

Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan

Twenty-second Annual Report
for the Period ending
31 March 1982



Commonwealth Secretariat

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for the Period ending
31 March 1982

Prepared by the
Association of Commonwealth Universities
for the Commonwealth Secretariat

COMMONWEALTH SECRETARIAT

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INTRODUCTION

This report covers the operation in all participating countries of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan during the period 1 April 1981 to 31 March 1982.

The Report has been prepared by the Association of Commonwealth Universities for publication by the Commonwealth Secretariat. It has been compiled, like earlier Reports, from information provided by the Commonwealth Scholarship agencies, and consists of statements commenting on the working of the Plan in their respective countries and of Appendices giving details and statistics relating to certain aspects of the Plan. Following this introduction there is a general section entitled "Administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan" which discusses the overall working of the Plan.

The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan was drawn up at the first Commonwealth Education Conference held at Oxford in 1959. The general basis of the Plan is that those Commonwealth Governments which are able to do so should institute Commonwealth Scholarships and Fellowships to be held by men and women from other Commonwealth countries at universities and other institutions of higher learning in the awarding country. The progress and development of the scheme have been reviewed at successive Commonwealth Education Conferences at New Delhi in 1962, Ottawa in 1964, Lagos in 1968, Canberra in 1971, Kingston in 1974, Accra in 1977, and Colombo in 1980.

Definitions set out in the first Annual Report and confirmed by the New Delhi, Ottawa and Lagos Conferences for use in reports and statistics are given below. Two definitions were added in the third Annual Report to the original list and a few verbal changes have also been made:

institution of awards: when a country has by a government decision made financial provisions etc. for Scholarships or Fellowships under the Plan for study by citizens of other Commonwealth countries in its own country it is said to have instituted awards;

awarding country: a country which has instituted awards is known as an awarding country;

submission of nominations: when a country has forwarded a short list of recommended candidates from its own country for final consideration in an awarding country it is said to have nominated them;

nominating country: any country invited to submit nominations;

award offered: is an award which has actually been offered by the awarding country to a specific candidate nominated by another country. This phase does not apply to the invitation to another country by an awarding country to submit nominations;

awards accepted: is an award which has been accepted by the candidate to whom it was offered, whether yet taken up or not;

award taken up: is an award which has been utilized to the extent that the Scholar has actually commenced study under the Plan in the awarding country;

awards made available: when an awarding country has instituted a fixed number of awards it makes a proportion of them available each year for new selections;

set of awards: when an awarding country makes available a group of awards tenable from a date common to the group as a whole the awards are known as a set of awards and may be referred to by the name of the awarding country and the calendar year in which they are tenable. Thus awards tenable in Nigeria from September 1982 are referred to as Nigeria 1982, and awards tenable in Australia from March 1983 are referred to as Australia 1983.

On the following page will be found the Questionnaire to which each country was asked to respond.

The Association of Commonwealth Universities

COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIP AND FELLOWSHIP PLAN

Annual Questionnaire for Report - Part I General

1. Please give a statement on the working of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in your country between 1 April 1981 and 31 March 1982. The statement may relate to any aspect of the progress of the Plan which you feel is relevant, but it would be helpful if it covered in particular the following, where appropriate:
 - (a) any additions or changes that have taken place since 1 April 1981 in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in your country, including any changes in the title or address of your Commonwealth Scholarship agency;
 - (b) any additions or changes, including any alteration in the scope of existing programmes and the institution of any new awards, that have been introduced into the general working of the Plan in your country since 1 April 1981. If you have instituted new awards, please give a description of the emoluments, conditions of award, place and length of tenure, general criteria for selection, methods of application and selection, etc;
 - (c) comments on the operation of the Plan from the standpoint of, first, a NOMINATING and, second - if applicable - an AWARDING country. We are particularly interested in any comments you may wish to make on such topics as length of awards, leave of absence for Scholars in government or university service, and to know whether you think that the Plan should remain principally a scheme for postgraduate university study or whether you think that there is a need to adapt the Plan to support more undergraduate studies and training for professional or technical qualifications;
 - (d) any comments on the return of Commonwealth Scholars to your country, particularly on the benefit and relevance of their studies overseas both to them and to the institutions in which they are now working.
2. We should be glad to know whether any official report on the operation of the Plan in your country for this or any other year has been, or is to be, published; and, if so, what its title and scope is. Please enclose a copy where available.

It would be helpful if your answers to the above questions could be in the form of a continuous prose statement suitable for publication with a minimum of editing.

PLEASE REPLY HERE:-

Completed by Country Date

Official designation of your Commonwealth Scholarship agency (eg. Public Service Commission):.....

Full Address:

.....

.....

Note: The replies to this questionnaire, when completed, should be sent as soon as possible, but not later than 30 April 1982 to:

Dr A Christodoulou, Secretary General
Association of Commonwealth Universities
36 Gordon Square, LONDON WC1H 0PF
United Kingdom

ADMINISTRATION OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIP AND FELLOWSHIP PLAN

This report has been compiled according to the usual practice from information supplied by the Commonwealth Scholarship agencies. This section does not purport to reduce to a single composite statement the several observations of varying length and texture made by the agencies, but is rather a conspectus of some of the points raised by the reporting countries. The statements made by them on the working of the Plan are set out on the following pages and may perhaps be criticized on the grounds that they vary so little from those of previous years. It must however be borne in mind that, though it is generally possible for a country which regularly provides a substantial number of awards or award-holders to recall some aspect of the past year's operations which deserves special comment, there is often little of moment or at least little new to report in the work of many agencies, especially those in the smaller countries. It was all the more gratifying therefore to find the Turks and Caicos, with its population of only 7500 and a total of five graduates in the Islands, reporting on the acceptance this year of their one nominee for an award.

Views on the value of the Plan and suggestions for improving it are naturally based now on many years' experience and are unlikely to change radically. Once again this year many agencies in developing countries repeated their pleas for greater emphasis on awards at undergraduate level, especially in disciplines such as medicine and veterinary science, and on awards to support training for professional or technical qualifications. The general issue is well worth discussion but the pleas may well overlook the fact that

- (a) as to professional/technical training, many countries (especially the developed) offer awards outside the Plan; and
- (b) difficulties over courses in medicine and veterinary science relate as much to meeting the highly competitive requirements for entry to these courses as to obtaining awards to finance them.

But not all agencies, even in the developing Commonwealth, were in favour of an increase in undergraduate awards. Zambia, for example, said it preferred Commonwealth Scholarships to be restricted to postgraduate studies as in its own case there was provision for undergraduate study under other schemes. Brunei put forward the suggestion that the Plan might also embrace short term training for management and administration.

Not for the first time some awarding agencies drew attention to the need for application papers to be submitted correctly and for all the required supporting documents to accompany these papers. Canada made a special point about the need for each candidate to have two references from people under whom he or she had actually studied; academic assessments were indispensable to selectors.

From time to time awarding countries complain that too many applications arrive late and nominating countries that countries inviting nominations from them allow too little time for the process, and do not observe the agreement that "invitations to make nominations should be issued by awarding countries at least five months before the nomination date". New Zealand's statement that the problem of late nominations from certain areas had largely been resolved was therefore a welcome one.

There continues to be widespread agreement that the Plan is of great value and that its beneficiaries have returned to do useful and significant work in the community. Botswana mentioned the impact of Academic Staff awards on its university, thus making an exception to the general practice among agencies of commenting only on the "general" Commonwealth Scholarship awards.

In conclusion the editors would like to express their thanks to all the agencies who have provided them with the facts and figures which make up this report.

SUMMARY OF THE WORKING OF THE PLAN
IN THE COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES

AUSTRALIA

The Department of Education states:

The Department of Education has continued to administer awards made available by Australia to the developed countries of the Commonwealth (United Kingdom, Canada, New Zealand). In addition, the Department is the Australian nominating authority for awards offered by all Commonwealth countries.

There have been no changes in the machinery for the administration of the Plan in Australia during the reporting period.

The number of awards on offer has remained the same. Living allowances and other benefits were increased with effect from December 1981.

The trend which we have noted in the past for postgraduate scholars to require significant extensions to their awards has continued. Students undertaking PhD programmes average well over three years, and in many cases require four years to complete their research programmes, the maximum period of award tenure. As a result of this trend there has been a steady increase in the number of students on award at any one time.

In the case of awards to these older Commonwealth countries, we believe that preference should be given to students seeking postgraduate (Doctorate or Master's) qualifications or, in special circumstances, certain postgraduate diploma courses.

The Australian Development Assistance Bureau states:

During the reporting period the Australian Development Assistance Bureau of the Department of Foreign Affairs continued to be responsible for scholars nominated for study in Australia by developing Commonwealth countries. No significant changes have been made to the administration of CSFP in Australia in respect of such awardees in that time.

Financial allocations made by Australia for CSFP awardees from developing Commonwealth countries have continued to be made on a regional rather than an individual country basis. This assists countries within a region to utilise more CSFP awards than they would normally be allocated on an individual basis in circumstances where other eligible countries in the region fail to nominate for awards.

BAHAMAS

The Bahamas has been allocated approximately twenty-five (25) Commonwealth Scholarships between 1962 and the present. Most of the awards were tenable at institutions in Canada followed closely by the United Kingdom. Other awarding countries have been New Zealand and Australia. Over the years, applications have been invited by other Commonwealth Countries such as Malta, Jamaica, Trinidad/Tobago, Cyprus, Malaysia, Sri Lanka (Ceylon), Hong Kong, Ghana and India.

Literature regarding the Commonwealth Scholarships is forwarded by the awarding country to the Ministry of External Affairs of the Bahamas Government and then to the Ministry of Education and Culture which is the nominating agency. Applications are invited from the Community through the media in the form of press releases which appear in the major, if not every, news publications and our deadline for submission of said applications is normally six (6) weeks before the deadline of the awarding country. We receive the most responses from students and/or public servants already holding a first degree from an accredited Caribbean, Canadian or American institution and who are generally between the ages of 25 - 30 years. The most popular choices of countries in which to study are Canada, the United Kingdom and Trinidad and Tobago or Jamaica.

Applications are processed by administrators in the Scholarships Section of the Ministry of Education and Culture and recommendations for awards made by a select committee. The criteria for selection follow:

- (a) Bahamian citizenship
- (b) Age 22 - 35 years
- (c) A first degree if proposed course of study will lead to a second degree
- (d) Applicants wishing to pursue a first degree will be considered only if the particular course cannot be attained at or near home
- (e) Relevance of proposed areas of study to the needs of the Country.

Persons recommended for awards are then requested to complete the requirements of the awarding country's application forms and the forms are forwarded to the country in question through the Department of Public Personnel.

Successful nominees of the public service are considered for in-service training awards limited to salary only to assist them further in the assumption of their Commonwealth Scholarships. The main objective of granting the in-service award is to ensure that the awardee will contribute significantly to the Bahamas on his/her successful return.

Although the College of the Bahamas, our highest medium of education to date, is affiliated with two (2) American Universities and the University of the West Indies, it is still a Junior College and therefore we are, at present, a nominating country rather than an awarding country under the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship scheme.

BANGLADESH

Every year, on receipt of offers of scholarship from Commonwealth countries, an exercise is undertaken in the Ministry of Education to determine the fields and priorities for the utilisation of these offers. Representatives of UGC and relevant Directorates under the Ministry are involved in the exercise. This is done keeping in view the requirements of trained personnel for our universities and other educational institutions. Once this is done, applications are invited from candidates through newspapers.

Applications, when received, are initially scrutinized and only those candidates having excellent academic records are interviewed by a Selection Board appointed by the Government which includes subject-specialists from universities and men of eminence in the relevant fields. The recommendations made by this Committee are examined by a high level Selection Committee usually presided over by the Minister-in-charge of the Ministry of Education, and a panel of candidates is drawn up for final nomination.

There has been no change in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in Bangladesh during the period under report. It has not yet been possible to institute any scheme for the award of scholarships to the nationals of other Commonwealth countries to study in Bangladesh. As a nominating country Bangladesh has not faced any major problem in the operation of the Plan. Barring a few, the scholars return to the country after completion of their studies and join their universities/institutions. No official report on the operation of the Plan has so far been published in Bangladesh though the procedures adopted by the Ministry are known to the concerned agencies/institutions. We feel that the award should cover the minimum period required for a Master's course with sufficient scope for doctoral/research studies.

BARBADOS

Barbados urges that:

- (i) awards be offered in areas of national needs.
- (ii) in certain scarce areas, the Commonwealth Scholarships be extended to undergraduate study e.g. dentistry and veterinary medicine.
- (iii) while awards will be mainly for postgraduate level studies, awarding countries should continue to make awards at undergraduate level where these are asked for by nominating countries and where suitable arrangements can be made.
- (iv) nominating countries should express clearly their national priorities and development needs when submitting application for awards.

BOTSWANA

The machinery for administering the Plan has not changed. Botswana has not yet instituted awards for the CSFP.

Academic staff awards for our local university is one area where impact of the Plan has been pronounced.

It would be a breakthrough for countries like Botswana if the Plan is extended to undergraduate studies in courses like Veterinary Medicine, Electrical Engineering and Medicine. This is because facilities for such training are not available locally. We would appreciate it very much if more countries would extend offers to Botswana.

All nominations submitted by the Ministry of Education fall within our national priority areas. In 1981 there was a sad development when one of our U.K. nominees had his award deferred for one year because the Commission believed it had the support of Government. The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, shall remain the authority to communicate with the Scholarship Commission about deferment or withdrawal of Botswana nominees.

BRITAIN

The agency for the Plan continues to be the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom, under the chairmanship of Sir Michael Walker GCMG. The Commission's secretariat is provided by the Association of Commonwealth Universities, the Joint Secretaries of the Commission being the Secretary-General (Dr Anastasios Christodoulou CBE) and the Assistant Secretary-General (Mr E E Temple OBE) of the Association.

The beginning of the report year saw the Commission's secretariat in the process of placing those candidates successful in the 1981 competition in institutions considered appropriate for their study or research. Over 100 more candidates were provisionally selected for the "general" scholarship awards than in the 1980 competition, a direct result of the British Government's having restored the funding of the Commission to previous levels. The increase in the number of those selected was not achieved at the expense of quality, and the British universities approached were generally very willing to offer places. Indeed, despite the increase in numbers to be placed, there was a marked reduction in the number of applicants on whose behalf the Commission had to make second or third requests, the great majority being accepted by the university of first choice. The number of general scholars successfully placed and finally accepting awards was again up about 100 on the previous year.

The 1982 competition has attracted a slight increase over that of 1981 in the total number of nominations received from overseas countries for the "general" Commonwealth Scholarships tenable in Britain. The Commission is grateful to nominating agencies for their efforts to ensure that the candidates put forward are of the good potential that has earned the scheme its deservedly high reputation; for that reputation would rapidly wane if receiving universities found Scholars to be inadequate. Yet, it is disappointing that some countries have not been able to nominate this year and that others have not submitted their full quota of nominations. The placing process for those already selected in 1982 is well under way, and once again the Commission is finding that, with the help of its academic advisers in guiding applicants towards the most appropriate institutions for their proposed studies, universities are very willing to take the newly selected Commonwealth Scholars.

Universities in the developing countries of the Commonwealth have maintained their interest in the Academic Staff Fellowships and Scholarships, and reports on such award-holders by U.K. university departments have been generally very favourable. The number of holders of Academic Staff Scholarships (which have parallel conditions to those of Commonwealth Scholarships) has reached a record total of 108 during the year.

The general standard of applicants for the Commission's Commonwealth Medical Fellowships, which are available to teachers in medical and dental colleges, has continued to rise. However, some agencies still submit Fellowship nominations in respect of candidates who plan to take formal courses or wish to prepare for degrees or diplomas; such candidates should

of course be nominated for Commonwealth Scholarships, which are open to applicants in all disciplines including medicine.

Reports on award holders of all kinds have continued to underline their above average quality and performance, thus helping to illustrate both why Commonwealth Scholars in general are so readily accepted into U.K. universities and why, on return home, they are usually found to make a very considerable contribution to life in their own countries.

The Commission has continued its programme of regional conferences to enable Scholars and Fellows and their teachers in various parts of the country to meet each other and members of the Commission, together with its secretariat and the British Council. In April 1981 a lively and well-attended conference was held at City University for Scholars from London and the South-east; and in November a similarly successful, though slightly smaller, conference was held at Rhodes House, Oxford for award holders in that area.

At the beginning of the 1981-82 academic year in the U.K., 536 Scholars (of all kinds) were holding awards, together with one Senior Medical Fellow, 41 Medical Fellows and 35 Academic Staff Fellows, making a total of 613.

The British Council continues to make a very substantial contribution to the successful running of the scheme in Britain by dealing with payments, travel, accommodation and other welfare and general matters related to the award holders. Scholars are met on their arrival in this country by representatives of the British Council and helped on their way to their place of study, where further assistance may be available from local British Council offices.

During the period 1 April 1981 to 31 March 1982 the following results achieved by its Scholars (some of whom had completed their scholarship tenure in a previous year) were reported to the Commission:- 68 doctorates, 43 master's degrees, eight bachelor's degrees, nine postgraduate diplomas and six higher medical qualifications.

During the year the Commission considered applications for Commonwealth Scholarships tenable overseas from 256 United Kingdom candidates, 58 of whom were applicants for the awards of two or of three of the 12 countries concerned. In fact, a total of 347 applications was received. After taking academic advice and interviewing short-listed candidates in December 1981, the Commission nominated 47 candidates to ten of the 12 countries. We are pleased to report that New Zealand has already announced the offer of its 1983 awards to two of our nominees, both of whom have accepted. In connection with the previous competitions reported on a year ago the Commission is now aware that of the British candidates then nominated 18 have taken up awards in the 1981-82 academic session.

In connection with the Ten Year Review of the Plan for the decade 1970-80 the U.K. Commission was asked to help in the formulation of the British response to the questionnaire circulated to all countries by the Commonwealth Secretariat. A special sub-committee met on two occasions, and a carefully drawn up report was submitted to the Overseas Development Administration which formed the basis of the British response to the Commonwealth Secretariat.

ANTIGUA

There have been no changes to the existing machinery to administer the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in Antigua/Barbuda, nor have there been any alterations in the scope of the present programme.

Our concern to date is mainly the limited number of awards to which Antigua/Barbuda has been invited to make nominations and we would be particularly appreciative of any consideration which could be given to increasing the number, particularly of undergraduate/non-graduate awards to this country.

The benefits derived to date from this programme have been in the contributions, in the main, by those persons who were selected to pursue first degree courses under the Plan, and who were able to remain for lengthy periods while they developed programmes to enhance the national good.

BELIZE

No report has been received.

BERMUDA

No report has been received.

BRITISH VIRGIN ISLANDS

No changes have taken place in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in the British Virgin Islands.

There is a need to adapt the Plan to support more undergraduate studies and training for professional qualifications.

No report on the operation of the Plan is published separately.

BRUNEI

Brunei has not instituted any award as part of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan. However, offers for such Plan awards were received during the period from United Kingdom, Canada, New Zealand and Jamaica.

There is no change in the machinery for the administration of the Plan.

Awards for undergraduate studies currently are obtainable for Brunei nationals through Government of Brunei Scholarship, Brunei Shell Company's Scholarship and Scholarship of HRH Pengiran Perdana Wazir Prince Mohammad Bolkiah. However, it would be certainly of benefit if Commonwealth Scholarship could include undergraduate studies under its scheme.

The most important area where such scholarship is welcome is in the field of practical and functional short trainings in both managerial and administrative development as well as technical aspects of government departments' administration.

Judgement on the benefits of the Plan would be rather premature since this Plan has just become operational in Brunei.

CAYMAN ISLANDS

No report has been received.

FALKLAND ISLANDS

No report has been received.

GIBRALTAR

As a nominating country we would wish the Plan to incorporate a scheme for undergraduate studies and training for professional and/or technical qualifications. As it stands at the moment, there is limited scope for graduates who return with even higher qualifications. What we require is a scheme which offers financial support for training for the needs of the community.

HONG KONG

As a nominating agency, the Education Department of the Hong Kong Government is responsible for the formation of the Selection Committee, the membership of which, as in previous years, represents a cross-section of higher and secondary education in Hong Kong, together with the local representatives of the various Commonwealth Scholarship awarding countries. The Chairman of the Committee is the Professor and Head of the Department of Biochemistry, University of Hong Kong, and the Secretary is an Education Officer of the Education Department. Hong Kong continues to derive very great benefits from the Plan and one of the criteria used in selecting nominees for awards is the usefulness and relevance of the proposed research programme to the needs of the Hong Kong community. Competition for the awards is very keen and the quality of the applicants continues to be high.

As an awarding country, Hong Kong offers postgraduate scholarships tenable at the two universities (the University of Hong Kong and The Chinese University of Hong Kong). The Education Department of the Hong Kong Government acts as the administrative agency, which appoints the Selection Committee, comprising two representatives from each of the two universities with the Senior Assistant Director of Education as Chairman and a Senior Education Officer as Secretary. There are at present seven scholarship holders studying for higher degrees in Civil Engineering, Geography, Medical Science, Music, History, Religious Studies and Sociology. Four awards were made during the period under review.

Extension of tenure of awards beyond two years to enable scholars to study for the Ph.D. degree or for other purposes is considered in each case on its own merit.

MONTSERRAT

No report has been received.

ST HELENA

Britain provides aid and courses in the U.K. for St Helenian government employees requiring further training. St Helena has no university and, as a grant-aided territory, offers no financial assistance to its own or other Commonwealth nationals.

ST KITTS-NEVIS

There has been no alteration in the machinery of the administration of the Plan or its general working, for the period 1 April 1981 to 31 March 1982.

All Commonwealth Scholars have returned to the State, and have benefited tremendously from their training. All Scholars have made practical use of their training, hence contributing to the smooth operation of the Institutions in which they are now working.

No official report will be published on the operation of the Plan in this State.

TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS

In 1981-82 one nominee from the Turks and Caicos Islands was accepted for an award in the field of postgraduate legal studies. This was the first and only nomination submitted by the Turks and Caicos Islands.

The pool of people with the necessary qualifications for nomination is very small in the Turks and Caicos Islands. The population is approximately 7,500 and education is only offered to "O" Level except for a small, privately run secretarial college. Although some students do go on to university abroad, the majority who continue with their education study for professional and technical qualifications. In 1982 there are five Turks and Caicos Island graduates working in the country although there are a number of other graduates working abroad. It would be difficult, if not impossible, to make the existence of Commonwealth Scholarships known to all Turks and Caicos Islanders with the necessary qualifications.

The main need is for more scholarships at the professional and technical and undergraduate levels as well as at G.C.E. Advanced Level.

CANADA

The Canadian Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee continues to be the official agency of the Plan in Canada, with the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada providing the Secretariat. The new Secretary of the Committee is Mr A B Larose, who is Director of the Financial and Administrative Services Division of the AUCC.

During the year under report, 306 Canadians applied for awards offered by twelve Commonwealth countries and from this number, the Canadian Committee nominated 89 candidates. Furthermore, 263 applications were submitted by forty nominating countries for the 1982 Canadian Commonwealth Scholarships, and nineteen nominations were submitted by Canadian Educational Agencies for the Visiting and Research Fellowships.

The Canadian Committee has voiced its concern about the limited value of some references. The application specifies that two references should be from academics under whom the candidate has studied. In several cases the references are submitted by employers and are usually written in general terms; this deprives the Committee of the academic assessment which it should have.

The Canadian Committee believes that the Plan in Canada is running smoothly and attributes this in part to the co-operation which has been given by Canadian Universities and to the valuable assistance and encouragement provided by the scholars' course supervisors. The results have been gratifying and it is a pleasure to report that all but a very few of the scholars have done work of high quality, many indeed having outstanding records.

CYPRUS

Cyprus has no institution of University Level, and therefore, she is only a nominating country under the Plan. The scholarship agency continues to be the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. The responsible authority for selection of candidates for nomination continues to be the Scholarship Board, Nicosia.

Commonwealth Scholarships are given wide publicity in Cyprus and especially the undergraduate studies attract a big number of applications.

During the year under review Canada has made two awards for undergraduate studies in Economics; U.K. four awards for undergraduate studies in Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, Electrical Engineering and Economics; and India one scholarship for postgraduate studies in Economics.

Britain has renewed the awards of six scholars, namely: Papachristodoulou, Kaplanis, Zodhiades, Efsthathiou, Christodoulou and Hji Antoniou, to complete their studies in U.K. Three scholars completed their studies in U.K., gaining B.Sc. Degrees in Mathematics, Chemical Engineering and Economics. Canada has renewed the awards of two candidates, namely: Anastassiades and Stylianou to complete their studies. Two scholars completed their studies, gaining B.Sc. Degrees in Mechanical Engineering and Economics and Politics.

DOMINICA

Dominica has no changes to report in the administration and operation of the Plan.

FIJI

Apart from the fact that Australia does not offer CSFP awards any more, there has been no change to either our machinery or to the scope of the scheme as far as Fiji is concerned.

As a nominating agency our stand is the same - that awards should be for longer periods also, to allow for some postgraduate courses which may be for as long as five years. It would also be in our interest if undergraduate studies in the technical/professional areas were included.

We are satisfied with the training that our people have done on the scheme.

No reports on the Plan have been produced to date, neither is there any due for publishing.

THE GAMBIA

No report has been received.

GHANA

The Scholarships Secretariat continues to be the Scholarship agency for administering awards made under the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan.

Ghana has not increased the number of awards nor have any new awards been instituted.

However, having regard to the popularity the awards have gained with the Ghanaian Youth, it is unfortunate that during the year under review, some awarding countries from whom Ghana had hitherto received awards made no offers to Ghana while some awards made received no confirmation.

While we acknowledge the invaluable benefits the country has so far derived from what is principally a postgraduate scheme, it is high time some provision was made under the scheme for undergraduate training to provide much needed manpower in fields of Veterinary Medicine, such paramedical areas as Dietetics, Physiotherapy, Occupational Therapy and other manpower areas which are vital to national development but which Ghana and some other participating countries have no training facilities of their own.

We support the idea that the length of awards should be adhered to but extensions of awards could be granted when these are to enable the students attain the objective for which the awards had been made.

Considerable benefit is derived by both the students and the employers from the experience gained as well on the programme, and Ghana welcomes the opportunity of participating in the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan. The advantages of the plan are numerous. It affords Commonwealth students the opportunity to meet other Commonwealth citizens by studying in their universities and to know themselves better. It promotes the building up of the Commonwealth brotherhood and the eradication of prejudices and that the plan should continue to play its useful role in the educational programme of the Commonwealth countries.

There have not been reports on the operation of the plan so far.

GRENADA

No report has been received.

GUYANA

The machinery set up for the administration of the Plan remained unchanged during the period under review, and the Public Service Ministry continues to be the Agency responsible for the Plan in Guyana.

Response to advertisements continues to be encouraging. To us it seems advisable for the Plan to remain primarily for postgraduate work but with sufficient flexibility to accommodate undergraduate studies where desirable.

Generally the courses pursued by Guyanese Scholars are relevant both to their own needs and those of the Country.

Guyana expresses its gratitude to those Commonwealth Nations which continue to consolidate the bonds of friendship by the maintenance of facilities for the exchange of knowledge, through the Plan.

INDIA

The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan continued to be administered by the Ministry of Education and Culture during the period 1 April 1981 to 31 March 1982. There has been no change both in the scope and content of the programme and the number of awards offered by the Government of India which remained the same, i.e. 50, as in the previous years. While this number remains constant, slight adjustments are made in the number of scholarships offered to the various countries within the Commonwealth depending on their requirements vis-a-vis the actual utilisation of the awards by various countries during the year 1981-82.

We have observed that some countries are unable to fully utilise the scholarships offered by the Government of India. This may, perhaps, be due to the faulty mechanism and delays in procedure. If the nominating country ensures that only those candidates are nominated who are fully eligible in terms of qualifications, age and experience as indicated in the offer of award the chances of under utilisation of offer of scholarships will be remote. Secondly, as the time schedule for nomination and selection is uniform and is known in advance to the nominating agencies, procedural delays can be minimised if advance action is taken by the nominating agency.

The following additional suggestions are, however, offered for consideration:-

(i) The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan may be broad-based. It should cater to the needs at undergraduate level in professional or technical courses and for all fields at postgraduate/research level.

(ii) As far as possible, the duration of the award may be fixed and known to the nominating country. In this connection, the Ministry suggest as under:-

(a) Three - four years for undergraduate studies, and no extension should be granted for such courses.

(b) Two years for postgraduate studies.

(c) Two years for doctoral research, with a possibility of one year's extension for further studies.

Only under special circumstances the extension under (b) and (c) would be considered.

In so far as Item (c) of Part I of the Questionnaire is concerned, the following comments are offered with India as a nominating country:-

(i) Based on the past experience, the duration of the award should be decided in such a way that the possibility of any extension of the period in individual cases is reduced to the extent that it is required only in rare circumstances and does not become a matter of routine as has been observed in the past cases. This is desired to avoid administrative/audit complications involved in the matter. Any scholar may, however, complete the course of study at any time before the expiry of the period for which the award is to remain valid.

(ii) Any proposal for extension may be intimated to the nominating country well in advance and should not be decided by the awardee country without the consent of the nominating country.

(iii) The Plan may support undergraduate courses in cases where facilities for the same are not available in the nominating countries.

JAMAICA

The Scholarships Section of the Ministry of Education continued to administer the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan for the year under review - 1 April 1981 to 31 March 1982 - on behalf of the Government of Jamaica.

1. As an Awarding Agency

There were no major changes in the operation of the Plan, but there was a review of the maintenance allowances paid to postgraduate scholars holding the Jamaican Award. This was increased to J\$4,000.00 per annum for study at the Mona Campus of the U.W.I., and TT\$8,500.00 and TT\$800.00 per annum for maintenance and books, respectively, for study at the St Augustine Campus. A further review was made later and this will increase the annual maintenance allowances to J\$5,400.00 and TT\$10,500.00 in the next report year.

In September, the 1981 Award was taken up at the St Augustine Campus of the U.W.I. by one of the four Ugandan nominees.

Regrettably, the 1980 Award had to be terminated in December 1981 as the scholar, though an otherwise excellent candidate, had insufficient language proficiency to pursue the degree in English.

(We must at this point acknowledge our deep appreciation to the staff of the University of the West Indies as well as of other Agencies of the Government for their cooperation and understanding in facilitating the various scholars under the Plan.)

As a consequence, all future scholars whose native language is not English will be required to sit an English Proficiency Test set by the U.W.I., before final confirmation of Award is given.

Again this year we had to extend our deadline for receipt of nominations for Jamaica 1982 to March 26 at the request of various countries as nominations continued to be delayed, in part because our invitations to nominate were delayed in the mail, even though despatched in July 1981. However, if late submissions cannot be avoided, we stress that all supporting documents be submitted along with the application forms.

For the 1982 award we received a total of twenty (20) nominations from thirteen (13) countries in addition to a self-nominated candidate.

2. As a Nominating Agency

The major activity for the year were the functions of a nominating agency. During the report period invitations to nominate were received from Canada, Hong Kong, Nigeria, the United Kingdom, "Australia 83" and "New Zealand 83", for which applications were, as usual, requested through the Press. A total of one hundred and six (106) applications was received: Canada - 56; Hong Kong - 2; Nigeria - 4; U.K. - 33; "Australia 83" - 10 and "New Zealand 83" - 1. Nominations were submitted for: Hong Kong - 1; Canada - 9; U.K. - 8; "Australia 82" - 3; "New Zealand 82" - 2. (The Nigerian offer had to be abandoned through lack of communication between both Agencies.)

Of the nominations submitted for "Australia 82", one so far has been unsuccessful. No further word was heard about Nigeria 81, the nominee for which was provisionally selected for an Award. However, three (3) and two (2) Awards were offered and taken up for U.K. 81 and Canada 81, respectively, in September 1981. At the time of reporting, Canada 82 has provisionally selected for awards, five (5) plus two (2) reserves.

Returning from Awards were six (6) scholars: from Canada (3), U.K. (2) and Australia (1), three of whom have so far been re-employed, two in the Government service.

3. General

We are satisfied, in general, with the working of the Plan and congratulate the Commonwealth Secretariat on its administration. We also extend our gratitude to the Awarding countries and especially for awards received for undergraduate study in vital areas of need, which is very commendable. However, we feel that most awards should be reserved for postgraduate studies.

It is our wish that more countries who have instituted awards would invite us to submit nominations.

Returning scholars continue to be generally satisfied with their awards.

At this time there is no plan for any proposed official report to be published.

Further comments on the operation of the Plan may also be had in more detail from information supplied in response to a request on the Ten Year Review, submitted to the Education Division, Commonwealth Secretariat.

KENYA

No changes have taken place since April 1981 in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan. The title and address of the Commonwealth Scholarship agency remains the same.

The Scheme is operating quite well in Kenya and more candidates are taking interest in the Scheme. However, there is a need to adapt the Plan to support more undergraduate studies and training for professional and technical qualifications.

All Commonwealth Scholars who have returned from overseas on completion of their studies have been absorbed.

KIRIBATI

The administration of training in Kiribati is performed by two different government bodies; namely the Ministry of Education, Training and Culture and the Office of the President. The former deals specifically with training for individuals in the private sector and the latter with those in the government sector. In effect private individuals who are interested in a Commonwealth Scholarship have their nominations processed through the Ministry of Education, Training and Culture, while government-employed candidates would have their nominations processed by the Office of the President.

Kiribati has not as yet instituted any awards. It has not become an awarding country.

As a nominating country we have for the first time nominated candidates for the Jamaican Commonwealth Award 1982. As a young newly independent nation with a very small stock of University graduates (about 50 altogether at the end of 1981) postgraduate awards are not popular at this stage. For the next five years the emphasis would probably lean towards undergraduate awards and beyond that postgraduate awards would gradually catch interest.

LESOTHO

No report has been received.

MALAWI

Malawi has submitted no statement for this report.

MALAYSIA

Malaysia has submitted no statement for this report.

MALTA

The Administration for the award of Scholarships under the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan is entrusted to the Department of Education. A local Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee is appointed every year to make recommendations for the submission of nominations for these awards.

During the period 1 April 1981 - 31 March 1982, new scholarships were awarded under this Plan as follows:

1. Miss Doreen Camilleri to read for a Ph.D in Forensic Science in the United Kingdom.
2. Mr Albert Farrugia to read for a Higher Degree in Clinical Chemistry in the United Kingdom.
3. Mr Peter Fava Boffa to read for a Diploma/Degree in Guidance and Counselling in New Zealand.
4. Mr Michael Fenech to read for a Ph.D in Genetics in Australia.

During the period 1 April 1981 - 31 March 1982 eleven scholars were on scholarship as follows:

1. Mr Robert Borg to read for a Ph.D degree in Organic Chemistry in Canada.
2. Miss Josephine Caruana to read for an MA in Linguistics in the United Kingdom.
3. Mr Joseph Cassar for Research in Properties of Concrete in the United Kingdom.
4. Miss May Cassar to read for a degree in Archaeology with Conservation in the United Kingdom.
5. Mr Donald Friggieri to read for a BA (Hons) in Three-Dimensional Design in the United Kingdom.
6. Mr Paul Gauci to read for an MA in Regional Planning and Resource Development in Canada.
7. Miss Maureen Grech Marguerat to read for a degree of Bachelor in Social Work in Australia.
8. Mr Louis Mallia to read for the Master of Applied Science in Chemical Technology in Australia.
9. Mr Anthony Meli to read for a Degree in Business Administration (Agricultural Studies) in Australia.
10. Miss Jennifer Pace to follow a Degree Course in Human Kinetics in Canada.
11. Mr Louis Zammit Mangion for Research in Physics leading to Ph.D in the United Kingdom.

No official report on the operation of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan is published in Malta.

Under this Plan Malta offers one scholarship to enable a scholar from a country in the Commonwealth to undergo studies at the University of Malta or the Technical Institutes in Malta. During the period 1 April 1981 - 31 March 1982 a student from Mauritius was undergoing a course leading to the degree of Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering.

Maltese nationals who are awarded Commonwealth Scholarships are required to return to Malta on completion of their studies abroad. These scholars make a valuable contribution towards the continued social and industrial development of this country.

Publicity for these awards is given through Press Releases and other means of communication, i.e. Radio, Television and the Local Relay System.

MAURITIUS

The administration of the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan in Mauritius continues to be the sole responsibility of the Ministry of Education and Cultural Affairs. There has been no change in the selection and nomination of the candidates. It is quite encouraging to say that we get a lot of applications from the public when scholarships from Commonwealth countries are advertised in the local Press.

Mauritius is still a nominating agency, laying emphasis on the scientific and technological fields of study such as Computer Science, Engineering, Medicine, Irrigation and Water Management, Sciences, Valuation Surveying.

Leave of absence is usually given to Government employees selected for awards. It is felt that the Plan should be adapted to support more undergraduate studies in order to cater for the ever increasing Form VI leavers. Consideration should also be given to training for professional and technical qualifications.

NAURU

No report has been received.

NEW ZEALAND

The administration of the Commonwealth Scholarships and Fellowships Scheme in New Zealand continues as before. We are able to report that over the last two years the full quota of 15 scholars each year has been taken up with, this year, six coming from African countries. One of our problems in the past has been the late arrival of applications particularly from Africa and India and I am glad to report that this difficulty has largely been resolved. Our only worry now is the considerable time taken for correspondence from here even by cable and air mail to reach the African countries but we hope to overcome this problem for the next competition.

At the present time we have 43 scholars in New Zealand from 19 different countries.

NIGERIA

No change or addition has taken place in the administrative machinery of the CSFP in Nigeria. The title and address of this machinery remains "The Federal Ministry of Education, Scholarships Section, PMB 12573, Lagos".

No new awards have been instituted and Nigerian awards remain at 15. Interviews were held in London, Ottawa and New York for Nigerian applicants in the UK and Canada respectively. Results of all interviews held abroad were assessed with those held in Nigeria before nominations were made.

As a nominating country, Nigeria's problem remains that of too many qualified candidates vying for very few awards that are on offer. An appeal is hereby being made for the developed countries to increase the number of awards being made available to Nigeria.

As an awarding country we are still of the opinion that not enough publicity is being given to our awards by other Commonwealth agencies. In this reporting period there are 15 awards on offer. Six (6) nominations have been received. An extension of one academic year has been granted to one of the Scholars.

We are of the opinion that the Plan should remain principally a scheme for postgraduate University Study but where necessary it should be extended to accommodate the training of professional and technical manpower.

Most of our Commonwealth Scholars usually come home at the end of their courses abroad. They are often employed in the Universities, research institutes and University Teaching Hospitals where they demonstrate the academic and professional expertise acquired from their studies abroad.

Summary: We still support the existence and enlargement of the Plan, as we still need many qualified men and women to cope with our rapid national development.

PAPUA NEW GUINEA

The Plan is now being administered by the Public Services Commission instead of the Prime Minister's Office. Papua New Guinea is not an awarding country. As the Plan presently covers postgraduate study, its value to Papua New Guinea is limited. Papua New Guinea would find it more valuable if the Plan were adapted to support undergraduate studies and professional or technical training, provided the Plan can accommodate, or be altered to accommodate increased numbers which would result.

There are no plans to produce a separate report on the Plan in Papua New Guinea.

ST LUCIA

No report has been received.

ST VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan is seen mainly as a scheme which enables persons to pursue post-graduate study and it is only requests for training at this level which we have in the past put forward. However, if it could be pointed out which specific areas of under-graduate study are usually given favourable consideration, the Government of St Vincent and the Grenadines would be happy to include applications for under-graduate study in our submission for Commonwealth Scholarship awards.

This Government is now placing a heavy emphasis on Industrial Development, Agricultural Diversification, Fisheries Development and Food Processing, and training at both undergraduate and postgraduate level in areas of study relating to these fields is urgently required. This is in addition to the usual education-related training.

The response to our advertisements for Commonwealth Scholarships and indeed all post-graduate training is not usually encouraging in spite of the fact that employment opportunities for such persons are readily available. The main drawback would appear to be the bonding agreement which the candidate must enter into with the Government prior to his/her taking up an award. Such persons would probably have served a bonding period before and see another bonding agreement as a tiresome affair.

Government Officers who are granted study leave to take up an offer of training receive full pay for the first year of such training and half pay for the remainder of the course.

SEYCHELLES

The Agency set up for the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan has continued to be the Ministry of Education and Information, Mont-Fleuri, Mahé, Seychelles.

Seychelles's immediate need is undergraduate studies and training for professional and technical qualifications.

Not being an awarding country and without a university, we would appreciate it if awarding countries; e.g. Canada, U.K., New Zealand, etc., could also offer training at undergraduate level, taking into account our manpower training needs instead of purely academic excellence.

SIERRA LEONE

The machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in Sierra Leone has not changed. In 1981 we instituted the offer of two awards annually for postgraduate courses tenable in Sierra Leone under the CSFP covering:

1. Travelling to and from Sierra Leone
2. Tuition)
3. Maintenance) as will be stipulated by the University
4. Books allowance - Le200.00

5. Research allowance - Lel60.00
6. Personal allowance - Le 60.00 per month

The awards are for a two year duration. Selection is by academic excellence and development needs of the nominating country.

As a nominating country, we appreciate the range of fields supplied by the awarding countries because most times the fields coincide with our priority areas. Sometimes, however, because of our stage of development, there are areas of training which are not catered for. It would be useful therefore if we could encourage consultation before deciding on training areas.

SINGAPORE

The Singapore Public Service Commission continues to administer the Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan. There has been no change in the administration of the Plan during the period under review.

Altogether seven awards were granted to Singapore by United Kingdom, Australia and Canada. The area of study under these awards are Linguistics, Business Administration, Concrete Structures, Construction Management, Fire Engineering and Computer Science.

Commonwealth Scholars have benefited considerably from their studies overseas and, upon their return, they are able to make valuable contributions to their respective Ministries/Department where they were deployed.

The length of awards from Ph.D. studies under UK Commonwealth Scholarships should not be limited to only three years as a student normally needs at least four years to complete a Ph.D. degree (including M.Phil.).

SOLOMON ISLANDS

No report has been received.

SRI LANKA

There have been no changes in the machinery for the administration of the Plan in Sri Lanka.

SWAZILAND

No report has been received.

TANZANIA

No report has been received.

TONGA

Tonga has submitted no statement for this report.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

The Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Plan continued to work smoothly in Trinidad and Tobago between 1 April 1981 and 31 March 1982.

No changes have taken place in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in Trinidad and Tobago, either from the standpoint of a nominating or an awarding country.

The Commonwealth Scholars who have returned to Trinidad and Tobago have continued to make a meaningful contribution to the country. As one of the main factors taken into consideration when candidates are elected for nomination for awards under the Plan is the priority needs of the country, the studies of such Commonwealth Scholars have been of relevance to the institutions in which they are employed.

No official report on the operation of the Plan in Trinidad and Tobago has been published.

TUVALU

No report has been received.

UGANDA

No report has been received.

VANUATU

No report has been received.

WESTERN SAMOA

No report has been received.

ZAMBIA

There have been no changes in the machinery set up for the administration of the Plan in Zambia.

India has now started offering Zambia scholarships, on the basis of the Commonwealth Scheme, for postgraduate studies but which would be utilised for undergraduate or other courses for which facilities are not available in Zambia. The offers are tenable for two years but extensions are possible.

As a nominating agency, we need ample time before the deadline of submission of nominations as the process involves; advertising the scholarships which takes time to reach remote rural areas as well as the applications to reach the processing Secretariat for consideration.

The Awarding country should therefore make the offers known to the Nominating agency in good time. It is also of utmost importance that Awarding Country honour all the scholarships offered by accepting the appropriate number of nominations.

As there are more facilities for undergraduate scholarship studies on other scholarship plans or schemes, it is necessary that the Commonwealth Scholarship Scheme is restricted to postgraduate studies only in the case of Zambia.

It is of utmost importance that the Zambian nationals offered Commonwealth Scholarships return to Zambia without unnecessary delays upon graduation. No extensions or further studies should be entered into without the authority of the Bursaries Committee.

ZIMBABWE

No report has been received.

APPENDIX I

LIST OF COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIP AGENCIES
(as at 1 September 1982)

AUSTRALIA	(In respect of developing countries) The Director, The Australian Development Assistance Bureau, P.O. Box 887, Canberra City, A.C.T. 2601 (In respect of developed countries) The Secretary, Department of Education, P.O. Box 826, Woden, A.C.T. 2606
BAHAMAS	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Culture, P.O. Box N3913/14, Nassau
BANGLADESH	The Secretary, Ministry of Education, Government of Bangladesh, Bangladesh Secretariat, Dhaka-2
BARBADOS	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Culture, Jemmotts Lane, St. Michael
BOTSWANA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education Private Bag 005, Gaborone
BRITAIN	The Joint Secretary, Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom, John Foster House, 36 Gordon Square, London WC1H 0PF
Antigua	The Chief Education Officer, Ministry of Education, Culture and Youth Affairs, Church Street, St. John's
Belize	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Sports, Belmopan
Bermuda	The Chief Education Officer, Department of Education, P.O. Box 1185, Hamilton 5

British Virgin Islands	The Secretary, B.V.I. Scholarships Committee, Government of the British Virgin Islands, Tortola
Brunei	H.E. The High Commissioner for Brunei, British High Commission, P.O. Box 2197, Bandar Seri Begawan
Cayman Islands	The Chief Education Officer, Education Council, P.O. Box 910, Government Administration Building, Grand Cayman, B.W.I.
Falkland Islands	The Chief Secretary, The Secretariat, Stanley
Gibraltar	The Director of Education, Department of Education, 227 Main Street
Hong Kong	The Director of Education, Overseas Students and Scholarships Section, Education Department Branch Office, Leighton Centre ,15th Floor, 77 Leighton Road
Montserrat	The Chairman, Montserrat Scholarship Committee, Department of Manpower and Administration, Governor's Office, Plymouth
St. Christopher, Nevis	The Permanent Secretary, Establishment Division, Government Headquarters, P.O. Box 186, St. Kitts
St. Helena	The Education Officer, Education Department, Government of St. Helena, Jamestown
Turks and Caicos Islands	Administrative Officer (Manpower and Training), Chief Secretary's Office, Grand Turk
CANADA	The Secretary, Canadian Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee, 151 Slater, Ottawa, Ontario K1P 5N1
CYPRUS	The Director General, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Nicosia
DOMINICA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Health, Education Division, Roseau

FIJI	The Secretary, Public Service Commission (Training and Scholarships Division) Box 2211, Government Buildings, Suva
THE GAMBIA	The Secretary, Scholarship Advisory Committee, Ministry of Education, Bedford Place Building, Banjul
GHANA	The Registrar of Scholarships, Scholarships Secretariat, P.O. Box M75, Ministry Branch Post Office, Accra
GRENADA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Planning, Development and Training, St. George's
GUYANA	The Permanent Secretary, Public Service Ministry (Training Division), 65-67 High Street, Kingston, Georgetown
INDIA	The Deputy Educational Adviser (External Scholarships Division), Ministry of Education and Culture, Department of Education, Shastri Bhawan, New Delhi 110001
JAMAICA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, Tertiary Education Unit 2 National Heroes Circle, P.O. Box 498, Kingston
KENYA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Higher Education, Jogoo House, Harambee Avenue, P.O. Box 30040, Nairobi
KIRIBATI	The Secretary, Ministry of Education, Training and Culture, P.O. Box 263, Bikenibeu, Tarawa
LESOTHO	The Permanent Secretary for Education, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box 47, Maseru
MALAWI	Secretary to the President and Cabinet, Department of Personnel Management and Training, P.O. Box 30227, Lilongwe 3

MALAYSIA	The Secretary, Malaysian Liaison Committee, Commonwealth Education Scheme, Ministry of Education (Scholarship and Training Division), 24-25 Floors, Bank Pertanian Building, Leboh Pasar Besar, Kuala Lumpur 01-23
MALTA	The Director of Education, Department of Education, Lascaris, Valletta
MAURITIUS	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Cultural Affairs, New Government Centre, Port Louis
NAURU	The Secretary, Department of Education
NEW ZEALAND	The Secretary, New Zealand Commonwealth Scholarship and Fellowship Committee, University Grants Committee, P.O. Box 12348, Wellington North
NIGERIA	The Permanent Secretary, Federal Ministry of Education, Scholarships Section, P.M.B. 12573, Lagos
PAPUA NEW GUINEA	The Secretary, Department of the Public Services Commission, Post Office, Wards Strip, Papua New Guinea
ST. LUCIA	The Permanent Secretary, Establishment Division, Premier's Office, Government Buildings, Castries
ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES	The Chief Personnel Officer, Service Commissions Department, Kingstown
SEYCHELLES	The Principal Secretary, Ministry of Education and Information, P.O. Box 48, Mahé.
SIERRA LEONE	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, New England, Freetown
SINGAPORE	The Secretary, Public Service Commission, 2nd Floor, City Hall, St. Andrew's Road, Singapore 0617
SOLOMON ISLANDS	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education and Training, P.O. Box 584, Honiara

SRI LANKA	The Secretary, Ministry of Higher Education, 18 Ward Place, Colombo 7
SWAZILAND	The Permanent Secretary, Swaziland Government, Department of Establishments and Training, P.O. Box 170, Mbabane
TANZANIA	The Principal Secretary, Ministry of National Education, P.O. Box 9121, Dar-es-Salaam
TONGA	The Director of Education, Ministry of Education, P.O. Box 61, Nuku'alofa
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO	The Chief Personnel Officer, Training Division, 40-42 Henry Street, Port-of-Spain
TUVALU	Senior Education Officer, Vaiaku, Funafuti
UGANDA	The Permanent Secretary, Ministry of Education, Crested Towers, P.O. Box 7063, Kampala
VANUATU	The Director, Department of Tertiary Education, Scholarships and Adult Education, P.O. Box 153, Port Vila
WESTERN SAMOA	The Scholarships Committee, c/o Prime Minister's Department, P.O. Box 193, Apia
ZAMBIA	The Secretary, Bursaries Committee, P.O. Box 50093, Lusaka
ZIMBABWE	The Chief Education Officer, Ministry of Education and Culture, P.O. Box 8022, Causeway, Harare

APPENDIX II

LIST OF COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIPS, THEIR EMOLUMENTS AND CONDITIONS OF AWARD

Commonwealth Scholarships are normally intended to cover the scholar's return fares, tuition fees, an allowance for maintenance and books and certain other expenses. All emoluments are subject to periodic review.

The awards are usually open only to persons under 28 years of age (35 as an upper limit) who are Commonwealth citizens or British protected persons and who are resident in Commonwealth countries other than the awarding country. They are tenable at a university or other institution of higher learning in the awarding country and are normally awarded for advanced study or research to graduates or holders of an equivalent qualification. Under certain circumstances an award may be made to enable a student to proceed to a first degree or to a graduate who wishes to undertake further undergraduate study. The normal period of tenure is two academic years, but may be for periods from one to three years depending on the studies undertaken. The conditions and emoluments of each set of awards are determined by the relevant awarding country and are set out below.

AUSTRALIA

Emoluments for Australian Scholarships include:

- 1) Travel to and from Australia generally at excursion rates and by the most direct route. There is no provision for the travel of dependants.
- 2) Payment of all compulsory fees.
- 3) Living allowance, for postgraduate scholars, at the rate of A\$4,944 a year and, for undergraduates, of A\$3,551 a year (out of college) or A\$4,591 (in college or hall of residence).
- 4) Books and equipment allowance of A\$312 a year.
- 5) Fares and travelling allowance for travel within Australia essential to the scholar's study programme.
- 6) Thesis allowance paid in the final year of A\$100 for an undergraduate honours thesis, A\$250 for a master's thesis and A\$400 for a doctoral dissertation.
- 7) Establishment allowance of A\$190 for postgraduates and A\$136 for undergraduates; and of A\$85 for a spouse and A\$20 for a child.
- 8) Clothing allowance of A\$196.

9) Marriage allowance at the rate of A\$2,220 for a dependent spouse who is with the scholar in Australia. This allowance is not paid if the spouse holds a scholarship or is in paid employment. It is provided only as a contribution towards the support of a scholar's spouse in Australia. A scholar accompanied by a spouse will need other resources to supplement this allowance.

10) Dependant's allowance at the rate of A\$520 a year for each dependent child with the scholar in Australia, provided the spouse qualifies for the marriage allowance.

Benefits are not taxable in Australia.

BRITAIN

The emoluments are intended to contribute towards expenses of travel, living and study during the tenure of the scholarship and consist of :

1) Student concessionary or other approved air fares to Britain and return on expiry of the scholarship (the cost of journeys made before receipt of awards will not normally be reimbursed, nor can fares be paid for a scholar's dependants).

2) Approved tuition and examination fees.

3) A personal maintenance allowance at the rate of £269 per month.

4) A grant for books and apparatus of £120 during the first year of study, and of £74 for each complete year of study thereafter; and a grant of up to £100 towards the cost of typing and binding one thesis, where applicable.

5) A grant for expenses of approved study travel within Britain of up to £40 per year.

6) An initial clothing grant of £136 for such scholars coming from tropical countries as are recommended to receive it.

7) For married scholar a marriage allowance of £135 per month is payable provided that husband and wife are residing together at the same address in Britain. It is not paid when the scholar's spouse is also in receipt of an award, or is in paid employment.

8) For married couples accompanied by their children, a child allowance is payable at the rate of £17, £14 and £11 per month respectively for the first, second and third child under the age of 16, and provided they are residing with their parents. For a scholar who is a widower/widow or divorced and is legally responsible for the children of the marriage, a child allowance will be payable provided they accompany and reside with him/her.

These emoluments are not subject to United Kingdom income tax.

CANADA

Each scholarship is intended to cover the expenses of travel, living and study during its tenure and includes :

- 1) Transport to Canada and return normally by the most direct economy air passage as arranged by the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada.
- 2) Approved tuition and other compulsory university fees (excluding board and residence).
- 3) A basic personal maintenance allowance at the rate of C\$350 per month; a supplementary allowance is provided, the details of which are given to successful candidates.
- 4) A book allowance of C\$200 per year.
- 5) In special circumstances an allowance for special equipment and supplies not available in the university.
- 6) A clothing allowance of C\$350 during the first year of study and C\$250 in each subsequent year.
- 7) In special cases, provision for travel within Canada up to a total of C\$800 if it is an essential part of the scholar's academic programme.
- 8) Approved medical and hospital expenses.
- 9) For a scholar who was married before coming to Canada, a marriage allowance of C\$150 per month while the spouse resides with the scholar in Canada, plus two-thirds of the cost of the spouse's fare to Canada and return as arranged by the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada. These payments will be made only if there is adequate assurance that the scholar's spouse will be living with the scholar in Canada for at least six consecutive months of the tenure of a scholarship and provided the spouse does not hold a scholarship or fellowship in Canada. If the spouse wishes to seek paid employment, prior permission must be obtained from the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada, and from the Department of Employment and Immigration. IT MUST BE STRESSED THAT EMPLOYMENT IS ALMOST IMPOSSIBLE TO OBTAIN. If the spouse does obtain employment, there will be a dollar-for-dollar reduction in the marriage allowance during the period of employment - no matter for how short a period of time within each month the spouse is employed.

AS NO CHILD ALLOWANCES ARE PAYABLE TO SCHOLARS, AND AS THE LIVING ALLOWANCE IS NOT ADEQUATE FOR THE SUPPORT OF CHILDREN, IT IS ESSENTIAL THAT SCHOLARS WHO PLAN TO BRING CHILDREN TO CANADA BRING SUFFICIENT FINANCIAL RESOURCES FOR THEIR SUPPORT. IF THESE RESOURCES ARE NOT AVAILABLE, CONSIDERATION SHOULD BE GIVEN TO LEAVING THE CHILDREN AT HOME.

APPENDIX II

GHANA

Scholars receive:

- 1) An economy air ticket to and from Ghana.
- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory and examination fees (if applicable).
- 3) Maintenance allowance of $\text{C}\text{d}\text{.}4,800$ per year from which the student has to meet expenses in respect of board and lodging.
- 4) Cost of books and apparatus up to $\text{C}\text{d}\text{.}350$ per year (if applicable).
- 5) Allowance of $\text{C}\text{d}\text{.}600$ per year to cover the cost of travelling within Ghana in connection with the student's studies or research.
- 6) Clothing allowance of $\text{C}\text{d}\text{.}400$ for scholars who normally reside in temperate climates.

Scholars will normally be housed in a University Hall of Residence. It is not possible to provide housing for a scholar who is accompanied by his wife. There is, however, no objection to a scholar bringing his wife with him as long as he takes full responsibility for her support and accommodation.

These allowances are not subject to Ghana Income Tax.

HONG KONG

The emoluments cover:

- 1) The scholar's return passage (normally by the most direct economy air passage).
- 2) University fees.
- 3) Maintenance allowance of HK $\text{d}\text{.}2,800$ per month.
- 4) Books and apparatus allowance of HK $\text{d}\text{.}400$ per year.
- 5) Additional travel allowance of HK $\text{d}\text{.}400$ per year.
- 6) Clothing allowance (necessary) of HK $\text{d}\text{.}640$.
- 7) Medical facilities:
 - (i) Normal University Health Service, for the scholar only, provided on the same basis as for all other students in the University.
 - (ii) Free medical treatment in Government hospitals for the scholar and his wife. These facilities do not include hospital maintenance fees, dental and ophthalmic treatment, maternity treatment, nor the cost of any hearing aids or appliances, all of which must be paid for by the scholar and his wife.

- 8) An additional marriage allowance of HK\$2,300 per month will be paid to a male scholar who is married at the time of taking up his award if he is accompanied by his wife. This allowance will not be payable if the wife holds a scholarship or is in paid employment.

The above emoluments are not taxable in Hong Kong.

INDIA

Each scholarship is intended to cover the expenses of travel, living and study during its tenure as follows :

- 1) Cost of air or sea passage from the port of embarkation in the home country by tourist or economy class to the port of disembarkation in India and back and also first-class train or bus fare from the port of disembarkation in India to the place of training in India and back.
- 2) Approved tuition and other compulsory university fees (excluding board and residence).
- 3) A personal maintenance allowance at the rate of Rs500 per month for undergraduate studies and RS600 per month for post-graduate studies.
- 4) Book allowance :
 - (i) RS400 for postgraduate research studies as well as for graduation level courses in the fields like Engineering, Medicine, Pharmacy, Agriculture and Veterinary sciences; and
 - (ii) Rs300 for undergraduate courses except those mentioned in (i) above.
- 5) A grant for expenses of approved study tours within India and for attending approved holiday or youth welfare camps at prescribed rates.
- 6) Approved medical expenses.
- 7) An outfit allowance of Rs200 only on joining the institution.

There is no provision for any additional allowance if a scholar brings his family with him.

These payments are not taxable in India.

JAMAICA

The emoluments are intended to cover expenses of travel, living and study during the tenure of the scholarship, and will consist of :

- 1) Fares (normally tourist class air rates) to the West Indies and return on expiry of the scholarship; in the case of a married scholar accompanied by a spouse, half the return passage will be paid in respect of the spouse, provided the duration of the course is more than one academic year.

- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory and examination fees.
- 3) A personal maintenance allowance at the rate of J\$5,400 per year for graduates and J\$2,700 for undergraduates.
- 4) A maximum grant of J\$250 per year for books and apparatus.
- 5) A grant for expenses of approved travel in connection with the course of up to J\$100 per year.
- 6) A clothing allowance of J\$150 for scholars from temperate countries.
- 7) For a married scholar accompanied by a spouse, a marriage allowance at the rate of J\$800 per year. This allowance will be payable only to scholars who were married at the time of their application and will not be payable in respect of a spouse who holds a scholarship or who is in paid employment.

MALAYSIA

The value of the award has been fixed so that under normal circumstances the maintenance allowance and other benefits will cover the expense of travel, living and study of the scholar during tenure of the scholarship. The following payments will be made:

- 1) Travel to and from Malaysia by tourist class, sea or air by the most direct route as arranged by the Malaysian Liaison Committee. (No provision is included for expenses of dependants except for the wife who is accompanying the scholar).
- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory and examination fees.
- 3) A personal maintenance allowance, payable monthly, at the rate of M\$7,800 per year.
- 4) A grant for books or equipment of M\$250 per year.
- 5) A grant of up to M\$200 per year for approved travel within Malaysia.
- 6) Approved medical hospital expenses with the exception of hearing aids, spectacles and any form of dental treatment.
- 7) An additional marriage allowance at the rate of M\$1,200 per year for a male married scholar accompanied by his wife. The allowance will not be payable during the first year of the tenure of the scholarship unless the scholar was married at the time of his application for an award and will not be payable if the wife herself holds a scholarship or is in paid employment while in Malaysia.

MALTA

The value of the scholarship will include the payment of:

- 1) Fares from and to the country of origin.
- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory and examination fees.
- 3) A subsistence allowance of £M110 per month.

- 4) A book and equipment allowance of £M50 for the whole course.
- 5) Free medical treatment in Government hospitals.
- 6) A marriage allowance of £M30 per month; this allowance will not be paid when the scholar's wife is in employment, nor when the wife does not accompany the scholar to Malta.

NEW ZEALAND

The following payments will be made :

- 1) Travel to and from New Zealand by tourist class sea or air passage as arranged by the New Zealand authorities. (No provision has been included for the expenses of dependants).
- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory, and examination fees.
- 3) A personal maintenance allowance at the rate of NZ\$387 a month from the date of arrival in New Zealand.
- 4) A refund of actual and reasonable expenditure on necessary books up to NZ\$300 a year subject to the books on the list being certified by the scholar's supervisor as necessary for the scholar's course. A scholar may apply, with the support of his supervisor, to use part of this grant for the purchase of a calculator.
- 5) An establishment grant of NZ\$400 for scholars undertaking a course of at least twelve months.
- 6) The Scholarships Committee, on the recommendation of the head of the department in which the scholar is working, may make grants in aid of internal travel and field expenses connected with the scholar's programme.
- 7) Assistance with the production of a thesis up to NZ\$500.
- 8) Where appropriate, a clothing allowance of up to NZ\$200 - this will apply in the main to scholars coming from tropical countries.
- 9) Medical and hospital expenses with the exception of hearing aids, spectacles and any form of dental treatment.
- 10) Marriage and child allowance provided the spouse neither holds a scholarship nor is in paid employment:

Marriage allowance	NZ\$125 a month
Child allowance	NZ\$6 a week for one child
	NZ\$10 a week for two or more children
- 11) Where a scholar has a spouse and child to support and the spouse has not been able to earn while in New Zealand, the return fare of the spouse at the most economical rate.

The allowances named above are not taxed in New Zealand.

NIGERIA

The scholarship covers expenses of travel, living and study during the tenure of the award and consists of :

- 1) Fares - normally first class sea or tourist air passage to Nigeria and return to the candidate's country of origin on completion of study or research. The cost of journeys made before receipt of an award will not normally be reimbursed.
- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory and examination fees.
- 3) A personal maintenance allowance of ₦2,184 per year.
- 4) A books and apparatus allowance of ₦364.
- 5) An allowance for approved travel in Nigeria for the purpose of study or research, not exceeding ₦280.
- 6) A thesis allowance of ₦140.
- 7) A clothing allowance for scholars from temperate countries of ₦140.

SIERRA LEONE

The following expenses will be met:

- 1) Travel to and from Sierra Leone.
- 2) Tuition fees.
- 3) Maintenance as stipulated by the University and a personal allowance of Le60 per month.
- 4) Book allowance of Le200.
- 5) Research allowance of Le160.

SRI LANKA

The emoluments of the scholarship are as follows:

- 1) Transport to Sri Lanka and return after completion of studies.
- 2) Approved tuition, laboratory and examination fees.
- 3) A monthly stipend paid at the rate of Rs1055 per month (postgraduate) and Rs850 per month (undergraduate).
- 4) An allowance for books and apparatus of Rs750 (postgraduate) and RS500 (undergraduate).
- 5) An allowance for approved travel of Rs500 (postgraduate) and Rs350 (undergraduate).

- 6) Free medical treatment.
- 7) The cost of transport of unaccompanied baggage up to a maximum of 20 kilogrammes where necessary.

TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

The following expenses will be met :

- 1) Passage from the nominating country to Trinidad and back for the scholar as arranged by the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago.
- 2) Tuition and examination fees.
- 3) Any other compulsory university fees (excluding board and residence fees but including refundable deposits such as caution money, which will be paid by and refunded to the Government of Trinidad and Tobago).
- 4) A personal maintenance allowance of TT\$475 per month to cover board and lodging, daily travel and personal expenses.
- 5) A book allowance of TT\$500 per year.
- 6) The cost of approved travelling connected with the course of study in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago to a maximum of TT\$315 per year. (This is not intended to cover travel from the normal place of residence to the university).
- 7) Reasonable hotel charges for a period of one week after arrival in Trinidad (hotel accommodation to be arranged by the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago) to permit the scholar to find suitable accommodation.
- 8) If the scholar is accompanied by his wife, a wife allowance of TT\$190 per month provided she is not employed.
- 9) If the scholar is accompanied by his children, allowance of TT\$45 per month for the first child and TT\$40 per month each for the second and the third child. Allowances are not paid for more than three children.

The above allowances are not subject to tax in the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago.

APPENDIX III

REGISTER OF COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS WHO HAVE TAKEN UP AWARDS
DURING THE PERIOD UNDER REPORT

This Register is intended to provide a complete and permanent record for reference purposes of all persons who have held Commonwealth Scholarships in any country. The present list shows those Commonwealth Scholars who have taken up awards in the various awarding countries at any time during the year under report. It does not include, except where previously omitted in error, the names of scholars who took up awards before 1 April 1981 (the beginning of the present reporting period). Table 4 in Appendix V shows in statistical form how the Scholars listed in the Register were distributed in the various Commonwealth countries.

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
<u>AUSTRALIA</u>			
Barile, William	Soloman Islands	Melbourne	Engineering
Chan Man Sing	Hong Kong	Australian National	Literature
Chand, Rakesh	Fiji	Tasmania	Mechanical Engineering
Christie, Nancy J	Canada	Sydney	History
Chye Mee Len, Miss	Malaysia	Melbourne	Microbiology
Craven, I.P.	United Kingdom	Flinders	History
Ehiobu, Ninduwezuor	Nigeria	James Cook	Animal Husbandry
Eshun, Araba F	Ghana	Adelaide	Soil Science
Fenech, Michael	Malta	Flinders	Genetics
Froude, Derek	New Zealand	Aust.National	Geochemistry
Gupta, M L	India	Melbourne	Agriculture
House, A P N	United Kingdom	Aust.National	Plant Ecology
Irvine, A D	Canada	Sydney	Philosophy
Jianli Huang	Singapore	Aust.National	Oriental Studies
Kumar, Heman	Fiji	Adelaide	Mechanical Engineering

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Lagudah, E S	Ghana	Melbourne	Plant Breeding
Lee Cheuk Yin	Hong Kong	Australian National	Literature
Makinda, S.M.	Kenya	Australian National	Humanities
Marks, Frances M	United Kingdom	Tasmania	Biogeography
Maulud, A B A L	Malaysia	Queensland	Business Administration
Mishra, Hrusikesh	India	Wollongong	Geology
Mohamad Zin Abdul Karim	Malaysia	New South Wales	Microbiology
Nduati, Beth W	Kenya	Sydney	Language Training
Ngaira, Alice M	Kenya	New South Wales	Librarianship
Ofori, Francis	Ghana	Western Australia	Agriculture
Ojuka, E O	Uganda	Western Australian College of Advanced Education	Physical Education
Olango, P O	Uganda	Western Australian C.A.E.	Physical Education
O'Neil, Mary	Canada	Australian National	Linguistics
Patsias, Andreas	Cyprus	Queensland	Food Technology
Perry, Vivienne E A	United Kingdom	Queensland	Animal Production
Presland, Richard	New Zealand	Adelaide	Biochemistry
Rabukawaqa, Jope	Fiji	State College of Victoria	Education
Rushdi, A A A A	Bangladesh	Adelaide	Economics
Weerasinghe, Mallika M	Sri Lanka	Western Australian C.A.E.	Physical Education
Zafarullah, H M	Bangladesh	Sydney	Public Administration
<u>BRITAIN</u>			
*Abuzar, Md	India	Bristol	Geography
Adams, P V	New Zealand	London	Music
Addo-Quaye, A A	Ghana	London	Agronomy
Adepoju, P A	Nigeria	London	Biochemical Engineering
*Adjaye, Sophia A	Ghana	London	Phonetics

* denotes a Commonwealth Academic Staff Scholar

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
*Agu, C C	Nigeria	Bangor	Economics
Ahire, P T	Nigeria	Cambridge	Criminology
Aideyan, Osarugue, A. Mrs.	Nigeria	Bristol	Radiodiagnosis
Akinyokun, O C	Nigeria	East Anglia	Computing
Alam, A M Q	Bangladesh	Manchester	Development Studies
*Ali Md H	Bangladesh	Strathclyde	Civil Engineer- ing
Allars, Margaret N	Australia	Oxford	Law
*Allybokus, M E	Mauritius	Newcastle upon Tyne	Public Health Engineering
Ampofo, S A	Ghana	Strathclyde	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Anana, R D	Nigeria	Loughborough	Medical Chemistry
Anekwe, C M	Nigeria	Surrey	Structural Engineering
*Archana, Miss	India	Hull	Politics
Arora, Bimla, Mrs.	India	Leeds	Biochemistry
Asala, S A	Nigeria	Sheffield	Neuroanatomy
Asgill, A B	Sierra Leone	Aston in Birmingham	Electrical Engineering
*Attah, P K	Ghana	York	Biology
*Ayisa, C B	Ghana	Leicester	Economics
*Ayodele, J T	Nigeria	Strathclyde	Analytical Chemistry
Azim, Firdous, Mrs.	Bangladesh	Sussex	English
Baah, Enoch	Ghana	London	Mineral Process Design
Baba, Zawiyah, Mrs.	Malaysia	Aberystwyth	Librarianship
Baker, Peta-Anne L	Jamaica	Sussex	Development Studies
Banda, J S	Zambia	Sheffield	Ceramics
Bani, R J	Ghana	N.C.A.E., Silsoe	Agricultural Engineering
*Baree, Md S	Bangladesh	Newcastle upon Tyne	Naval Architect- ure
Benjamin, R G P	Sierra Leone	Newcastle upon Tyne	Civil Engineer- ing
Bergmann, N W	Australia	Edinburgh	Computer Science
*Bhattacharyya, K G	India	London	Chemistry
Bills, K M	Australia	Oxford	Theology
Blenman, Esther M	Barbados	Sussex	Operational Research
Bojang, Y E	The Gambia	Edinburgh	Educational Psychology
Bound, M J	Falkland Islands	Oxford	Maritime Archaeology
*Branche, C A	Jamaica	London	Sociology
Brandis, G H	Australia	Oxford	Law

* denotes a Commonwealth Academic Staff Scholar

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Burke, B B	Montserrat	London	Surveying
Buyu, M O	Kenya	Sussex	English
Byaburakirya Benedict	Uganda	Newcastle upon Tyne	Agricultural Engineering
Callender, T O	Barbados	London	Art Education
Camilleri, Doreen	Malta	Strathclyde	Forensic Science
Canacoo, G O	Ghana	Aston in Birmingham	Computer Science
Ceesay, M M	The Gambia	Cambridge	Criminology
Chambers, S T	New Zealand	London	Medical Micro- biology
Chan Tsang-fai	Hong Kong	Oxford	Sociology
*Chan Wing Sat	Hong Kong	Edinburgh	Applied Linguistics
Chauduri, S K	India	Cranfield Institute of Technology	Aeronautics
Cheung Yun-hing, Richard	Hong Kong	U.M.I.S.T.	Pollution Control
Chikwava, E N	Zimbabwe	London	Agricultural Economics
Childs, D.J.	Canada	Hull	English
Chowdhury, K H	Bangladesh	Newcastle upon Tyne	Marine Tech - nology
Chowdhury, Md K	Bangladesh	Birmingham	Genetics
Clarke, D C	Canada	London	Chinese Politics
Corbin, P A	Barbados	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Engineering
Coyne, Deborah M R	Canada	Oxford	International Relations
Crawley, S C	Australia	Cambridge	Computer Science
Crook, N.A.	Australia	London	Physics
Crowley, B L	Canada	London	Politics
*Darmanin, Mary J	Malta	Cardiff	Education
Davis, G R	Canada	Oxford	Physics
De Silva, Kaluachchi G K Mrs	Sri Lanka	Aston in Birmingham	Rubber Chemistry
De Soysa, Remini S	Sri Lanka	Oxford	Law
Demetriades, A S	Cyprus	London	Economics
D'Ujanga, S G	Uganda	Aston in Birmingham	Electrical Engineering
Dwivedi, Prabhaka	India	Edinburgh	Veterinary Pathology
Edaflogho, I O	Nigeria	Bradford	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
*Ekpe, U J	Nigeria	Cardiff	Metallurgy
Emmerson, S B	Australia	Oxford	Music
*Epitawatta, D S	Sri Lanka	Sheffield	Geography

denotes a Commonwealth Academic Staff Scholar

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Esler, P F	Australia	Oxford	Theology
Etienne, Carissa F	Dominica	London	Community Health
Evans, Ignatius	St. Lucia	Bristol	Education
Faletau, Mele V	Tonga	Oxford	Classics
*Falzon, Joseph	Malta	London	Architecture
Farrugia, Albert	Malta	Edinburgh	Clinical Chemistry
*Fernando, Antoinette T	Sri Lanka	Edinburgh	Linguistics
Francois, Claudette I Mrs	St. Vincent	Leeds	Education
Franks, Caroline E S	Canada	Oxford	Philosophy
Frimpong, E B	Ghana	Aberystwyth	Agricultural Botany
Garebakwena, Basiamang	Botswana	Loughborough	Librarianship
Garg, N K	India	London	Environmental Studies
Ghosh-Dastidar, Koyeli, Mrs.	India	Oxford	Philosophy
Gilkes, Edelweisse P	Antigua	Strathclyde	Psychology
Gill, H S	India	Edinburgh	Veterinary Parasitology
*Glean, C A	Barbados	East Anglia	Education
Gomes, D A	Guyana	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Engineering
Graham, Linda P	Canada	Cambridge	Criminology
Greschner, Donna M	Canada	Oxford	Law
*Grixti, J A	Malta	Bristol	Education
Grover, Indu, Mrs	India	London	Education
Gruter, B J	Australia	Oxford	Philosophy
Hadjittofi, D A	Cyprus	Salford	Electrical Engineering
Hallam, M G	Zimbabwe	Reading	Agriculture
Hamilton, C C	Australia	Sussex	Economics
Hampson, P R O	Canada	London	Economics
Hancock, Lynne R	New Zealand	Oxford	English
Haque, Md N	Bangladesh	Sheffield	Metallurgy
Hardy, Leslie K Mrs	Canada	Edinburgh	Nursing Education
Heeralall, Nita	Mauritius	Birmingham	Dentistry
Hereniko, V T	Fiji	Newcastle upon Tyne	Education
Hettiarachchi, S S L	Sri Lanka	Manchester	Civil Engineering
*Hewapathirana, Tamara K, Mrs	Sri Lanka	Bath	Statistics

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
*Himonga, Chuma N Mrs	Zambia	London	Law
Hinton, K J	Australia	Newcastle upon Tyne	Physics
Ho Soo Thong	Singapore	London	Computer Science
Hooja, Rima	India	Cambridge	Archaeology
Hossain, K A M S	Bangladesh	Newcastle upon Tyne	Agricultural Biology
Hossain, Md A	Bangladesh	Edinburgh	Veterinary Anaesthesia
Hossain, Md M	Bangladesh	Strathclyde	Civil Engineer- ing
Husain, S S	Bangladesh	Edinburgh	Animal Health
Ibe, A O	Nigeria	London	Electrical Engineering
Ikatekit, Agnes V O	Uganda	London	Animal Health
*Ikhu-Omoregbe, D I O	Nigeria	Birmingham	Biochemical Engineering
Ilegbusi, J O	Nigeria	London	Mechanical Eng.
Ilias, Md	Bangladesh	Strathclyde	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Inyang, Victoria W	Nigeria	London	Mathematics
Irungu, Lucy W	Kenya	Liverpool	Medical Ento- mology
Islam, Y M	Bangladesh	Strathclyde	Production Management
*Ismail, Patimah, Mrs	Malaysia	Swansea	Zoology
Jain, Y M	India	Bradford	Electrical Eng.
*Jones, H M	Sierra Leone	Strathclyde	Electrical Eng.
Jones, P K	Australia	Birmingham	Contemporary Cultural Studies
Kakaire-Tampa, Edward	Uganda	Lancaster	Accounting
Kale, Isik	Cyprus	London	Biochemistry
Kanhai, Khansham	Trinidad and Tobago	London	Civil Eng.
Kanu, Joseph	Sierra Leone	Essex	Telecommuni- cations
*Kariko-Buhwezi R B	Uganda	Loughborough	Manufacturing Systems
*Kasekende, Louis	Uganda	Manchester	Statistics
Katunze, J M L	Uganda	London	Agricultural Economics
Kay, Carolyn H	Canada	Oxford	History
*Kazi, A B	Bangladesh	Manchester	Chemistry
Kee Bee Kheng, Miss	Singapore	Reading	Construction Management
*Kerali, H G R	Uganda	Birmingham	Highway Eng.

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Kerr, Heather B	Australia	Birmingham	English
*Khan, M H	Fiji	Aberdeen	Chemistry
Khan, M R	Bangladesh	London	Microwaves (optics)
Khatri, K K	Fiji	Cranfield Institute of Technology	Aeronautics
Khurana, K K	India	Durham	Geophysics
*Kiele, L J	Papua New Guinea	London	Economics
Kilani, J S	Nigeria	Birmingham	Civil Eng.
Kirby, W J T	Canada	Oxford	Modern History
Kiyingi, Judith P	Uganda	London	Industrial Relations
*Kodagoda, K R	Sri Lanka	Lancaster	Economics
*Koh Ah Meng, Amos	Singapore	Reading	Urban Land Appraisal
Koh Kim Tian	Singapore	London	Computer Science
Kouvaros, Demetrakis	Cyprus	U.M.I.S.T.	Civil Eng.
*Kwan Teck Kim	Malaysia	London	Biochemistry
Kumar, Pradeep	India	Salford	Chemical Eng.
Kung Tak-Min, Ignatius	Hong Kong	Cardiff	Pathology
*Lamba, I C	Malawi	Edinburgh	History
*Lamwai, M R M	Tanzania	London	Law
Legge, Elizabeth M M, Mrs.	Canada	London	History of Art
Lemire, Beverly J. Mrs.	Canada	Oxford	History
Lesan, W R	Kenya	London	Dentistry
Liew-Lee Sai Cheng Mrs.	Singapore	London	Civil Eng.
*Lim Chee Seng	Malaysia	Oxford	English
Loizou, P A	Cyprus	U.M.I.S.T.	Mechanical Eng.
*Lwoga, C M F	Tanzania	Cambridge	Sociology
Malama, Reuben	Zambia	London	Mineral Resources Engineering
Manion, Melanie F. Mrs	Canada	London	Asian Studies
Mansaray, Y K C	Sierra Leone	Southampton	Nutrition
*Masinde, E L	Tanzania	U.W.I.S.T.	Pharmaceutics
Masuda, Quamrun N Mrs	Bangladesh	Aston in Birmingham	Pharmaceutics
Mathur, G N	India	Aberdeen	Animal Nutrition
Matsheka, Constance B	Botswana	London	Librarianship
Mboge, S M A	The Gambia	Manchester	Adult Education
*Mbulo, P M	Zambia	Sussex	Development Studies
*Mbuthia, J M	Kenya	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Eng.
McCourt, T J	Canada	Oxford	Philosophy, Politics and Economics

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
*Mohai, S M	Lesotho	Aberystwyth	Librarianship
Mohamed, Puteh Mrs	Malaysia	Lancaster	Education
*Mohamedeen Hasnadeen	Guyana	Liverpool	Marine Biology
Mondal, Md. F	Bangladesh	Birmingham	Plant Biology
*Moorad, F R	Botswana	Sussex	Education
Moore, T. A.	Grenada	Cranfield Institute of Technology	Transport
Morison, K R	New Zealand	London	Chemical Eng.
Moroney, S.E.	New Zealand	Oxford	Chemistry
Moyo, Lovemore	Zimbabwe	Glasgow	Economics
Mwila, S C	Zambia	Bradford	Rural Develop- ment.
*Naidu, Vijay	Fiji	Sussex	Sociology
Nair, Mrinaline B	India	Sussex	Biology
Nannono, Mary L	Uganda	Brunel	Public Administration
Nembhard, Lorna S Mrs.	Jamaica	Hull	English
Ng'ambi, J.W.	Zambia	Aberdeen	Animal Nutri- tion
Nkalubo, Gladys M	Uganda	Southampton	Economics
Nsekela, E C J	Tanzania	Manchester	Business Admin.
Nteere, J S	Kenya	Manchester	Physical Educ.
Nyirenda, R A	Zambia	Birmingham	Anaesthetics
Odeyemi, S A	Nigeria	Edinburgh	Urban Design
Okuofu, C A	Nigeria	Newcastle upon Tyne	Public Health Engineering
Oladimeji, O J A	Nigeria	Liverpool	Radiotherapy
Ollenu, L A A	Ghana	London	Plant Virology
Olukoya, D K	Nigeria	Reading	Microbiology
*Ong Chit Chung	Singapore	London	History
Onyegbado, C O	Nigeria	London	Chemical Eng.
*Osazuwa, O E	Nigeria	Manchester	Pharmaceutics
Oshosanwo, Oluremi T	Nigeria	Surrey	Education
Osinupebi-Cole Frances O A, Mrs	Nigeria	London	Dermatology
Ostry, J D	Canada	Oxford	Philosophy, Politics & Economics
Ovington, Karen S	Australia	Cambridge	Parasitology
*Panda, S C	India	Birmingham	Economics
Pande, P C	India	Durham	Physics
Pandey, A D	India	London	Ocean Eng.
Parberry, Ian	Australia	Warwick	Computer Science
Pattison, D R M	Canada	Edinburgh	Geology
Petrie, Helen L	Australia	London	Psychology
Petter, A J	Canada	Cambridge	Law

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
*Piyasiri, T A	Sri Lanka	Newcastle upon Tyne	Marine Eng.
Polius, Frank	St Lucia	Bath	Horticulture
Popoola, J O	Nigeria	Nottingham	Environmental Planning
Porter, Julie M	Canada	Durham	Zoology
Potts, T F	Australia	Oxford	Archaeology
Prasanna, K P R	India	Edinburgh	Seed Pathology
Premaratne, A C	Sri Lanka	London	Linguistics
*Qalo, R R	Fiji	Birmingham	Social Science
Quium, A S M A	Bangladesh	Liverpool	Transport
*Rahman, K Md M	Bangladesh	Dundee	Chemistry
Ramchurn, S K	Mauritius	Heriot-Watt	Physics
Ramnarine, D P	Trinidad and Tobago	Essex	Electrical Eng.
*Razali, A K	Malaysia	Bangor	Wood Science
Richter, J R	Ghana	Newcastle upon Tyne	Planning Design
*Rizvi, S M A	India	London	Mechanical Eng.
Robinson, L G	Jamaica	Leicester	Mass Communi- cations
Roper, Lyndal A Mrs.	Australia	London	History
Rouf, Md A	Bangladesh	Liverpool	Civil Eng.
Rumisha, D W	Tanzania	Glasgow	Public Health
Ryan, Richard	Montserrat	North East London Polytechnic	Land Surveying
Salkalachen, Saji	India	Hull	Physics
Sangodkar, U M X	India	London	Biochemistry
Sarkar, Md A R	Bangladesh	Brunel	Physics
Sarkar, P K	India	Newcastle upon Tyne	Transport Eng.
*Sarker, Md R I	Bangladesh	Newcastle upon Tyne	Agricultural Engineering
Seeneevassen, Caroonanaden	Mauritius	City	Electronic Eng.
*Seini, Al-H	Ghana	London	Agricultural Economics
Sekeito, Paul	Uganda	Dundee	Public Health
*Seloilwe, G S	Botswana	Bath	Fiscal Studies
Semmler, N A	Australia	London	Music
Shaikh, Aneena A Mrs.	Bangladesh	London	Virology
Shantharama, L G.	India	Surrey	Physics
Shukoriah, Mohd.N	Malaysia	Loughborough	Librarianship
Sibanda, H M	Zimbabwe	Reading	Soil Science
*Silva, Adikarige A T N	Sri Lanka	Aberdeen	Animal Nutrition
Simons, C W	Turks and Caicos Islands	City	Law
Singh, Ashbindu	India	Reading	Geography

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Singh, Rachhpal	India	Oxford	Soil Science
Smith, M A	Australia	Oxford	Philosophy
Smith, S I	Trinidad	Edinburgh	Medecine
Snape, Margaret M	Australia	Bristol	Plant Pathology
Sobnack, Mulshankur	Mauritius	Leeds	Physics
Sodipo, Titilope O	Nigeria	Strathclyde	Pharmaceutics
Sofo, M T	Western Samoa	Bradford	Transportation
Soicher, L H	Canada	Cambridge	Mathematics
Srinivasan, Amrit, Mrs.	India	Cambridge	Social Anthropology
Stapleton, Barbara J	Australia	Oxford	Law
Stevenson, Christine McK	Canada	London	Art History
Sultana, Rezina, Mrs.	Bangladesh	London	Education
Swaminathan, Sundaram	India	Warwick	Electrical Engineering
Tam Siu-chung	Hong Kong	London	Optics
Thakur, T C	India	N.C.A.E. Silsoe	Agricultural Engineering
Torgbor, J O	Ghana	U.M.I.S.T.	Chemistry
Ugbabe, L O	Nigeria	Newcastle upon Tyne	Landscape Design
Ukerun, O S	Nigeria	U.M.I.S.T.	Medicinal Chemistry
Vaughan, G R	Australia	Oxford	History of Art
Verma, M M	India	Nottingham	Meat Science
Wang Ann Lee	Malaysia	Newcastle upon Tyne	Statistics
Watterson, P A	Australia	Cambridge	Physics
Watts, P G	New Zealand	Cambridge	Law
Weiss, Linda M	Australia	London	Sociology
Whiteway, D L	Canada	Oxford	Mathematics
* Wijesundera, R L C	Sri Lanka	Bristol	Plant Pathology
Wischik, C M	Australia	Cambridge	Psychiatry
Wong, D J	Australia	Newcastle upon Tyne	Planning Design
Wong Kin-Wai, Edmund	Hong Kong	Newcastle upon Tyne	Neurology
Wong Wang-chi	Hong Kong	London	Chinese
Woodgyer, A J	New Zealand	Leeds	Microbiology
Woods, T J	Canada	Cambridge	Philosophy
Yaduraju, N T	India	Reading	Agricultural Botany
Yip Yee-Kuen, Clara	Hong Kong	Royal College of Music	Music

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
<u>CANADA</u>			
Ahmed, Shamsuddin	Bangladesh	Ottawa	Physical Chemistry
Anderson, Gregory	Australia	McMaster	Biochemistry
Asotra, Kamlesh	India	Manitoba	Biochemistry
Aukle, Dev	Mauritius	Concordia	Civil Eng.
Aziz, Fikry	Malaysia	Concordia	Computer Science
Balachandran, Arumugavadivel	Sri Lanka	Guelph	Biomedical Science
Barrow, Brenda	Barbados	McMaster	Business Admin.
Beaumont, P R	United Kingdom	Dalhousie	Law
Behera, Nikhil	India	British Columbia	Forestry
Bhardwaj, Anupama	India	Ontario Institute for Studies in Education	Education Theory
Bowen, Gregory	Grenada	Saskatchewan	Agricultural Engineering
Bradley, Cynthia	Belize	New Brunswick	Secondary Edu.
Brew-Hammond, John	Ghana	McGill	Mechanical Eng.
Burn, C R	United Kingdom	Carleton	Geography
Chandra, Rajesh	Fiji	British Columbia	Economic Geo- graphy
Cheesman, Deborah	Trinidad	McGill	Urban Planning
Chia Lip Tek	Singapore	Waterloo	Systems Design
Chipeta, O'Bryne	Malawi	Dalhousie	History
Corke, Harold	Zimbabwe	Guelph	Crop Science
Corneh, Lucy	Sierra Leone	Guelph	Family Studies
Craske, Michelle	Australia	British Columbia	Psychology
Deane, Megan	Jamaica	Ottawa	Business Admin.
Dias, Dayakanthie	Sri Lanka	Dalhousie	Economics
Fosu, Philip	Ghana	Manitoba	Actuarial Mathematics
Franks-Liburnd, Willa	Sri Lanka	Windsor	Commerce/ Business Admin.
Freund, Vivien K	United Kingdom	British Columbia	Mathematics
Fung, Lucille	Hong Kong	British Columbia	Sociology
Gill, Patrick	Barbados	Alberta	Computer Science

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Gormley, Anne	Gibraltar	Ontario Institute for Studies in Education	Curriculum
Gune, Nandakumar	India	British Columbia	Chemical Eng.
Hall, Julie	New Zealand	Manitoba	Botany
Harris-George, Janet	Dominica	New Brunswick	Business Educ.
Haynes, F J	United Kingdom	Toronto	Physiology
Heeroo, Hemchand	Mauritius	Carleton	Electrical Eng.
Heiser, Sarah L	United Kingdom	Alabrta	Romance Langu- ages
Ho, Edward	Hong Kong	Waterloo	Electrical Eng.
Isabirye, David	Uganda	McGill	International Law
Ityokumbul, Thaddeus	Nigeria	Western Ontario	Chemical/Bio- chemical Eng.
Jay, Colin	Australia	McGill	Mathematics
Jimoh, Abdul-Ganiyu	Nigeria	McMaster	Electrical Eng.
Joseph, Cuthbert	Antigua	Alberta	Education Psychology
Kalasa, Yost	Zambia	Queen's	Geology
Kamanga, Anthony	Malawi	Toronto	Law
Kamaruzaman, Jusoff	Malaysia	New Brunswick	Forest Eng.
Kanaganayakam Chelvanayakam	Sri Lanka	British Columbia	English Literature
Ka'nyarubona, John	Uganda	Waterloo	Civil Eng.
Karnik, Ajit	India	McMaster	Electrical and Computer Eng.
Khatun, Hafiza	Bangladesh	Alberta	Geography
Kileo, Arnold	Tanzania	Technical Univeristy of Nova Scotia	Electrical Eng.
Knibb, Helen R	United Kingdom	Toronto	Museum Studies
Kumar, Lakshmi	India	Carleton	Electrical Eng.
Kuruvinashetti, Mahalingappa	India	Guelph	Crop Science
Liyanagama, Menel	Sri Lanka	Queen's	Civil Eng.
Lo, Man Keung	Hong Kong	Carleton	Public Admin.
Lubwama, Christopher	Uganda	McGill	Accounting
Lugoe, Furaha	Tanzania	New Brunswick	Surveying Eng.
Mabvurira, Danaza	Zimbabwe	New Brunswick	Forestry
McLaughlin, Susan E	United Kingdom	York	Law
Meekisho, Lemmy	Tanzania	Carleton	Mechnical Eng.
Mfutakamba, Thumani	Tanzania	Ottawa	Civil Eng.

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Minja, Justin	Tanzania	Alberta	Educational Adminis- tration
Mitchell, William	Australia	Queen's	Economics
Monagan, Michael	New Zealand	Waterloo	Computer Science
Mundangepfupfu, Rosemary	Zimbabwe	Ontario Institute for Studies in Education	Curriculum
Ndlovu, Lindela	Zimbabwe	Guelph	Animal & Poultry Science
Njoroge, Lawrence	Kenya	McMaster	Political Science
Njue, Wilson	Kenya	Alberta	Chemistry
Nyawera, Martin	Zimbabwe	McMaster	Physical Chemistry
Ogunbiyi, Peter	Nigeria	Guelph	Biomedical Science
Owomero, Basil	Nigeria	Toronto	Sociology
Perera, Nirmala	Sri Lanka	York	Law
Perriott, Leopold	Belize	Queen's	Statistics
Potdar, Madhukar	India	British Columbia	Plant Science
Power, Anthony	Australia	McGill	Mathematics
Psaras, Kyriakos	Cyprus	Brock	Economics
Rajendran, Selvendran	Sri Lanka	British Columbia	Sociology
Rajora, Prakash	India	Toronto	Forestry
Ramakrishna, M V	India	Waterloo	Computer Science
Ramkhelawan, Subhas	Trinidad	Western Ontario	Business Admin.
Razali, Yussof	Brunei	Manitoba	Agricultural Economics
Riddel, Anne	New Zealand	Ontario Institute for Studies in Education	Education Theory
Robinson, D W	United Kingdom	Victoria	Physical Educ.
Sanderson, Penelope	Australia	Toronto	Psychology
Sarpong, Osei	Ghana	Guelph	Agricultural Economics
Seif, Bishara	Tanzania	Alberta	Elementary Education
Sheaffer, Geraldine	Australia	McGill	Education
Singh, S P	India	Guelph	Agricultural Economics
Singh, Tejinder	India	Saskatchewan	Food Science
Singh, Yadvinder	India	Guelph	Land Resource Science

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Sise, Ali	Gambia	Calgary	Civil Eng.
Smith, Lesley J	United Kingdom	Toronto	Medieval Studies
Swilla, Imani	Tanzania	Laval	Linguistics
Tade, Moses	Nigeria	Queen's	Chemical Eng.
Talukder, Osmand	Bangladesh	Waterloo	Physics
Tiwari, Kailash	India	Waterloo	Civil Eng.
Toumazou, Olympios	Cyprus	Wilfrid Laurier	Economics
Tsui, Hing F Annie	Hong Kong	Alberta	Educational Psychology
Turnbull, Maruita	British Virgin Islands	Mount St Vincent	Home Economics
Tyndall, Joanne	New Zealand	Toronto	Comparative Literature
Webb, A J	United Kingdom	British Columbia	Physical Oceanography
Wee Chow Hou	Singapore	Western Ontario	Business Admin.
Whitlock, Gillian	Australia	Queen's	English
Williams, Suzanne	Jamaica	Ontario Institute for Studies in Education	Special Education
Woolhouse, M E J	United Kingdom	Queen's	Biology
Yadav, Mahesh	India	Guelph	Animal and Poultry Science
Yatawara, Nihal	Sri Lanka	McMaster	Mathematical Science
Yau, S S Margaret	Hong Kong	British Columbia	Education (Languages)
Zohir, Sajjad	Bangladesh	Dalhousie	Economics
<u>HONG KONG</u>			
Banda, G A	Malawi	Hong Kong	Sociology
Griffin, J J	United Kingdom	Hong Kong	Religious Studies
Kaluarachchi, J J	Sri Lanka	Hong Kong	Civil Eng.
Lipman, Yohana J Mrs	Canada	Chinese Hong Kong	Music History
<u>INDIA</u>			
Bempong, I A	Ghana	Haryana Agricultural	Agriculture
Bhandari, A	Mauritius	Roorkee	Technology

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
Cawanibuka, C.A.	Fiji	Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education, Gwalior	Physical Education
Chand, Deo	Fiji	University of Agricultral Sciences, Bangalore	Forestry
Heeraman, Dahari	Mauritius	Baroda	Education
Kumar, Ashok	Fiji	Baroda	Fine Art
Lallbeeharry, Jaychand	Mauritius	Agra	Linguistics
Maharaj, Gourinarain	Trinidad	Lakshmibai National College of Physical Education, Gwalior	Physical Education
Mohamed, I M	Kenya	S.C.B. Medical College, Cuttack	Medicine
Mubiana, Mobita, Miss	Zambia	Institute of Child Health, Hyderabad	Paediatrics
Quansah, J E B	Ghana	Delhi	Sociology
Ramadhony, R D Mrs	Mauritius	Banaras Hindu	Hindi
Samuel, Wanume	Uganda	Delhi	Business Admin.
Sharma, S K	Mauritius	KG Medical College, Lucknow	Dentistry
Soondron, Rajgopal	Mauritius	Postgraduate Institute of Medical Education & Research, Chandigarh	Medicine
Thevarajan, K	Malaysia	All India Institute of Medical Sciences, New Delhi	Medicine
<u>JAMAICA</u>			
Laker, H A	Uganda	U.W.I. (St. Augustine Campus)	Agriculture

Name	Country	Place of Tenure (University unless otherwise stated)	Subject
<u>MALAYSIA</u>			
Dyanjalimodzi, R P	Malawi	Malaya	Public Admin.
Kah, E D	Gambia	Malaya	Education
Sarkar, A R	Bangladesh	University of Agriculture Malaysia	Agriculture
Umrif, Gunshiam	Mauritius	University of Agriculture, Malaysia	Agriculture Extension
<u>NEW ZEALAND</u>			
Ali, S	Fiji	Auckland	Medicine
Clifford, S D	Nigeria	Waikato	Education
Fava, P	Malta	Waikato	Education
Islam, K A Iyer, M	Bangladesh India	Canterbury Massey	Engineering Dairy Tech- nology
Kooyman, B P	Canada	Otago	Archaeology
McIvor, T J Majumder, R	United Kingdom India	Auckland Canterbury	History Engineering
Odoi, F N A	Ghana	Lincoln	Animal Production
Okonkwo, N C Otim, S J B	Nigeria Uganda	Auckland Massey	English Animal Nutri- tion
Peiris, T S G	Sri Lanka	Auckland	Education
Rusimbi, Mary J	Tanzania	Auckland	Education
Sibale, G Z	Zambia	Victoria	Economics
Tan Ah Goh Thompson, D	Malaysia United Kingdom	Canterbury Canterbury	Engineering Physics
<u>SRI LANKA</u>			
Chiozeka, B J B	Malawi	Sri Jayawardenepura	Management Studies

APPENDIX IV

COMMONWEALTH VISITING FELLOWSHIPS AND OTHER SENIOR AWARDS UNDER THE PLAN

1. LIST OF SENIOR AWARDS, THEIR EMOLUMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The following is a statement of the Fellowships and other senior awards available under the Plan. Apart from the Commonwealth Senior Medical Fellowships, Medical Fellowships and Academic Staff Fellowships these awards are not open to direct application by prospective candidates and are normally made by direct invitation from the awarding country to the person concerned.

AUSTRALIA

Visiting Professorships

Description: The awards will enable professors from other Commonwealth countries to be attached to Australian Universities for teaching and research.

Duration: Normally one academic year.

Tenure: Normally at one Australian University.

Value: A grant equal to an economy class return air fare between the Professor's home country and Australia. Other costs are met by the University.

Visiting Fellowships

Description: Persons eminent in various fields of academic specialisation may be invited to accept Australian Visiting Fellowships. The purpose of inviting the Fellows is to enable them to discuss with senior university personnel and educationists subjects of mutual interest and to see something of recent Australian development in their fields.

Duration: Up to three months.

Value: Includes business class return air fares between the Fellow's own country and Australia, cost of travel within Australia and a maintenance allowance for the period spent in Australia.

BRITAIN

Commonwealth Visiting Professorships (at present in abeyance)

Description: These awards, few in number, are intended for senior scholars of established reputation and achievement in any field including medicine to enable them to visit Britain for research or original work.

Duration: Normally from October for periods of up to one academic year. It is not intended to offer awards for periods of only a few weeks.

Tenure: Normally at the single British university, college or other institution which made the nomination.

Value: Normal emoluments include payment of fare to Britain and return at economy rate and a personal maintenance allowance at a rate comparable with the net salary of a professor of a United Kingdom university. They are normally not subject to income tax in Britain.

Commonwealth Senior Medical Fellowships

Description: The awards are intended primarily to enable senior teachers and in particular those in charge of education to acquaint themselves at first-hand with the facilities available in Britain for the intensive training of their junior teaching staff. They are suitable for Deans and Principals of educational institutions. Full-time professorial departmental heads may also be considered.

Duration: They are held for three months. They are not renewable.

Value: Emoluments comprise air fares to Britain and return at economy excursion or other approved rates and a personal maintenance allowance at the rate of £36 a day. They are not subject to United Kingdom income tax. The cost of journeys made before receipt of awards will not normally be reimbursed, nor can fares be paid for a Fellow's dependants.

Method of Nomination: Nominations will be considered twice yearly in February and October. Completed forms of nomination for consideration in February should reach the Commission's office not later than 31 December and those for consideration in October not later than 31 July. Awards to successful candidates can be expected to begin about six months after selection. Nominations may be made only on the forms issued by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission. The following are entitled to make nominations:

- (a) the responsible authorities of universities or medical schools in Britain (deans, postgraduate deans and professorial departmental heads) who will be expected to indicate a place of attachment and suggest a programme;
- (b) the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in the candidate's own country.

Direct applications from candidates of whatever country cannot be accepted by the Commission. Moreover, nominations of candidates permanently resident in India will be made solely by the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in their country.

Commonwealth Medical Fellowships

Description: These awards are primarily intended for established medical and dental teachers who have already obtained their postgraduate degrees and qualifications but who require a programme of study in depth to enable them to enhance their teaching experience. Applications solely for clinical study will not be debarred provided that the subject is of educational importance, but preference will be given to those planning to undertake research or to learn research methods. Non-medically qualified teachers engaged wholly or chiefly in teaching medical or dental students can also be considered. There are no formal age limits but selection is usually made from those between 30 and 40 years of age. Fellowship awards are not intended for those aiming at higher qualifications nor is there any provision for Fellows to attend formal courses of instruction.

Duration: They are held for 12 months. They are not renewable.

Tenure: Fellows are usually based on one centre but the study programme may be divided between two if this is appropriate.

Value: The Fellowship emoluments (which are not subject to British income tax) are intended to contribute towards expenses of travel, living and study during tenure of the Fellowship and will consist of:

- (a) approved air fare of a British airline to Britain and return on expiry of the Fellowship (the cost of journeys made before receipt of awards will not normally be reimbursed, nor can fares be paid for a Fellow's dependants);
- (b) personal maintenance allowance at the rate of £385 per month;
- (c) approved laboratory fees (when appropriate);
- (d) a grant for books and apparatus of £120 per year;
- (e) a grant for expenses of approved travel within Britain of up to £40 per year;
- (f) an initial clothing grant of £136 for Fellows on first arrival from tropical countries;
- (g) for married Fellows a marriage allowance of £135 per month is payable provided that the husband and wife are residing together at the same address in Britain. It is not paid when the husband or wife of the Fellow is also in receipt of an award, or is in paid employment.

For married couples accompanied by their children, a child allowance is payable at the rate of £17, £14 and £11 per month respectively for the first, second and third child under the age of 16, and provided they are residing with their parents. For a Fellow who is a widower/widow or divorced and is legally responsible for the children of the marriage, a child allowance will be payable provided they accompany and reside with him/her.

Selection Procedure: Nominations will be considered twice yearly in February and October. Completed forms of nomination for consideration in February should reach the Commission's office not later than 31 December and those for consideration in October not later than 31 July. Awards to successful candidates can be expected to begin about six months after selection. Nominations may be made only on the forms issued by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission. The following are entitled to make nominations:

- (a) the Vice-Chancellor of the candidate's university or the Principal or Dean of his medical school or college in the overseas Commonwealth country;
- (b) the responsible authorities of universities or medical schools in Britain (deans, postgraduate deans and professorial departmental heads) who will be expected to indicate a place of attachment and suggest a programme;

- (c) the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in the candidate's own country.

Direct applications from candidates of whatever country cannot be accepted by the Commission. Moreover, nominations of candidates permanently resident in India will be made solely by the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in that country.

Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellowships

Description: These awards are primarily intended to enable universities and comparable institutions in the developing countries of the Commonwealth to enhance the experience of their locally born teaching staff of any academic discipline other than medicine, surgery or dentistry. The awards are not intended for study for higher degrees and a candidate should normally already hold a doctorate and have had at least two years' university teaching experience in his own country. There are no formal age limits but preference will be given to candidates between 28 and 40 years of age.

Duration: Normally for one academic year from October to July. The Fellowship is not renewable.

Tenure: Normally at a single British university or comparable institution for a programme of study or training arranged by the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom to relate closely to the Fellow's work in his own university.

Value: The Fellowship emoluments (which are not subject to British income tax) are intended to contribute towards expenses of travel, living and study during tenure of the award and will consist of :

- (a) approved air fare of a British airline to Britain and return on expiry of the Fellowship (the cost of journeys made before receipt of awards will not normally be reimbursed, nor can fares be paid for a Fellow's dependants);
- (b) personal maintenance allowance at the rate of £372 for each complete month of tenure;
- (c) approved laboratory fees (when appropriate);
- (d) a grant for books and apparatus of £120 per year;
- (e) a grant for expenses of approved travel within Britain of up to £40 per year;
- (f) an initial clothing grant of £136 for Fellows on first travel from tropical countries;
- (g) for married Fellows a marriage allowance of £135 per month is payable provided that the husband and wife are residing together at the same address in Britain. It is not paid when the husband or wife of the Fellow is also in receipt of an award, or is in paid employment.

For married couples accompanied by their children, a child allowance is payable at the rate of £17, £14 and £11 per month respectively for the first, second and third child under the age of 16, and provided they are residing with their parents. For a Fellow who is a widower/widow or divorced and is legally responsible for the children of the marriage, a child allowance will be payable provided they accompany and reside with him/her.

Selection Procedure: The nomination of candidates to the Commonwealth Scholarship Commission in the United Kingdom must be initiated by one of the following authorities:

- (a) the Vice-Chancellor of the university on whose permanent staff he serves in his own country. The heads of Indian universities should send their nominations to the Secretary, University Grants Commission, Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg, New Delhi 2; nominations from the heads of Bangladesh universities should be sent to the Secretary, University Grants Commission, 49 Road No. 3/A Dhanmondi R.A., Dhaka 5;
- (b) the Vice-Chancellor of a British university, usually one which has an official link with the university in the candidate's own country on whose permanent staff he serves;
- (c) the Commonwealth Scholarship agency in the nominee's own country.

In addition, the Commission will be willing to consider nominations originating from the heads of autonomous non-university institutions in developing Commonwealth countries.

CANADA

Under the Plan, Canada grants awards known as Canadian Research Fellowships and Canadian Visiting Fellowships.

Canadian Research Fellowships

Description: Canadian Research Fellowships are intended to bring to Canada, from Universities and Research Centres of other countries of the Commonwealth, scholars of established reputation whose presence in Canadian universities is expected to be of benefit to themselves and to their countries as well as to their Canadian hosts. A Fellow will be free to do his own study and research and to engage in other activities for the purpose of building up his contacts with his Canadian colleagues during his study in Canada. He will normally be attached to a single university during the period of his Fellowship, normally one academic year, although the programme might include short visits to other institutions.

Canadian Visiting Fellowships

Description: Canadian Commonwealth Visiting Fellowships are intended to bring to Canada from other countries of the Commonwealth persons who are prominent in any academic discipline or function at universities, colleges, primary or secondary schools, technical institutes or related educational agencies. Visiting Fellows will have the opportunity to discuss various educational matters with Canadian colleagues and to advise and be advised on techniques and problems associated with the particular field of interest.

The visit should be of benefit to the Fellows and their countries as well as to Canada. The programme will be flexible but Fellows will remain attached to the nominating body (institution, organisation or agency) during the tenure of their Fellowships.

The Fellowships are not intended to cover research projects, provision for which is made by Canada in the Research Fellowships described above.

NEW ZEALAND

Prestige Fellowships

Description: The awards are intended to bring to New Zealand a small number of scholars of eminence to give lectures and to hold discussions with university staff and senior students.

Duration: From six to eight weeks.

Value: Emoluments include economy class air travel to and from New Zealand, travel within New Zealand and a maintenance allowance of NZ\$ 80 per day.

Administrative Awards

Description: The awards are intended for promising young administrators from 25 to 45 years of age.

Duration: Up to three months.

Value: The emoluments include economy class return air fare and travel within New Zealand and a maintenance allowance of NZ\$50 per day.

2. REGISTER OF FELLOWS WHO HAVE TAKEN AWARDS
DURING THE PERIOD UNDER REPORT

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Purpose/Subject of Study</u>
AUSTRALIA		
<u>Visiting Professorships</u>		
Professor M H Abdulaziz Professor of Linguistics, University of Nairobi	Kenya	Attachment to the Australian National University as a Special Visitor in the field of Languages.
Professor M P Banton Professor of Sociology, University of Bristol	United Kingdom	Attachment to the Department of Sociology at the Australian National University for six months for teaching/post-graduate supervision.
Dr D Evans Fellow of the Institute of Development Studies, University of Sussex	United Kingdom	Attached to the School of Economics, La Trobe University, for six months to carry out research/lecture programme
Professor C H Fernando Professor of Biology, University of Waterloo	Canada	Attached to Department of Zoology, University of Adelaide, for twelve months research and post-graduate programme
Professor Aruakumar Misra Professor of Botany, Mithila University	India	Attachment to the University of Queensland as a Special Visitor in the field of Science.
<u>Visiting Fellowships</u>		
Mr. K. Baynes Head, Education Design Unit, Royal College of Art	United Kingdom	Lecture/Discussion programme in field of design education in range of Australian institutions
Professor C S B Galasko Professor of Orthopaedic Surgery, University of Manchester	United Kingdom	Lecture/Discussion programme in field of orthopaedic surgery in range of Australian medical institutions
Professor N W Hudson Head, Department of Field Engineering, National College of Agricultural Engineering	United Kingdom	Lecture/discussion programme field of soil conservation in a range of Australian institutions and Government bodies.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Purpose/Subject of Study</u>
Dr. P J Nuttgens Director, Leeds Polytechnic	United Kingdom	Lecture/discussion programme in the field of education administration in range of Australian education institutions.

BRITAIN

Commonwealth Senior Medical Fellowships

Professor T W Wikramanayake Dean of Faculty of Medicine and Professor and Head of Department of Biochemistry, Ruhuna University College, Matara	Sri Lanka	London
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Commonwealth Medical Fellowships

<u>Name and University/ Medical College</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Place of Study</u>	<u>Subject</u>
Acharya, S B Banaras Hindu	India	Glasgow	Pharmacology
Agrawal, A K Banaras Hindu	India	Edinburgh and Newcastle upon Tyne	Gastrointestinal Radiology
Agugua, Nene E N (Miss) Nigeria	Nigeria	Birmingham	Paediatric surgery
Ajasin, Mòdebola Lagos	Nigeria	Manchester	Clinical Nephrology
Babu, K.K.R. Kakatiya	India	Glasgow	Medical Mycology and Dermatology
Bhargava, R K Jaipur	India	London	Treatment and control of S.T.D.
Chesterman, C N Melbourne	Australia	A.R.C. Institute of Physiology, Babraham	Cell Biology
Choudhury, Subhagata Dhaka	Bangladesh	London	Medical Biochemistry

Commonwealth Medical Fellowships

<u>Name and University/ Medical College</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Place of Study</u>	<u>Subject</u>
Clarke, R C Melbourne	Australia	Birmingham	Paediatrics and Paediatric Nephrology
Eisenbruch, I M Melbourne	Australia	Cambridge	Social Anthropology
Fok Tai-Fai Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Oxford	Neonatal medicine
Ghildyal, S K Allahabad	India	Newcastle upon Tyne	Open heart surgery intensive care
Gicheru, Kimani Nairobi	Kenya	Cardiff	Endocrinology
Gupta, Subhash K (Miss) Chandigarh	India	London	Cytochemical and cytogenetic studies
Im Wang Kit, Stanley Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Public Health Laboratory Service Colindale	Hospital infection
Kanhere, Shiela, (Mrs.) Gwalior	India	Northwick Park Hospital	Histopatho- logy
Kumar, Praveen Kanpur	India	Leeds	Cardiovascu- lar studies
Lam Siu-Ling, Karen (Miss) Hong Kong	Hong Kong	London	General clinical endo- crinology
Lee Lau Wai Fong (Mrs) Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Public Health Laboratory, Luton	Medical Microbiology
Maheswarappa, G M Davangere	India	Manchester	Surgical Gastroente- rology
Malik, A K Chandigarh	India	Oxford	Gastroen- terology pathology
Mohanty, Sureswar Banaras Hindu	India	London	Neurosurgery
Morton, R P Auckland	New Zealand	Liverpool	Head and neck surgery
Moslehuddin, A K M Sylhet	Bangladesh	Cardiff	Clinical Nephrology

Commonwealth Medical Fellowships

<u>Name and University/ Medical College</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Place of Study</u>	<u>Subject</u>
Oh Min Sen, Vernon Singapore	Singapore	Oxford	Clinical Pharmacology
Owange-Iraka, J W Makerere	Uganda	London	Respiratory diseases in children
Perera, K M H Ruhuna	Sri Lanka	Sheffield	Neurophysio- logical studies
Sakthivelu, Annamalai Madras	India	Liverpool	Orthopaedic surgery
Schull, C R Madang, Papua New Guinea	Australia	Edinburgh	Respiratory Medicine
Sen, Goutam Jaipur	India	Leeds	Cardiothor- acic and Vascular surgery
Sharma, S K Chandigarh	India	Leeds	Urology
Singh, B P Banaras Hindu	India	Bristol	Prosthodon- tics
Singh, Gyanendra Allahabad	India	London	Epidemiology
Singh, M S Imphal	India	London	Renal hepa- tic patho- logy
Sitholey, Prabhat Lucknow	India	Central Health Clinic Southampton	Child psychiatry
Sivalingam, Ponniah Madurai	India	Leeds	Colo-rectal surgery
Sofiullah, Md. Dhaka	Bangladesh	Southampton	Clinical Nephrology
Shrivastava, K P Rajendra	India	Leeds	Forensic Medicine
Talukder, Md. M R Dhaka	Bangladesh	London	Post-mortem training and research
Thai Ah Chuan (Miss) Singapore	Singapore	Newcastle upon Tyne	Endocrinolo- gy and meta- bolic medicine

Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellowships

<u>Name and University</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Place of Study</u>	<u>Subject</u>
Udupihille, Malini, (Mrs) Peradeniya	Sri Lanka	London	Gastroin- testinal Physiology
Verma, R B Agra	India	Surrey	Clinical Pharmacolo- gy
Vinayak, V K Chandigarh	India	London	Parasitic Immunology
Wong Woon Sing, Raymond Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Northwick Park Hospital	Immunology and Rheuma- tology
Agarwal, V K Meerut	India	Aberystwyth	Liquid Crystals
Ahmed, K S Jahangirnagar	Bangladesh	London	Economics
Akinsoyinu, A O Ibadan	Nigeria	Newcastle upon Tyne	Ruminant Nutrition
Alam, Muzaffar Jawaharlal Nehru	India	London	History
Ali, M A Chittagong	Bangladesh	Stirling	Co-ordinat- ion Chemistry
Ayoade, J O Ibadan	Nigeria	Birmingham	Climatology and Hydro- logy
Bhatia, C M I.I.T., Delhi	India	Belfast	Electrical Engineering
Choudhuri, Samiran Jadavpur	India	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Engineering
Costa, H H Kelaniya	Sri Lanka	London	Zoology
Das, R.K. Sambalpur	India	Edinburgh	Genetics
Dhammapala, Gatara Sri Jayewardenapura	Sri Lanka	Exeter	Comparative Literature

Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellowships

<u>Name and University</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Place of Study</u>	<u>Subject</u>
Hiremath, S C Karnatak	India	London	Biology
Jeyakumar, A V Madurai-Kamaraj	India	Warwick	Mathematics
Johnson, K W West Indies, Mona	Jamaica	Oxford	Mathematics
Khan, A K.M.M R B.U.E.T.	Bangladesh	Aston in Birmingham	Electrical Engineering
Lee Nan-Shong, Peter Chinese Hong Kong	Hong Kong	London	Chinese Studies
Lee Sing Malaysia	Malaysia	London	Plasma Physics
Leela, Phillalamarri (Miss) Andhra	India	London	Economics
Lucas, J R Moratuwa	Sri Lanka	U.M.I.S.T.	Electrical Enginee- ring
McLaughlin, Peter Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe	London	Economic History
Mak Chai Malaya	Malaysia	Birmingham	Genetics
Mehta, V R Rajasthan	India	Oxford	Political Science
Mukama, Ruth G (Miss) Makerere	Uganda	York	Linguistics
Mukherjee, J K I.I.T. Kharagpur	India	Birmingham	Metallurgy
Muktadir, M A B.U.E.T.	Bangladesh	Newcastle upon Tyne	Building Science
Nayar, V U Kerala	India	Aberystwyth	Chemistry
Ogunbona, F A Ife	Nigeria	Bath	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Okon, E D Calabar	Nigeria	Cambridge	Veterinary Medicine

Commonwealth Academic Staff Fellowships

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Place of Study</u>	<u>Subject</u>
Osiru, D S O Makerere	Uganda	Reading	Agronomy
Owolabi, D K O Ibadan	Nigeria	London	Linguistics
Oyovbaire, S E Ahmadu Bello	Nigeria	London	Political Science
Panabokke, Gunaratne Kelaniya	Sri Lanka	Lancaster	Religious Studies
Paul, Dharam Panjab	India	Strathclyde	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
Pramanik, M H A Chittagong	Bangladesh	Warwick	Physics
Raina, S N Jodhpur	India	Aberystwyth	Cytogenetics
Rasanayagam, Yogambikai (Mrs) Colombo	Sri Lanka	Cambridge	Industrial/Urban Development
Robinson, J L Guyana	Guyana	Kent	Commonwealth Literature
Sahai, Shamsher (Mrs) Saugar	India	Liverpool	Zoology
Shuaibu, M J Ahmadu Bello	Nigeria	Nottingham	Science Education
Sin Chow Yiu Hong Kong	Hong Kong	Leeds	Linguistics
Tay Wan Joo, Mary (Miss) National	Singapore	London	Linguistics
Teoh Seng Beng Malaysia	Malaysia	Cambridge	Plant Breeding
Velluppillai, Alvappillai Peradeniya	Sri Lanka	Edinburgh	Linguistics
Wanasinghe, Yapa A D S Sri Jayewardenepura	Sri Lanka	Sussex	Rural Development
Wijekoon, Sumanawathie (Mrs) Peradeniya	Sri Lanka	Rothamsted Experimental Station	Nematode Taxonomy
Yeboah, S O Cape Coast	Ghana	Nottingham	Organic Chemistry
Zahari bin Mohamed Darus National	Malaysia	Nottingham	Electronic Engineering

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Purpose/Subject of Study</u>
CANADA		
<u>Research Fellowship</u>		
Dr. John W. Humberston Lecturer, Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College, London.	United Kingdom	Tenable at York University. The main purpose was to collaborate with members of the Physics Department on calculations of posi- tion collisions with atoms. He also visited other universities where the Physics Departments are active in the above research. Dr. Humberston also gave a series of seminars at York on his present and past work.
<u>Visiting Fellowships</u>		
Professor Anthony E Bottoms Director, Centre for Criminological Studies, University of Sheffield	United Kingdom	Tenable at Simon Fraser University. The main purpose was to dialogue with Canadian teachers and scholars who are work- ing within the discipline of criminology. His visit also encouraged the exchange of research information between Canada and Britain, particularly in the areas of ecological criminology and victimo- logy.
Dr. William H. Newton- Smith Fairfax Fellow in Philosophy, Senior Tutor, Balliol, Oxford	United Kingdom	Tenable at Trent Univer- sity. This Fellow shared the teaching of a course at the honours level in the subject area of History and Philosophy of Science. He also gave an open seminar, addressed other seminars and carried on his own research work.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Country</u>	<u>Purpose/Subject of Study</u>
Mr. George A Pittman Consultant, Teaching of Language to the hearing impaired.	Australia	Tenable at McGill University. The Principal objective was to bring techniques and expertise in teaching English as a foreign language to the problems presented in the acquisition of language by hearing impaired children, especially those at pre-school level and to seek a union of speech and language acquisition at that level. This Fellow also constructed a draft language syllabus for trial with pre-school deaf children by mothers and teachers.
Dr. Elwyn J Williams Senior Lecturer in Biophysics, University of Edinburgh	United Kingdom	Tenable at Mount Allison University. The majority of this Fellow's time at Mount Allison was spent in advising on the aspects of their research programme which are closely related to Physics. He also, a) collaborated with Dalhousie University on the development of fine tip cones of scintillator plastic and small diameter geiger tubes for narrow field defection of llc, b) advised the University of New Brunswick on electrical resistance measurements on trees, and c) at Laval University aided in the population of llc and l3n for detecting their transport in plants.
Mr. Brian Wilton Lecturer in Farm Mechanization, School of Agriculture, University of Nottingham	United Kingdom	Tenable at University of Guelph. This Fellow's time was spent in indepth discussions and consultations with staff in the Animal Science and Agricultural Engineering

Name

Country

Purpose/Subject of Study

Schools who are interested in developing systems of utilizing low quality roughages or crop residues. He also advised on some of his (and other European) innovations for practical on-farm separation of whole crops.

Prestige Fellowship

NEW ZEALAND

Professor D. F. Swift
Education Studies, The
Open University United
Kingdom and founding
principal of the Open
College in Hong Kong.

United Kingdom

Administrative Award

Mr. K N Houghton
Registrar, University
of Aston in Birmingham.

United Kingdom

APPENDIX V

NOTE: In tables where they appear, figures in brackets denote the number of women included in the preceding number.

TABLE 1: NOMINATIONS INVITED BY THE AWARDING COUNTRIES.

The table shows the number, where notified, of nominations invited by the awarding countries during the reporting period. Invitations to nominate are recorded irrespective of whether the related competitions in the nominating countries fell inside or outside the period.

	AWARDING COUNTRIES														
	Australia	Britain 1982	Canada 1982	Ghana 1982	Hong Kong 1982	India 1982	Jamaica 1982	Malaysia 1982	Malta 1982	New Zealand	Nigeria 1982	Sierra Leone 1982	Sri Lanka 1982	Trinidad & Tobago 1982	
Antigua	7(A)	2	2				2			1				1	
Australia		45	10	2	4	2	2	2		3	3			1	
Bahamas	A	2	6		3		2			2				1	
Bangladesh	10(B)	40	6		3		2			2				1	
Barbados	A	4	2		2	1	2			2				1	
Belize	A	2	2		3		2			2				1	
Bermuda	A	2	2				2			2				1	
Botswana	10(C)	1	6	1	3	1	2			2				1	
Britain	12		16	2	3	3	2			5	8			1	
British Virgin Is.	A	1	2				2			1				1	
Brunei		1	2				2			2				1	
Canada	10	65		2	3	2	2			5	7			1	
Cayman Is.		1								1					
Cyprus	5(D)	6	2		3	1	2			2				1	
Dominica	A	2	2			1	2			1				1	
Falkland Is.		1	2				2			1				1	
Fiji	8(E)	1	2		3	4	2			2				1	
Gambia	C	2	2		3		2			2				1	
Ghana	C	10	6		3	1	2			2	3			1	
Gibraltar		2	2		4		2			1				1	
Grenada	A	2	2			1	2			1				1	
Guyana	A	4	6		3		2			2			5	1	
Hong Kong	D	12	6	1			2			2	2			1	
India	B	63	34	1			2			2	3			1	
Jamaica	A	8	8		3					2	2			1	
Kenya	C	9	8			2	2		1	2			1	1	
Kiribati	E	1				1	2			1			2	1	
Lesotho	C	2	4		3	1	2			2				1	
Malawi	C	4	4		4	2				2		2		1	
Malaysia	B	12	16		4	3				2	2			1	
Malta	D	3	6		3		2			2	2			1	
Mauritius	C	5	2		2	7	2			2				1	
Montserrat	A	1	2							1				1	
Nauru		1				1	2			1				1	
New Zealand	6	15	12		3	1	2				3			1	
Nigeria	C	45	8	1	3	1	2	1		2				1	
Papua New Guinea		2	6			1	2			2				1	
St. Helena		1	2							1			2	1	
St. Kitts-Nevis	A	2	2							1				1	
St. Lucia	A	2	2			1	2			1				1	
St. Vincent	A	2	2				2			1				1	
Seychelles	C	1	2			2	2			2				1	
Sierra Leone	C	8	4		3	1	2			2	2			1	
Singapore	B	10	10		3		2			2				1	
Solomon Is.	E	1	2			1	2			1				1	
Sri Lanka	B	10	8		3	2	2			2	2			1	
Swaziland	C	1	6		3	1	2			2				1	
Swaziland	C	9	6		3	2	2			2	2			1	
Tanzania	C	9	6		3	2	2			2				1	
Tonga	E	1	2			1				2				1	
Trinidad & Tobago	A	6	4		3		2			2	2				
Turks & Caicos Is.		1													
Tuvalu	E	1	2			1	2			1				1	
Uganda	C	9	4			2	2			2	2			1	
Uganda	E	1	2			1	2			1				1	
Vanuatu	E	1	2			1	2			1				1	
Western Samoa	E	2	4			1	2			1				1	
Zambia	C	4	12		3	3	2	4		2				1	
Zimbabwe	C	6	10				2							1	
TOTAL		68	457	284	10	89	56	96	7	1	97	45	2	10	54

A,B,C,D,E: Joint quotas (e.g. D shows that Cyprus, Hong Kong and Malta share a quota of 5)

TABLE 2: APPLICATIONS RECEIVED IN THE NOMINATING COUNTRIES FOR COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIPS

The table shows the number (where specified) of applications received in the nominating countries, during report year, for Commonwealth Scholarships tenable overseas.

AWARDING COUNTRIES

	Australia	Britain 1982	Canada 1982	Ghana 1982	Hong Kong 1982	India 1982	Jamaica 1982	Malaysia 1982	Malta 1982	New Zealand 1982	Nigeria 1982	Sierra Leone 1982	Sri Lanka 1982	Trinidad & Tobago 1982	Total
Antigua			2							1(1)					3(1)
Australia		88(19)	36(11)	1	1	1		1		2	2				
Bahamas		3(1)	5(2)		3(1)		1			2(2)				1	2(30)
Bangladesh		(a)	(a)							(a)					512(62)
Barbados		16(6)	26(11)		2(1)	1				2(1)				1	48(19)
Belize															
Bermuda															
Botswana		1	5		3	1	2(1)							1(1)	13(2)
Britain	76(22)		182(51)	5(2)	3(1)	10(7)	6(1)	6(3)		42(13)	5(2)	3(1)	8(3)	1	347(106)
British Virgin Is.			2(1)												2(1)
Brunei		2	2							5					9
Canada	75(30)	306(98)		1(1)	2(1)	3(1)	2			25(12)	1(1)			1(1)	416(145)
Cayman Is.															
Cyprus		68(6)	85(9)		8(1)	2	16(2)			4				1	184(18)
Dominica															
Falkland Is.															
Fiji		(b)	(b)		(b)	25(1)				26(1)				6(2)	55(8)
Gambia															
Ghana	96(6)	150(12)	210(20)		16(1)	53(3)	16(2)			24(1)	120(10)			14(2)	699(57)
Gibraltar		7													7
Grenada															
Guyana		17(5)	16(6)		17(6)					19(6)					69(23)
Hong Kong	71(9)	135(14)	77(11)				1	1		27(3)				1	314(37)
India		(a)					(a)				(a)		(a)		968(72)
Jamaica	10(3)	33(20)	56(30)		2(1)					1	4(2)				106(56)
Kenya	(a)	(a)	(a)			(a)			(a)	(a)			(a)		99(4)
Kirihari															
Lesotho															
Malawi			2		1										3
Malaysia	16(4)	15(5)	5		2					8					46(9)
Malta		63(12)	38(4)		1		1			5	2				110(16)
Mauritius		212(38)	109(16)		86(15)	148(22)				39(1)				3	597(92)
Montserrat															
Nauru															
New Zealand	10(7)	40(15)	28(12)		3(2)									2(2)	83(33)
Nigeria	27(2)	175(25)	124(9)	2	4	3	2	2		7					346(36)
Papua New Guinea			1							1					2
St. Helena															
St. Kitts-Nevis		1	3												4
St. Lucia															
St. Vincent		2(1)								1					3(1)
Seychelles		2(1)	1(1)							1					2(1)
Sierra Leone		21(7)	13(5)		5		8(1)			6				5(1)	58(14)
Singapore	3(2)	9(2)	26(10)		13(4)					11(6)					
Solomon Is.															
Sri Lanka		81(19)	84(27)		43(8)		53(12)			49(16)				12(3)	322(85)
Swaziland															
Tanzania															
Tonga		4(2)													4(2)
Trinidad & Tobago		39(33)	69(32)												108(54)
Turks & Caicos Is.															
Tuvalu															
Uganda															
Vanuatu															
Western Samoa															
Zambia	47(5)	72(8)	113(14)		21(1)	15(3)	6(1)	4		6				6	290(32)
Zimbabwe															
TOTAL	431(90)	1560(337)	1320(282)	9(3)	236(43)	262(37)	114(20)	14(3)		314(63)	134(15)	3(1)	10(4)	54(11)	6095(1055)

(a) Joint competition

(b) Joint competition for which 55(8) applications received

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TABLE 3: NOMINATIONS MADE TO THE AWARDING COUNTRIES

The table shows the number, as notified by the awarding countries, of nominations submitted to them by the nominating countries in the report year. Since invitations to nominate and the submission of nominations may occur in different reporting years, the nominations shown in this table have not necessarily been made in response to the invitations shown in Table 1.

	AWARDING COUNTRIES														
	Australia	Britain 1982	Canada 1982	Ghana 1982	Hong Kong 1982	India 1982	Jamaica 1982	Malaysia 1982	Malta 1982	New Zealand	Nigeria 1982	Sierra Leone 1982	Sri Lanka 1982	Trinidad & Tobago 1982	Total
Antigua	1		2												3
Australia		46(8)	8(2)	1	1	1		1		2	1				61(10)
Bahamas		1(1)	5(2)		2(1)		1							1	10(4)
Bangladesh	2	40(7)	6(1)							2					50(8)
Barbados		4(2)	2		2(1)	1				2(2)					11(5)
Belize															
Bermuda		1													1
Botswana		1	5			1	2(1)			2				1(1)	12(2)
Britain	13(7)		23(13)	1	1(1)	3(3)	1			5(1)	3(2)	1			51(27)
British Virgin Is.			1												1
Brunei		1								2					3
Canada	10(5)	64(18)		1(1)	2(1)	3(1)	2			7(3)	1(1)		1(1)		91(31)
Cayman Is.										1(1)					1(1)
Cyprus	5	6	4		3	2	2			2				1	25
Dominica		1	2												3
Falkland Is.															
Fiji	4	4	3		3	5				3				2	24
Gambia		6	6		5					2					19
Ghana	3(1)	12(4)	8			5	2			3(1)	2			2	37(6)
Gibraltar		2	1												3
Grenada		1	3												4
Guyana	1	3	1												5
Hong Kong		5	12(2)	6(1)						2					25(3)
India	7	62(13)	42(3)							6(1)	2				121(17)
Jamaica	1	8(5)	8(3)		1(1)		2				1				19(9)
Kenya	6(3)	9(1)	10(2)			3(1)				2			1	1	32(7)
Kiribati							1								1
Lesotho			3												3
Malawi		5	5(1)							2(1)		1(1)			13(3)
Malaysia	3(1)	13(5)	4			5(1)				3					28(7)
Malta	2	4(3)	7(2)							2					15(5)
Mauritius		8	4		2	10(1)				2			3		29(1)
Montserrat		2(1)	2												4(1)
Nauru															
New Zealand	6(2)	18(7)	17(5)		2(1)										43(15)
Nigeria	6	37(2)	8(1)	2	3	2	1	2		2					63(3)
Papua New Guinea			3												3
St. Helena															
St. Kitts-Nevis			1												1
St. Lucia															
St. Vincent		2(1)													2(1)
Seychelles		1(1)	1(1)			1									3(2)
Sierra Leone		2	3		2		1(1)			2					10(1)
Singapore	1	6(2)	3		2(1)					2(2)					14(5)
Solomon Is.	1													1(1)	2(1)
Sri Lanka	1(1)	10(5)	9(2)		3	2	2			2	1				30(8)
Swaziland															
Tanzania			6(1)			2				2(1)	1				11(2)
Tonga	3	1													4
Trinidad & Tobago		7(3)	5(1)			1									13(4)
Turks & Caicos Is.															
Tuvalu															
Uganda	2	10	4			6(1)	1(1)			5					28(2)
Vanuatu	1(1)		1												2(1)
Western Samoa							2								2
Zambia		5	16(1)		2	1(1)				3					27(2)
Zimbabwe		6	15(1)												21(1)
TOTAL	84(21)	421(91)	263(43)	5(1)	36(7)	54(9)	20(3)	3	-	70(13)	12(3)	2(1)	5(1)	9(2)	984(195)

TABLE 4: COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIPS TAKEN UP IN THE AWARDING COUNTRIES

The table shows the number (where notified) of Commonwealth Scholars who took up awards in the awarding countries in the year under report. The names of these scholars are listed alphabetically, in Appendix III, under the country in which they took up their awards.

	AWARDING COUNTRIES														
	Australia	Britain 1982	Canada 1982	Ghana 1982	Hong Kong 1982	India 1982	Jamaica 1982	Malaysia 1982	Malta 1982	New Zealand	Nigeria 1982	Sierra Leone 1982	Sri Lanka 1982	Trinidad & Tobago 1982	Total
Antigua		1 (1)	1												2 (1)
Australia		27(8)	8 (4)												35(12)
Bahamas															
Bangladesh	2	24(4)	4 (1)					1		1					32(5)
Barbados		4 (1)	2 (1)												6 (2)
Belize			2 (1)												2 (1)
Bermuda															
Botswana		4 (1)													4 (1)
Britain	4(2)		11(5)		1					2					18(7)
British Virgin Is.			1 (1)												1 (1)
Brunei			1												1
Canada	3(2)	24(11)			1(1)					1					29(14)
Cayman Is.															
Cyprus	1	5 (1)	2												8 (1)
Dominica		1 (1)	1 (1)												2 (2)
Falkland Is.		1													1
Fiji	3	5	1			3				1					13
Gambia		3	1					1							5
Ghana	3(1)	13(1)	3			2				1					22(2)
Gibraltar			1 (1)												1 (1)
Grenada		1	1												2
Guyana		2													2
Hong Kong	2	8 (1)	5 (3)												15(4)
India	2	32(7)	15(1)							2					51(8)
Jamaica		4 (2)	2 (2)												6 (4)
Kenya	3(2)	5 (1)	2			1									11(3)
Kiribati															
Lesotho		1													1
Malawi		1	2		1			1					1		6
Malaysia	3(1)	8 (4)	2			1				1					15(5)
Malta	1	5 (2)								1					7 (2)
Mauritius		5 (1)	2			6(1)		1							14(2)
Montserrat		2													2
Nauru															
New Zealand	2	7 (1)	4 (3)												13(4)
Nigeria	1	28(5)	5							2					36(5)
Papua New Guinea		1													1
St. Helena															
St. Kitts-Nevis															
St. Lucia		2													2
St. Vincent		1 (1)													1 (1)
Seychelles															
Sierra Leone		5	1 (1)												6 (1)
Singapore	1	6 (2)	2												9 (2)
Solomon Is.		1													1
Sri Lanka	1(1)	11(5)	8 (3)		1					1					22(9)
Swaziland															
Tanzania		5	7 (2)							1(1)					13(3)
Tonga		1 (1)													1 (1)
Trinidad & Tobago		3	3 (2)			1									7 (2)
Turks & Caicos Is.		1													1
Tuvalu															
Uganda	2	12(4)	3			1	1			1					20(4)
Vanuatu															
Western Samoa		1													1
Zambia		7 (1)	1			1(1)				1					10(2)
Zimbabwe		4	5 (1)												9 (1)
TOTAL	35(9)	281(67)	109(33)		4(1)	16(2)	1	4		16(1)			1		467(113)

TABLE 5: COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIPS TAKEN UP IN THE AWARDING COUNTRIES DURING THE FIVE YEARS INDICATED.

	Australia	Britain	Canada	Ghana	Hong Kong	India	Jamaica	Malaysia	Malta	New Zealand	Nigeria	Sri Lanka	Trinidad & Tobago	TOTAL
1977/78	22(9)	258(43)	87(15)	1(1)	2	28(9)	1	2	1	11(1)	3		2	418(78)
1978/79	28(10)	264(68)	84(17)	*	4(2)	25(6)		*		14(3)	*	*	1(1)	420(107)
1979/80	23(5)	218(41)	34(9)	1	3(2)	25(3)				13(8)	3	7(1)		327(69)
1980/81	36(6)	182(42)	62(13)		3	20	1(1)	1(1)	1	12	1	6(1)		325(64)
1981/82	35(9)	281(67)	109(33)		4(1)	16(2)	1	4		16(1)		1		467(113)
TOTAL	144(39)	1203(261)	376(87)	2(1)	16(5)	114(20)	3(1)	7(1)	2	66(13)	7	14(2)	3(1)	1957(431)

* No statistics received

The information given here is taken from Table 4 of the report for the respective years.

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TABLE 6: COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARSHIPS HELD IN THE AWARDING COUNTRIES:

The count was taken in the first term of the academic year beginning in the year under report.

	Australia	Britain 1982	Canada 1982	Ghana 1982	Hong Kong 1982	India 1982	Jamaica 1982	Malaysia 1982	Malta 1982	New Zealand	Nigeria 1982	Sierra Leone 1982	Sri Lanka 1982	Trinidad & Tobago 1982	Total
Antigua		1(1)	1												2(1)
Australia		55(17)	17(9)			1				1					74(26)
Bahamas		1								1(1)					2(1)
Bangladesh	6(2)	50(4)	15(2)		1			2		3					77(8)
Barbados		5(1)	3(1)												8(2)
Belize			3(1)												3(1)
Bermuda	1	1													2
Botswana		5(2)													6(2)
Britain	17(5)		29(8)		1	4(1)		1(1)		5(1)			1		58(16)
British Virgin Is.			2(1)												2(1)
Brunei			1												1
Canada	10(3)	54(20)			2(1)	2		1(1)		6(2)					75(27)
Cayman Is.															
Cyprus	1	13(3)	4							3(1)					21(4)
Dominica		2(1)	1(1)					1(1)							4(3)
Falkland Is.		1													1
Fiji	11(3)	6	2			9(1)				1					29(4)
Gambia		4	2(1)					1		2(1)				1	10(2)
Ghana	11(2)	20(1)	9			4					1			1	45(3)
Gibraltar		1	1(1)												2(1)
Grenada		2	2(1)												4(1)
Guyana	1	3				1									5
Hong Kong	7(1)	13(4)	11(3)												31(8)
India	4	71(10)	39(5)							4	1(1)				119(16)
Jamaica	9(3)	7(3)	6(4)							1(1)					22(11)
Kenya	5	12(1)	5(1)			6									28(2)
Kiribati															
Lesotho		2	1												3
Malawi		4	3		1	2		2					1		13
Malaysia	2	12(6)	4(1)			15(5)				1(1)					34(13)
Malta	4(1)	10(3)	2												16(4)
Mauritius		10(2)	4			13(1)		1	1						29(3)
Montserrat		3(1)	1												4(1)
Nauru															
New Zealand	5(2)	19(4)	11(8)			1									36(14)
Nigeria	5	50(9)	16			1								1	72(9)
Papua New Guinea		2								3					5
St. Helena															
St. Kitts-Nevis			1(1)												1(1)
St. Lucia		2													2
St. Vincent		1(1)													1(1)
Seychelles															
Sierra Leone	1	9	5(1)			1									16(1)
Singapore	4(2)	10(2)	7							1(1)					22(5)
Solomon Is.	1														1
Sri Lanka	4	27(8)	12(4)		2	4	1(1)			5(1)					55(14)
Swaziland															
Tanzania		10	9(2)			4(1)				1(1)					24(4)
Tonga	7(1)	1(1)				1									9(2)
Trinidad & Tobago		3	8(3)			1		1(1)							13(4)
Turks & Caicos Is.		1													1
Tuvalu															
Uganda	3	15(4)	7			4	1	1						1(1)	32(5)
Vanuatu															
Western Samoa	1	1													2
Zambia	2(1)	10(2)	5			4(2)				1					22(5)
Zimbabwe		9(3)	5(1)												14(4)
TOTAL	121(26)	538(114)	254(60)		7(1)	78(11)	2(1)	11(4)	1	39(11)	2(1)		2	3(1)	1059(230)

TABLE 7(a): ANALYSIS BY AGE AND SEX OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS
SHOWN IN TABLE 6 ACCORDING TO AWARDING COUNTRY

Awarding Country	Under 26	26-28	Over 28	Male	Female	Total
Australia	37	23	61	95	26	121
Britain	146	134	258	424	114	538
Canada	44	62	148	194	60	254
Hong Kong	-	3	4	6	1	7
India	23	24	31	67	11	78
Jamaica	-	1	1	1	1	2
Malaysia	1	4	6	7	4	11
Malta	1	-	-	1	-	1
New Zealand	7	14	18	28	11	39
Nigeria	-	1	1	1	1	2
Sri Lanka	-	1	1	2	-	2
Trinidad & Tobago	-	2	1	2	1	3
Total	259	269	530	828	230	1058

TABLE 7(b): ANALYSIS BY AGE AND SEX OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS SHOWN
IN TABLE 6 ACCORDING TO NOMINATING COUNTRY

Nominating Country	Under 26	26 - 29	Over 28	Male	Female	Total
Antigua			2	1	1	2
Australia	39	21	14	48	26	74
Bahamas			2	1	1	2
Bangladesh	2	29	46	69	8	77
Barbados	1	2	5	6	2	8
Belize	1		2	2	1	3
Bermuda	1		1	2		2
Botswana	2		4	4	2	6
Britain	27	20	11	42	16	58
British Virgin Is.		1	1	1	1	2
Brunei			1	1		1
Canada	39	21	15	48	27	75
Cayman Is.						
Cyprus	17		4	17	4	21
Dominica		1	3	1	3	4
Falkland Is.		1		1		1
Fiji	13	5	11	25	4	29
Gambia	1	3	6	3	2	10
Ghana	3	14	23	42	3	45
Gibraltar			2	1	1	2
Grenada		1	3	3	1	4
Guyana		1	4	5		5
Hong Kong	5	16	10	23	8	31
India	6	21	92	103	16	119
Jamaica	3	5	14	11	11	22
Kenya	5	3	20	26	2	28
Kiribati						
Lesotho			3	3		3
Malawi	1	4	8	13		13
Malaysia	6	8	20	21	13	34
Malta	6	4	6	12	4	16
Mauritius	10	5	14	26	3	29
Montserrat	1		3	3	1	4
Nauru						
New Zealand	24	6	6	22	14	36
Nigeria	10	23	39	63	9	72
Papua New Guinea	3	2		5		5
St. Helena						
St. Kitts-Nevis			1		1	1
St. Lucia	1		1	2		2
St. Vincent			1		1	1
Seychelles						
Sierra Leone	2	1	13	15	1	16
Singapore		9	13	17	5	22
Solomon Is.			1	1		1
Sri Lanka	3	14	38	41	14	55
Swaziland						
Tanzania	3	2	19	20	4	24
Tonga	5	1	3	7	2	9
Trinidad & Tobago	3	4	6	9	4	13
Turks & Caicos Is.		1		1		1
Tuvalu						
Uganda	5	15	12	27	5	32
Vanuatu						
Western Samoa			2	2		2
Zambia	3	3	16	17	5	22
Zimbabwe	8	2	4	10	4	14
TOTAL	259	269	530	828	230	1058

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TABLE 8(a): ANALYSIS BY COURSE OF STUDY OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS
SHOWN IN TABLE 6 ACCORDING TO AWARDING COUNTRY

Awarding Country	First Degree or Diploma	Second First Degree or Postgraduate Diploma	Higher Degree	Research	Other University Course	Non-University Course	Total
Australia	22	5	78	3	6	7	121
Britain	24	29	481	4	-	-	538
Canada	11	2	240	1	-	-	254
Hong Kong			7				7
India	42	2	30	2	2	-	78
Jamaica			2				2
Malaysia			11				11
Malta	1						1
New Zealand		1	37	1			39
Nigeria		1	1				2
Sri Lanka		1	1				2
Trinidad & Tobago			3				3
Total	100	41	891	11	8	7	1058

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TABLE 8(b): ANALYSIS BY COURSE OF STUDY OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS SHOWN IN TABLE 6 ACCORDING TO NOMINATING COUNTRY

Nominating Country	First degree or diploma	Second first degree or post-graduate diploma	Higher degree	Research	Other university course	Non-university course	Total
Antigua			2				2
Australia		2	71	1			74
Bahamas			2				2
Bangladesh			76		1		77
Barbados		1	7				8
Belize			3				3
Bermuda	1		1				2
Botswana	1	1	4				6
Britain			54	3	1		58
British Virgin Is.	2						2
Brunei			1				1
Canada		5	70				75
Cayman Is.							
Cyprus	17		3			1	21
Dominica	1		3				4
Falkland Is.			1				1
Fiji	13	2	11			3	29
Gambia			10				10
Ghana	5	1	39				45
Gibraltar			2				2
Grenada			4				4
Guyana	1		4				5
Hong Kong		4	27				31
India	2		114	3			119
Jamaica	3	2	17				22
Kenya	7	1	20				28
Kiribati							
Lesotho	1	1	1				3
Malawi	2	1	10				13
Malaysia	15	2	17				34
Malta	2	1	13				16
Mauritius	12		17				29
Montserrat		2	2				4
Nauru							
New Zealand			36				36
Nigeria		4	66		2		72
Papua New Guinea		1	4				5
St. Helena							
St. Kitts-Nevis		1					1
St. Lucia			2				2
St. Vincent			1				1
Seychelles							
Sierra Leone	1		14		1		16
Singapore		2	17	2			22
Solomon Is.			1				1
Sri Lanka	2	1	52				55
Swaziland							
Tanzania	2		21	1			24
Tonga	3	2	2			2	9
Trinidad & Tobago	1	1	11				13
Turks & Caicos Is.		1					1
Tuvalu							
Uganda	1		29		2		32
Vanuatu							
Western Samoa		1	1				2
Zambia	3	1	16	1	1		22
Zimbabwe	2		12				14
TOTAL	100	41	891	11	8	7	1,058

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TABLE 9(a): ANALYSIS BY SUBJECT OF STUDY OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS SHOWN IN TABLE 6
ACCORDING TO AWARDING COUNTRY

Awarding Country	Arts	Social Studies	Pure Science	Technology	Medicine	Dentistry	Agriculture and Forestry	Veterinary Science	TOTAL
Australia	15	22	34	18	7	2	17	6	121
Britain	106	95	100	135	45	3	43	11	538
Canada	51	61	43	58	-	-	31	10	254
Hong Kong	3	1	-	2	1	-	-	-	7
India	18	13	4	9	26	3	5	-	78
Jamaica		1					1		2
Malaysia	3	4	3				1		11
Malta				1					1
New Zealand	6	8	10	6			7	2	39
Nigeria			1				1		2
Sri Lanka	1	1							2
Trinidad & Tobago							3		3
TOTAL	203	206	195	229	79	8	109	29	1058

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TABLE 9(b): ANALYSIS BY SUBJECT OF STUDY OF THE COMMONWEALTH SCHOLARS SHOWN IN TABLE 6 ACCORDING TO NOMINATING COUNTRY

Nominating Country	Arts	Social Science	Pure Science	Technology	Medical	Dentistry	Agriculture and Forestry	Veterinary Science	Total
Antigua	1	1							2
Australia	28	17	14	12	2		1		74
Bahamas	1			1					2
Bangladesh	2	14	23	20	5		11	2	77
Barbados	2	2		3	1				8
Belize	1	1	1						3
Bermuda			1		1				2
Botswana	3	1		1	1				6
Britain	20	13	17	3			4	1	58
British Virgin Is.	1	1							2
Brunei							1		1
Canada	26	28	13	5	2		1		75
Cayman Is.								1	1
Cyprus	1	7	5	6			1	1	21
Dominica	2				2				4
Falkland Is.	1								1
Fiji	3	9	1	8	6		2		29
Gambia	4	3		2			1		10
Ghana	2	4	7	10	3		18	1	45
Gibraltar	1	1							2
Grenada		1	1	1			1		4
Guyana			2	2	1				5
Hong Kong	10	7	5	4	3		2		31
India	11	9	29	44	1		19	6	119
Jamaica	6	5	1	3		1	3	3	22
Kenya	4	8	3	2	3	4		4	28
Kiribati									
Lesotho	1						1	1	3
Malawi	6	5		2					13
Malaysia	8	1	5	2	14		4		34
Malta	5	4	3	2	2				16
Mauritius	7	2	2	11	4	2	1		29
Montserrat	2			2					4
Nauru									
New Zealand	11	4	14	5	1		1		36
Nigeria	3	12	13	25	13		5	1	72
Papua New Guinea	1	2	2						5
St. Helena									
St. Kitts-Nevis		1							1
St. Lucia	1						1		2
St. Vincent	1								1
Seychelles									
Sierra Leone	4	1	1	8			2		16
Singapore	4	1	1	14	2				22
Solomon Is.				1					1
Sri Lanka	7	10	17	9	4	1	3	4	55
Swaziland									
Tanzania	6	7	3	6	1		1		24
Tonga	2	1	1				4	1	9
Trinidad & Tobago		3	2	3	1		3	1	13
Turks & Caicos Is.		1							1
Tuvalu									
Uganda		11	1	9	2		8	1	32
Vanuatu									
Western Samoa	1	1							2
Zambia	2	6	4	2	4		4		22
Zimbabwe	1	1	3	1			6	2	14
TOTAL	203	206	195	229	79	8	109	29	1058

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