei				1														1
Gibraltar		1																1
Gilbert & Ellice Is.	1																	1
Hong Kong	4	15(1)	-	4								1	1(1)					25 (2)
New Hebrides	1																	1
St. Helena																		
Seychelles		1		3(1)														4 (1)
Leeward Islands																		
(Antigua)	1	1		2(1)														4 (1)
(Montserrat)																		
(St. Kitts Nevis)				1														1
Windward Islands																		
(Dominica)		2		2(2)	1													5 (2)
(Grenada)		2		1									1					4
(St. Lucia)		1		1														2
(St. Vincent)		1																1
Canada	15(2)	60(17)	1	-	2				1(1)	1	1	2	1					84 (20)
Ceylon	3	18(1)		10(1)	-				3(1)					1				35 (3)
Cyprus		12		2		-												14
Fiji	9	3		2					9				1					24
Gambia		2		2														4
Ghana	3	14(1)		9(1)														26 (2)
Guyana		8(1)		1														9 (1)
India	8	83(8)		44(3)	1				-				1	1				138 (11)
Jamaica	1	9(1)		3(1)									1(1)	1(1)				15 (4)
Kenya	2	7		9(1)	1				1		1							21 (1)
Lesotho				1	2													3
Malawi		11																11
Malaysia	3(1)	15(7)		8(2)					1					1				28 (10)
Malta	1	6(1)		4														11(1)
Mauritius	3	9(1)		4					8				6(1)					30 (2)
Nauru																		
New Zealand	8	23(4)		16(2)									-					47 (6)
Nigeria	3	53		15(1)										-			1	73 (1)
Pakistan	4	61(4)		24(2)									2					91 (6)
Rhodesia		34(3)																34 (3)
Sierra Leone	1	8		5(1)														14 (1)
Singapore	1	11(1)	1	2					2				2(2)					19(3)
Swaziland																		
Tanzania	1	3		2					1									7
Tonga	5(1)	2		1									1					9 (1)
Trinidad & Tobago	3(1)	6(1)		2					4									15 (2)
Uganda	2	9		3					3					1				18
Western Samoa	2																	2
Zambia		2																2
TOTAL	104(9)	554(67)	6(1)	+232(27)	11(1)		*	*	48(7)	1	4	1	26(6)	9(3)	*	*	1	+997 (121)

+ includes 2 from Papua and New Guinea * figures not notified

() figures in brackets indicate the number of women included in the figures immediately preceding the brackets

TABLE 6

Analysis by age and sex of the Commonwealth Scholars shown in Table 5
(a) according to awarding country

Awarding Country	Under 26	26-28	Over 28	Male	Female	Total
Australia	48	32	24	95	9	104
Britain	214	91	249	487	67	554
Hong Kong	2	1	3	5	1	6
Canada	59	70	103	205	27	232
Ceylon	3	5	3	10	1	11
Cyprus						
East Africa	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ghana	*	*	*	*	*	*
India	23	15	10	41	7	48
Jamaica		1		1		1
Malaysia		1	3	4		4
Malta	1			1		1
New Zealand	18	4	4	20	6	26
Nigeria	4	5		6	3	9
Pakistan	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sierra Leone	*	*	*	*	*	*
Trinidad & Tobago			1	1		1
Total	372	225	400	876	121	997

* figures not notified

TABLE 6

Analysis by age and sex of the Commonwealth Scholars shown in Table 5
(b) according to nominating country

Nominating Country	Under 26	26-28	Over 28	Male	Female	Total
Australia	+56	14	7	+62	15	+77
Barbados	3	2	4	7	2	9
Botswana						
Britain	47	13	5	50	15	65
Bahamas			2	2		2
Bermuda			1	1		1
British Honduras	1		1	2		2
British Solomon Islands						
British Virgin Islands	2	1	4	2	5	7
Brunei		1		1		1
Gibraltar	1			1		1
Gilbert & Ellice Islands	1			1		1
Hong Kong	9	6	10	23	2	25
New Hebrides		1		1		1
St. Helena						
Seychelles	2	1	1	3	1	4
Antigua	1		3	3	1	4
Montserrat						
St. Kitts		1		1		1
Dominica	2	1	2	3	2	5
Grenada	2	1	1	4		4
St. Lucia	1	1		2		2
St. Vincent		1		1		1
Canada	64	10	10	64	20	84
Ceylon	10	9	16	32	3	35
Cyprus	7	1	6	14		14
Fiji	11	7	6	24		24
Gambia	1		3	4		4
Ghana	2	4	20	24	2	26
Guyana		1	8	8	1	9
India	7	23	108	127	11	138
Jamaica	1	2	12	11	4	15
Kenya	2	5	14	20	1	21
Lesotho		2	1	3		3
Malawi	3	4	4	11		11
Malaysia	4	9	15	18	10	28
Malta	3	4	4	10	1	11
Mauritius	24	2	4	28	2	30
Nauru						
New Zealand	33	13	1	41	6	47
Nigeria	3	14	56	72	1	73
Pakistan	29	34	28	85	6	91
Rhodesia	15	7	12	31	3	34
Sierra Leone		6	8	13	1	14
Singapore	9	3	7	16	3	19
Swaziland						
Tanzania	2	2	3	7		7
Tonga	5	2	2	8	1	9
Trinidad & Tobago	3	7	5	13	2	15
Uganda	6	7	5	18		18
Western Samoa		2		2		2
Zambia		1	1	2		2
Total	+372	225	400	+876	121	+997

+ includes 2 from Papua and New Guinea

TABLE 7

Analysis by course of study of the Commonwealth Scholars shown in Table 5
(a) according to awarding country

AWARDING COUNTRY	First Degree or Diploma	Second First Degree or Postgraduate Diploma	Higher Degree	Research	Other University Courses	Non-University Courses	TOTAL
Australia	23	4	73	3		1	104
Britain	22	25	420	25	60	2	554
Hong Kong			6				6
Canada	25	2	204	1			232
Ceylon	6		4	1			11
Cyprus							
East Africa	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ghana	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
India	3	13	19	7	5	1	48
Jamaica			1				1
Malaysia			4				4
Malta			1				1
New Zealand	9	2	15				26
Nigeria			9				9
Pakistan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sierra Leone	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Trinidad & Tobago			1				1
Total	88	46	757	37	65	4	997

* figures not notified

TABLE 7

Analysis by course of study of the Commonwealth Scholars shown in Table 5
(b) according to nominating country

NOMINATING COUNTRY		First Degree or Diploma	Second First Degree or Postgraduate Diploma	Higher Degree	Research	Other University Courses	Non-University Courses	TOTAL
Australia		+1	5	+69	2			77
Barbados		3		4		2		9
Botswana								
Britain			4	55	5		1	65
Bahamas				2				2
Bermuda				1				1
British Honduras		1	1					2
British Solomon Islands								
British Virgin Islands		6		1				7
Brunei		1						1
Gibraltar				1				1
Gilbert & Ellice Islands		1						1
Hong Kong		1	1	20		3		25
New Hebrides		1						1
St. Helena								
Seychelles		3		1				4
Antigua		1		2		1		4
Montserrat								
St. Kitts				1				1
Dominica		4				1		5
Grenada		3		1				4
St. Lucia				2				2
St. Vincent				1				1
Canada		1	4	78	1			84
Ceylon			1	28	2	4		35
Cyprus		7		5	1	1		14
Fiji		7	2	14		1		24
Gambia				4				4
Ghana				24		2		26
Guyana				9				9
India			1	108	25	3	1	138
Jamaica		1		11		3		15
Kenya		1		18		1	1	21
Lesotho		2	1					3
Malawi			3	8				11
Malaysia				24		4		28
Malta		6	1	2		2		11
Mauritius		19	4	6		1		30
Nauru								
New Zealand			2	44		1		47
Nigeria			1	59	1	12		73
Pakistan			2	77		12		91
Rhodesia		1	2	28		3		34
Sierra Leone		2	3	8		1		14
Singapore			1	13		5		19
Swaziland								
Tanzania		1	1	4		1		7
Tonga		5		4				9
Trinidad & Tobago		1	3	9		1	1	15
Uganda		6	3	9				18
Western Samoa		2						2
Zambia				2				2
Total		+88	46	+757	37	65	4	+997

+ includes 1 from Papua and New Guinea

≠ includes 2 from Papua and New Guinea

TABLE 8

Analysis by subject of study of the Commonwealth Scholars shown in Table 5
(a) according to awarding country

AWARDING COUNTRY	Arts	Social Studies	Pure Science	Technology	Medicine	Dentistry	Agriculture and Forestry	Veterinary Science	TOTAL
Australia	19	12	24	25	4	2	15	3	104
Britain	107	87	150	103	73	9	20	5	554
Hong Kong	4	1		1					6
Canada	47	45	48	62	3		22	5	232
Ceylon		7	2	1				1	11
Cyprus									
East Africa	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Ghana	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
India	22	9	1	6	9		1		48
Jamaica	1								1
Malaysia	3		1						4
Malta					1				1
New Zealand	5	4	8	7		2			26
Nigeria	1	4	2		1		1		9
Pakistan	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sierra Leone	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Trinidad & Tobago							1		1
Total	209	169	236	205	91	13	60	14	997

* figures not notified

TABLE 8

Analysis by subject of study of the Commonwealth Scholars shown in Table 5
(b) according to nominating country

	NOMINATING COUNTRY								
	Arts	Social Studies	Pure Science	Technology	Medicine	Dentistry	Agriculture and Forestry	Veterinary Science	TOTAL
Australia	+18	17	27	+12	1	1	1		77
Barbados	3	3	1		2				9
Botswana									
Britain	17	20	15	8	1		3	1	65
Bahamas	1		1						2
Bermuda					1				1
British Honduras	1			1					2
British Solomon Islands									
British Virgin Islands	6	1							7
Brunei				1					1
Gibraltar			1						1
Gilbert & Ellice Islands	1								1
Hong Kong	3	3	5	5	6	2	1		25
New Hebrides	1								1
St. Helena									
Seychelles	1			2	1				4
Antigua	1	1		1			1		4
Montserrat									
St. Kitts		1							1
Dominica		1	3		1				5
Grenada	1			2			1		4
St. Lucia	1	1							2
St. Vincent			1						1
Canada	30	22	24	6	1		1		84
Ceylon	4	6	5	12	6		1	1	35
Cyprus		1	3	7	2		1		14
Fiji	9		2	7	5		1		24
Gambia	4								4
Ghana	5	2	6	4	2	1	6		26
Guyana	3	1	2	2			1		9
India	12	12	35	52	8	1	12	6	138
Jamaica	4	2		4	4			1	15
Kenya	9	2	5	1	2		2		21
Lesotho		2		1					3
Malawi	2	2	3				3	1	11
Malaysia	6	4	10	2	3	1	2		28
Malta	2	2	4		3				11
Mauritius	7	6	4	10	2	1			30
Nauru									
New Zealand	13	9	16	1	2		4	2	47
Nigeria	10	9	10	17	14	2	10	1	73
Pakistan	4	8	38	23	14	1	3		91
Rhodesia	8	12	8	3	3				34
Sierra Leone	4	3	1	3	1		1	1	14
Singapore	1	2	2	8	4	2			19
Swaziland									
Tanzania	1	3		1			2		7
Tonga	3	4			1	1			9
Trinidad & Tobago	5	3		6			1		15
Uganda	7	2	4	3	1		1		18
Western Samoa	1						1		2
Zambia		2							2
Total	+209	169	236	+205	91	13	60	14	≠997

+ includes 1 from Papua and New Guinea

≠ includes 2 from Papua and New Guinea

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